# REDUCING THE STIGMATIZATION OF LGBT+ REFUGEES

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## A SENSITIVE MATERIAL

This presentation deals with difficult material relating to the treatment of LGBT+ minorities in hostile situations.

Worldwide, hostile attitudes towards LGBT+ identities are

### endangering people's lives.

16%

of UN Member States have legal barriers to expression of LGBT identity

59%

of countries in Africa criminalize same-sex relations



35%

of UN Member States find consensual same-sex acts illegal

~8

countries where death penalty is legal for homosexual acts

APPLY

INTERVIEW

The asylum application process is difficult and complex.

DECISION

## Fleeing countries of origin is especially difficult

for LGBT+ refugees and asylum-seekers.

#### APPLY

You may not have the support crucial to the refugee experience to start the process

### INTERNEW

You are oftentimes subjected to invasive, uncomfortable and potentially threatening questions in the interview

#### DECISION

If you don't follow the narrative that the asylum officials want to hear, you won't be approved regardless of how valid your experience is

## Relief agencies need better ways to communicate resources with LGBT+ refugees.

01

In LGBT-hostile countries, LGBT+ related advocacy is also criminalized which means no local helpservices

**02** 

sensitive information that requires privacy and anonymity

03

As LGBT+
individuals are a
refugee minority,
they also need
more specialized
resources

**ORAMis** a relief agency dedicated to connecting LGBT+ members with refuge and asylum resources.



## Goal.

Research the unique obstacles and communication issues that LGBT+ refugees and asylum-seekers face. This would inform the development of an application framework that seeks to connect refugees and asylum-seekers with crucial migration resources.

#### How we achieved our goal

01

Understand the challenges and opportunities for resettlement of LGBT+ Refugees and their access to support and resources.

02

Streamline communication channels for vulnerable LGBT+ refugees/asylum seekers to get resources while staying protected.

03

Make ORAM's Help-Line operations more efficient.

02 01 Survey LGBT+ refugees and asylum-seekers Survey and interview humanitarian workers for user experience benchmarks for their needs and considerations Insight informs the design of: 03 Design a prototype to streamline and improve communication between relief agencies (ORAM) and LGBT+ refugees/asylum-seekers

#### Our project timeline



First day

Weeks 1-4: Finish base design of application, set-up field work

Weeks 4-5: Conduct surveys and interviews, use to inform design

Weeks 5-7: Conduct surveys and interviews, finalize design and other deliverables

Week 7

#### **EVERY WEEK:**

- Develop/refine prototype based on field work responses and ORAM design reviews
- Conduct interviews + surveys and condense into Results Summary



## Understand the challenges and opportunities for resettlement of LGBT+ Refugees and their access to support and resources.

"We often had to go through resources in person to be sure the information was understood... Terms like "LGBTQ+" or "asylum" maybe not be in their regular vernacular, even if they identify with these terms."

-Surveyed Humanitarian Worker



Population Frame: People who work with these communities (humanitarian workers, advocates, government officials, etc.)

#### Surveys

- Meaningfulness of the design
- The pros and cons of existing strategies
- What do they need? Know?

#### **Interviews**

- Bring light to the perspectives of those who work in <u>advocacy work</u>
- Provide more input on the design



## Poverty and literacy stalls access to communication between relief agencies and refugees/asylum-seekers.

"...Some clients are illiterate in their own language which poses new challenges to communication and other times it is hard to find an interpreter that speaks their language."

-Project Coordinator in Refuge/Asylum Services



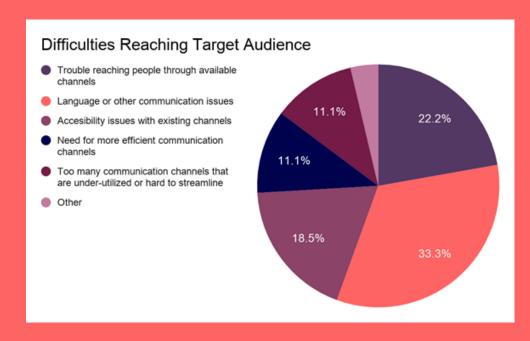
## Language barriers is the most difficult obstacle for reaching clients.

33.3%

of Humanitarians
believe language
barriers to be the
most difficult
obstacle for
reaching
refugees

"We heavily use volunteer interpreters. The majority of clients are limited English speakers."

-Former resettlement agency site director



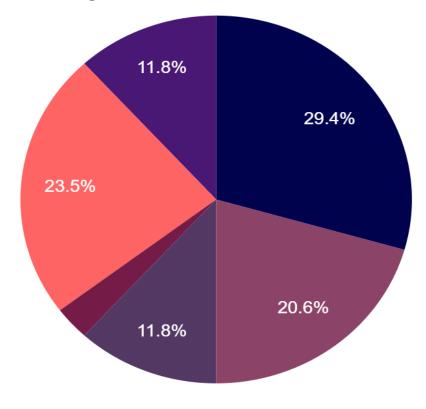


### The three top communication platforms involved either the internet or mobile devices.

Emailing, phone calling and social media were the 3 most popular!

#### Communication with People seeking Resources

- Emailing
- Phone calls
- Text messaging (sms)
- Mail correspondence
- Social Media (i.e. Facebook, whatsapp, etc.)
- Word of mouth (through marketing)





#### Summary of Biggest Findings:

Unique issues with poverty and literacy Language barriers Streamlined communication platforms



Streamline communication channels for vulnerable LGBT+ refugees/asylum seekers to get resources while staying protected.



Population Frame: Current LGBT+ identifying refugees and asylumseekers based in camps in Tijuana, Mexico, and Kenya.

#### Surveys

- User experience of the model app design
- Determine accessibility and security concerns that could prevent communication efforts
- Feedback for proposed model features



## We inferred usability insights from survey responses.

50%

of refugees
have little to
no access to
reliable
internet

86%

Use a smartphone as their primary device

30%

Don't own the device they used to take the survey



### We inferred usability insights from survey responses.

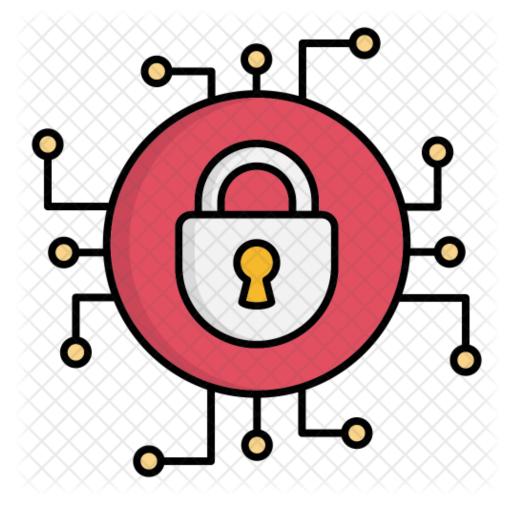
No reliable
internet
access →
accessing
internet on a
non-private
network

An app that can open on mobile is more helpful than just a desktop version

Not owning
the device
→ multiple
accesses to
the same
device's
info



Where there is accessibility issues, there are potential security concerns!



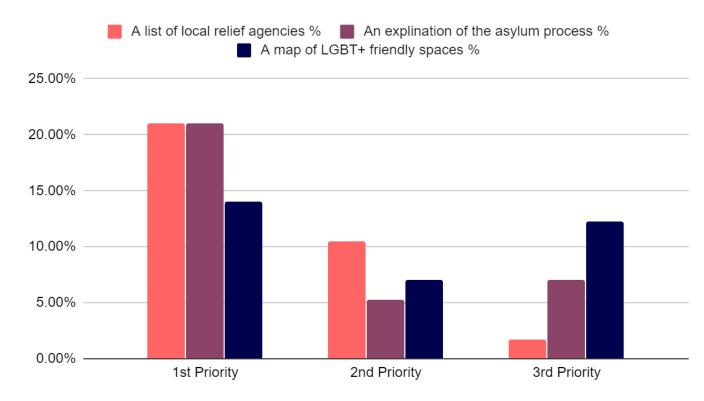


## Surveyed refugees supported our list of proposed application features.

50% of refugees find a list of local resources extremely useful

52% find and explanation of the asylum process extremely useful

55% find a map of friendly LGBT+ spaces extremely useful



How would you rank the three features of the app?



#### Summary of Biggest Findings:

Security concerns with limited accessibility
Limited accessibility poses communication barrier
Feedback on proposed features



Make ORAM's Help-Line operations more efficient.



Method: We designed a prototype to assist ORAM's communication efforts.

#### Deliverables

- Prototype of Help-Line
- Database Tool
- Documentation on humanitarian workers' perspectives and user experience feedback from refugees



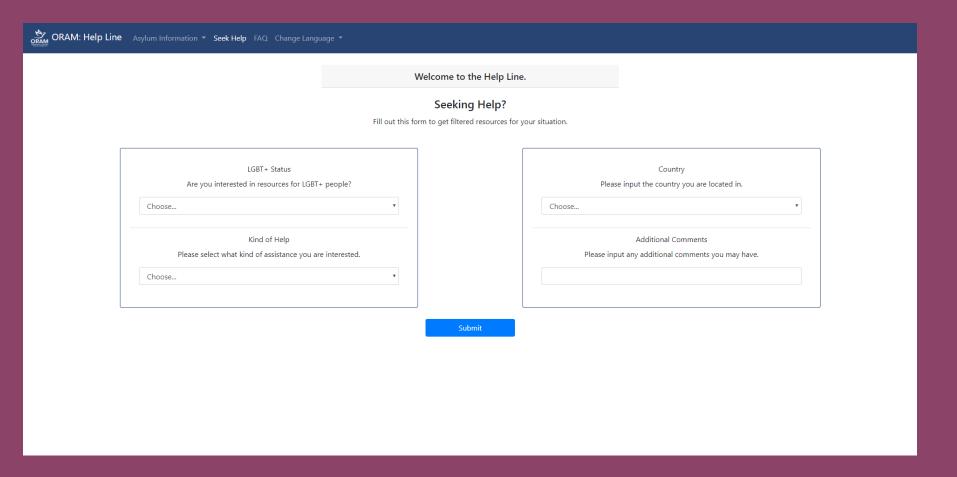
## The previous Help-Line system was an entirely manual process

- Time consuming
- Required attention to detail
- Back-and-forth communication needed
- All parts of the process were manual

Template Answers
1. The frage of the same party price received
NAME],
There you may have be coming the control of the party of the control of the contr
Many observable or specific or specific specific control of the party
Market Control of the
in [COUNTRY AND CITY] that are seen to be a seen as a se
OR
your city) (CITY)
Name: Email: Website:



### The New Help-Line is more efficient, and accessible.



ORAM: Help Line
Welcome to the Help Line.
Seeking Help?
Fill out this form to get filtered resources for your situation.
LGBT+ Status
Are you interested in resources for LGBT+ people?
Choose v
Kind of Help
Please select what kind of assistance you are interested.
Choose ▼

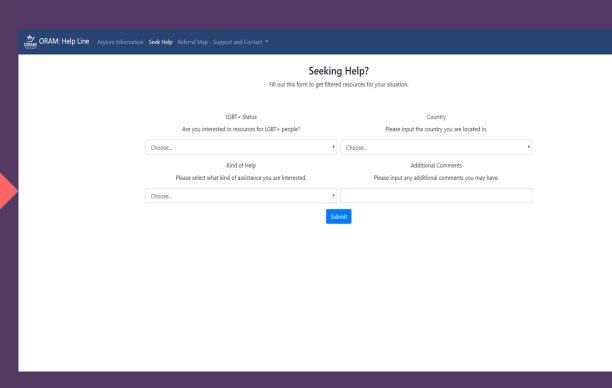
## ORAM Updates Their Excel Spreadsheet With New/Updated Information





## Information Is Sent To Be Displayed On The Website







## Summary: Web Application Prototype Database Tool

### On behalf of the LGBT+ Migrants team, thank you!