

Obsolescence in Software Engineering Careers

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Introduction – IQP

What is IQP?

- Interactive Qualifying Project (IQP) at WPI
- Deals with the relationship between technology and society.
- Central feature of the WPI Plan
- The goals of the Plan:
 - promote learning by doing through project work,
 - maximize student choice in designing their own educational programs,
 - ensure that students had competent as professionals, literate in the humanities and understood the societal implications of their professional work.

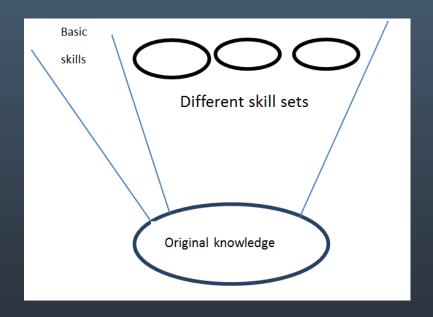
Importance of IQP

- Vital to WPI's claim to have a projectoriented program. Many colleges, including liberal arts colleges, require senior year theses in a student's major discipline.
- The IQP is the means which WPI has chosen to make science and engineering students aware of the role of their professions in society.
- The IQP is by design interdisciplinary.
- The IQP is the major element of another important pillar of the WPI educational philosophy, that is the freedom of students to make their own educational choices.
- The IQP is essential for our offcampus programs.



Introduction – Project Topic

- Software engineering is fast-moving
- Part of the skill sets obsolete every 3-5 years
- How do professionals in other fast developing technical industries deal with this issue?
- What are the best practices within SE to deal with issue?
- What can software engineers learn from them to stay up-to-date?





Introduction – Methodology





Introduction – Study Range

- Industry Overviews:13 Industries
- Interviewees: 13 total
 - Software Engineers: 7
 - Medical Professionals: 2
 - Chemical Engineer: 1
 - Game Developer: 2
 - Professional Development: 1

- Industry Investigation: 4
 - Game Development
 - Medical Industry
 - Chemical Engineering
 - Mechanical Engineering
- Company Investigation: 4
 - Mass General Hospital
 - EMC
 - Google
 - General Motors



Introduction –Value of the Project

- Recommendations for software engineering companies
- Suggestions for individual software engineers
- Example for future WPI
 Interactive Qualifying Project groups
- For us:
 - Graduation requirement
 - How to work as a group
 - How to conduct research
 - How to perform technical writing



First of All – Self-Motivation

- Interest-driven
- Companies provide resources
- Initiate opportunities



VPI Common Approaches – Internal Training

- Microsoft
 - MyLearning
 - Channel9.msdn.com
- Mass General Hospital
 - MGH Leadership Academy
- Children's Hospital Boston
 - Net Learning
 - My Yearly Report
 - Equipment Training
- General Motors
 - Technical EducationProgram



Microsoft Channel 9 Website



VPI Common Approaches – Internal Training



Delivery Modes

Leverage a variety of options

Not everybody learns the same way, or at the same pace. Some like a classroom environment, others do well with self paced methods that are easier on your time and budget. Choose from traditional classroom training (with hands on labs) or online learning where the pace of instruction is up to you. Watch for these icons when selecting your course.



Instructor-Led Training (ILT)

worldwide, by a highly qualified EMC instructor. View Facilities and Labs »



Video Instructor-Led Training (VILT) Video content of actual Instructor-Led Training (ILT) packaged in a convenient DVD format, with an intuitive navigation menu. Lecture content, simulated demos, and student materials are identical to the ILT.

Video-ILT Testimonial (EMC Customer) »



Traditional classroom training, usually with hands- Downloadable, self-paced training, generally 1 to 3 on labs, given at one of our many training centers hours in length which can be accessed directly over the Internet, or downloaded to your PC for use any



Online Instructor-Led Training (Online ILT)

A real-time interactive training experience where students access a live audio instructor session with slides. Lecture, discussion, questions and answers, and lab exercises make this a rich and flexible training experience.

Online ILT Course Participant Instructions »

- EMC
 - Education Services
- Johnson & Johnson
 - eUniversity
 - School of Personal and **Professional Development**
 - Management Education and **Development**
- Ubisoft
 - Ubisoft Campus

EMC Education Service Website



P Common Approaches – Attend Conferences

- Software Engineering
 - Splash
 - ICSE
- Chemical Engineering
 - AIChE Spring Meeting
- Game Development
 - Game DevelopersConferences (GDC)
 - Boston Post Mortem
- Nursing Industry
 - American NurseAssociation Meetings





Common Approaches – Tuition Reimbursement

- Mostly part-time
- Flexible hours
- Related to current or future jobs
- Either degree or individual classes
- Self-initiated

- Examples:
 - Microsoft
 - EMC
 - Johnson & Johnson
 - General Motors
 - Nintendo
 - MGH



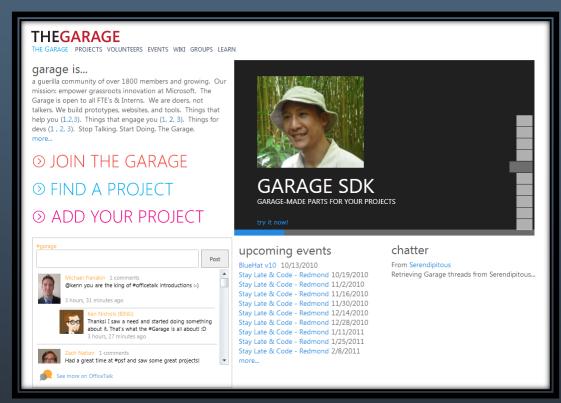
Common Approaches - Certifications

- Doctors
 - Full physician's license
 - Specific license
- Nurses
 - National Council Licensure Examination (NCLEX)
 - Registered Nurse
 - Practical Nurse
- Engineers (but not software engineers)
 - Professional Engineers License
- EMTs
- Actuaries & Accountants
- Auto Mechanics



Distinctive Strategies – Side Projects

- Microsoft
 - "The Garage"
- Google
 - "20% Time"
- 3M
 - "15% Time"



Microsoft "The Garage" Program Website



Distinctive Strategies – Stretch Goals

Stretch Goals



Work Challenge

- EMC
 - Professional knowledge reading
 - Teach a class
- IBM
 - May achieve when stretched
 - Increase difficulty





Distinctive Strategies – Rotation Program

- Tata Motors
 - All engineers rotate jobs every 3 months for 2 years
- EMC
 - Different program duration based on divisions
 - Three different functional teams
 - Training on technology and personal skills
- Google
 - Employees encouraged to switch jobs every 3 years



VPI Distinctive Strategies – News Subscriptions



- Game Industry
 - Magazines in the hallway
 - Game developer websites
 - Email news update
 - Participation in developer forums



Distinctive Strategies – Mentoring Programs

- Children's Hospital Boston
 - Experienced & new nurses collaborate for 1 year
- Microsoft Corp.
 - Central website for matching up mentors & mentees
- Fidelity Investments
 - Mentor-driven program
 - Mentor assigned for each new hire



Evaluation – Criteria

- Conclusion from previous research papers on similar topics
- Interviews & Personal Communication
- Company and Industry Investigation
 - Company website
 - Professional Organization website







- Offer Internal Training
 - Convenient, Immediate
 - Wide variety of courses
 - More helpful if job-related
- Encourage Conference Attendance
 - As shown in Table 2
 - Background research showed it was very important
 - Newest ideas and technologies can be found at them
- Facilitate Informal Presentations
 - In-building/on-site convenience
 - Great introduction to a new topic



- Create Challenging Work
 - As shown in Table 1
 - More challenge = Less obsolescence
- Reimburse Tuition
 - Encourages employees to pursue a higher degree
 - Benefits both company and employee
- Listen to Individual Initiative
 - As shown in Table 3
 - Builds self-motivation



- Organize Mentoring Program
 - Experienced employees have a lot of knowledge to share
 - Good for in-depth knowledge without a class
- Provide Rotation Program
 - Prevents engineers from getting set in a routine
 - Lets them to learn things they might not have
- Organize Side Projects
 - Engineers can work on interesting self-directed projects
 - Companies can adopt these projects



Evaluation – Recommended

- Encourage Networking
 - Opens new opportunities for learning and jobs
 - Does not directly lead to learning
- Give Freedom to Explore
 - Engineers reluctant to learn things that they aren't interested in
- Subscribe to Industry News
 - Good for introductions to new topics
 - Must go elsewhere for more in-depth learning



Evaluation – Recommended

- Conduct Annual Reviews for Professional Development
 - Provides motivation for employee
 - After a while might stretch too much
- Post Internal Jobs
 - Employees can work in positions they like more
 - No direct correlation to professional development



Evaluation – Not Recommended

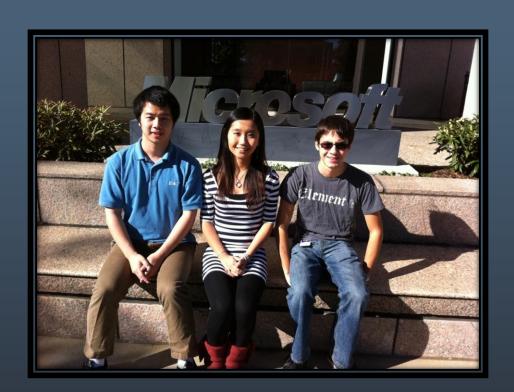
- Require Licenses
 - Can use ≠ Can create
 - Time spent on passing the exams rather than learning the materials
 - Exams might not cover fast developing fields
 - Engineers generally not like/have licenses
- Reward Professional Development
 - As shown in Table 3
 - Interviewed software engineers do not agree



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Work Challenge

Career Attribute		Obsolescence Score	
		Current Knowledge	Emerging Fields
Technical Responsibility	Limited	116.1	65.2
	Moderate	117.5	67.8
	Extensive	122.2 ¹	72.0 ²
Engineering Function	Operations/Const./ Prod.	113.8	65.0
	Sales/Mgmt./Teaching	116.9	68.7
	Design	120.5	67.3
	Research/Development	122.0 ³	70.34
Administrative Duties	Primarily Technical	120.5	68.6
	Both	118.0	68.2
	Primarily Administrative	113.4 ⁵	66.5 ⁶

Table 1: Variance between Career Attributes and Knowledge Obsolescence (Robert A. Rothman, Robert Perrucci. Vulneability to Knowledge Obsolescence among Professionals. *The Sociological Quarterly*. Spring, 1971, 12.)

Note: ${}^{1}F = 18.65, p < .001$ ${}^{2}F = 59.90, p < .001$





Attending Conferences, Join Professional Organizations

Professional Characteristics		Obsolescence Score	
		Current Knowledge	Emerging Fields
Professional Activities	Limited	111.3	61.2
	Moderate	115.9	66.4
	Extensive	123.3 ¹	72.3 ²
Achievement Orientation	Low	115.3	64.4
	Medium	116.8	67.8
	High	120.5 ³	70.24

Table 2: Analysis of Variance between Professional Characteristics and Knowledge Obsolescence

(Robert A. Rothman, Robert Perrucci. Vulneability to Knowledge Obsolescence among Professionals. *The Sociological Quarterly.* Spring, 1971, 12.)

Note: ${}^{1}F = 56.88, p < .001$ ${}^{2}F = 153.50, p < .001$

 ${}^{3}F = 23.08, p < .001$ ${}^{4}F = 49.82, p < .001$





Rewarding
Policies

Obsolescence Score Organizational Climate Current **Emerging Fields** Knowledge Seldom or Never 118.7 67.7 Frequency of Occasional Rewarding 118.7 68.5 **Professional Activity** Often 116.6^{1} 67.7^{2} None 116.9 66.8 1 to 29% 66.7 117.1 Work Force in R&D 30 to 49% 118.6 69.9 50% and more 120.93 69.7^{4} Weak **Professional Climate** 117.7 67.5 Strong 118.7^{5} 68.6^{6}

Encourage Individual Initiatives

Table 3: Analysis of Variance between Organizational Climate and Knowledge Obsolescence

(Robert A. Rothman, Robert Perrucci. Vulneability to Knowledge Obsolescence among Professionals. *The Sociological Quarterly.* Spring, 1971, 12.)

Note: ${}^{1}F = n.s.$ ${}^{2}F = n.s.$

 $^{3}F = \text{n.s.}$ $^{4}F = 6.05, p < .001$

WPI

Citations

Pictures:

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