

# **Grow Up! Vertical Farm**

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# Problem

In poor urban areas, there is limited access to cheap, fresh, and healthy vegetables.

## Research

 A projected population of 9.6 billion people by 2050. Key 1 plant– Bad 2 plants– Moderate 3 plants– Good





Prototype A:

All criteria met and exceeded. 6 out of the 7 radish seeds planted grew. Prototype A produces below market price.

70% in cities by 2030.

- Stores do not stock fresh vegetables
- Consumers cannot afford fresh vegetables
- Low urban food security means higher rates of malnutrition

**Possible Foods** Peppers, herbs, lettuce, tomatoes, microgreens, strawberries, spinach.



### Prototype B:

Does not have definitive results. Projected to have identical output to A. More expensive, but theoretically easier to upkeep.







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# Conclusion

Our vertical farm output is less expensive than retail vegetables. This makes the vertical farms a feasible solution to our problem.

# Solution

An inexpensive and easy to build vertical farm for people to grow their own fresh food.

Prototype A: <u>Prototype A:</u> Manually watered string of 2liter bottles. The water can drip from bottle to bottle for easier watering.



Acknowledgements Professor Jill Rulfs (Bio and Biotech),

Prototype B: The same design as A but with a French drain system. This allows it to water itself.



## Peter Nikopoulos, Nate Morin

## Price per Pound of Various Vegetables

Prototype A

Prototype B
Market Price



References

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