



## Need

To reduce pregnancy deaths and STI related deaths in Sub-Saharan Africa.

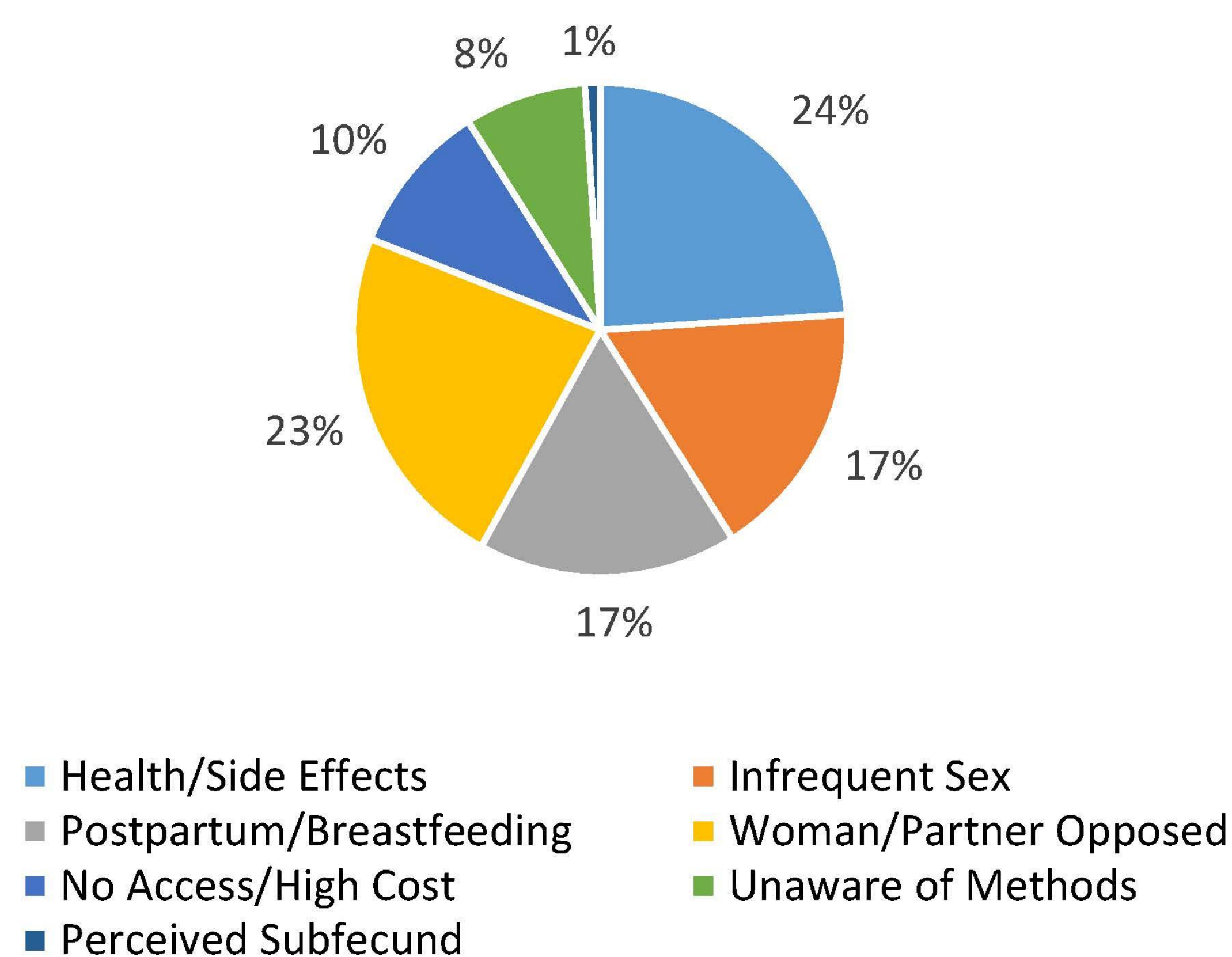
## Approach

Design a program to increase access and education about family planning for women and families in Masaka, Uganda.

## Background

- 290,000 maternal and 2.9 million newborn deaths per year <sup>(1)</sup>
- 1.5 million HIV+ women become pregnant yearly <sup>(1)</sup>
- 273,000 infants contract HIV from their mothers <sup>(1)</sup>
- 17% of married women use contraceptives <sup>(2)</sup>

### Reasons for Nonuse of Contraceptives

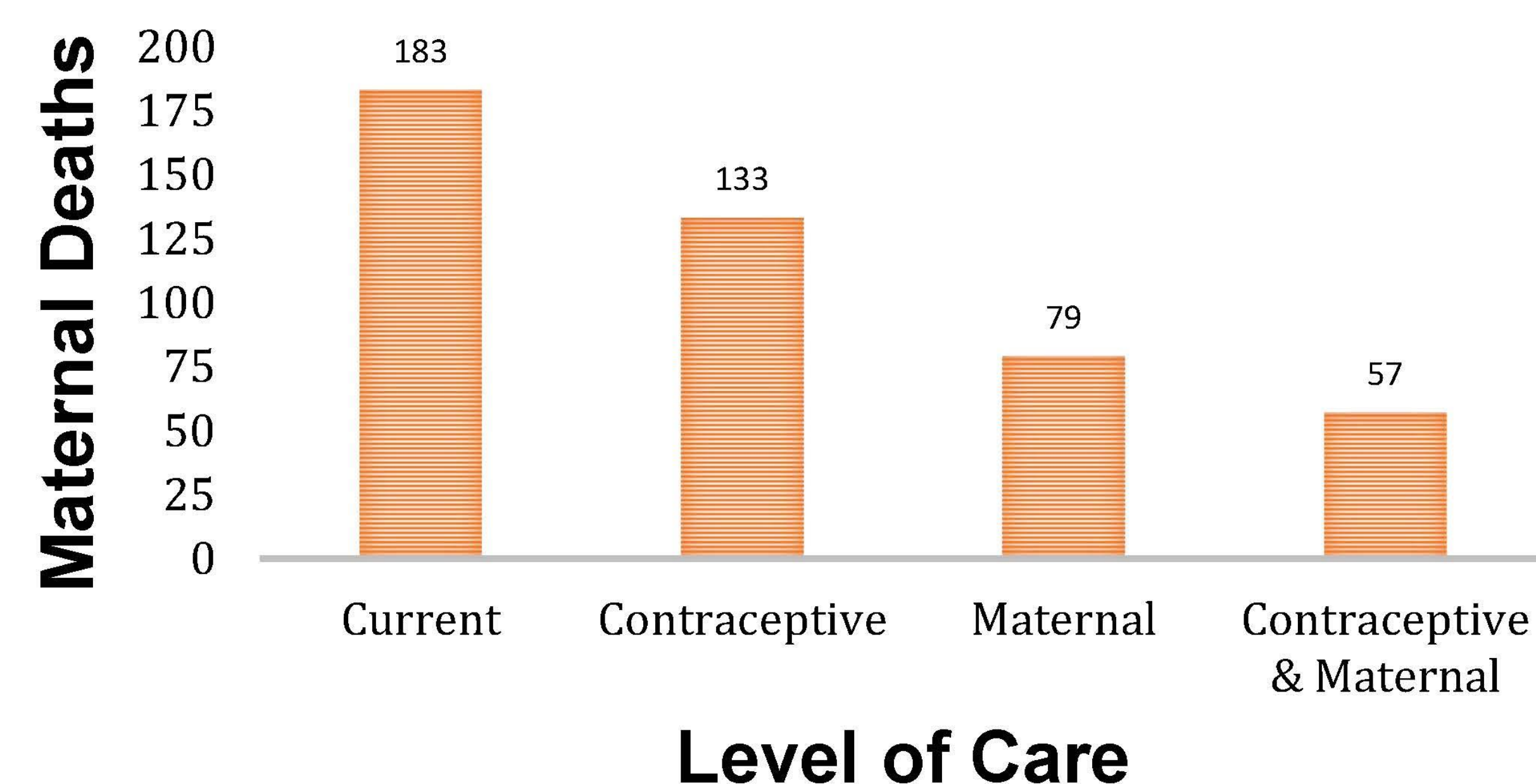


(5)

## Methods

1. Create a program for local volunteers to administer services
2. Make a contraception kit with condoms, injectables, and birth control pills
3. Provide counseling for families to help with family planning decisions

### MATERNAL DEATHS PER LEVEL OF CARE



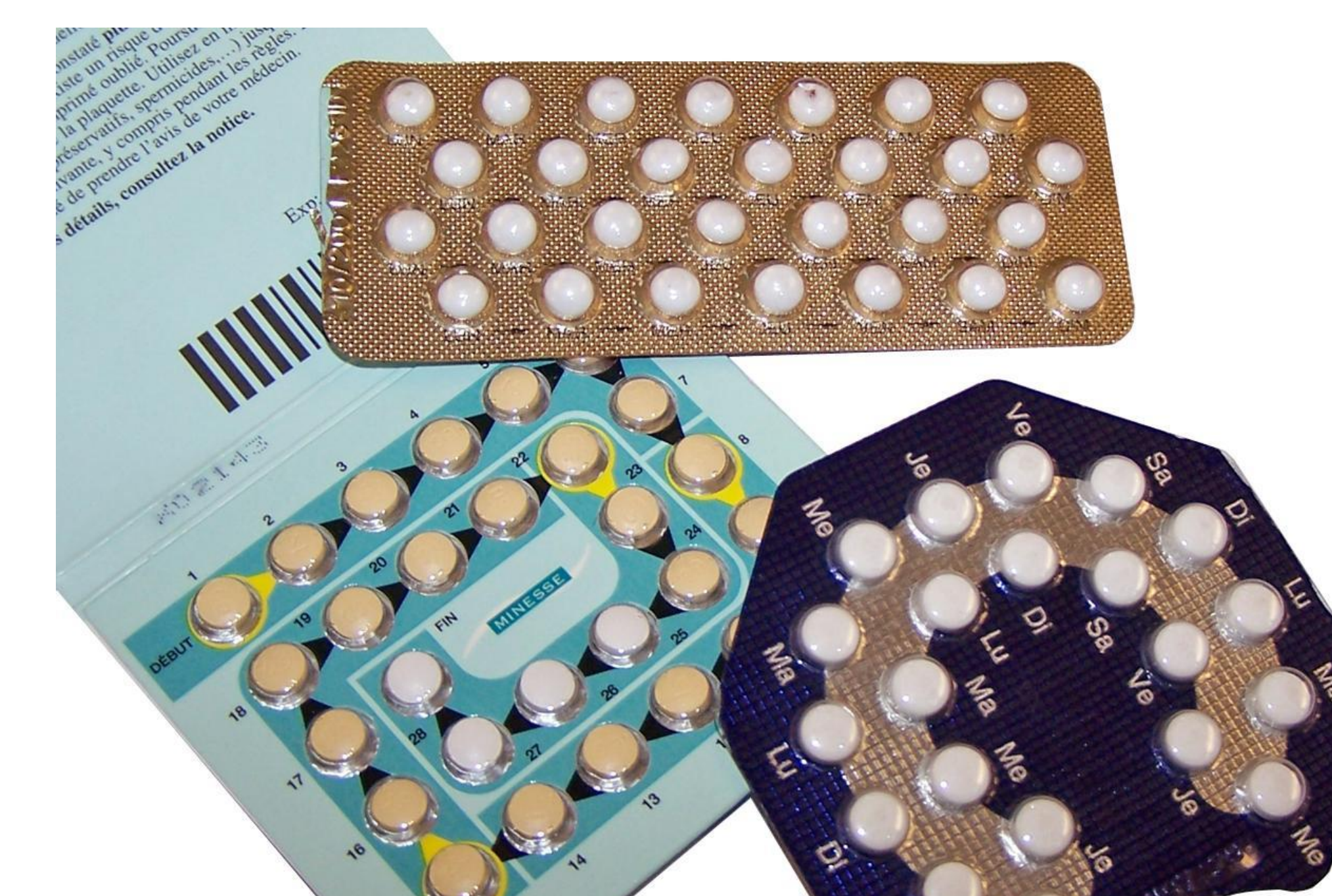
(1)

## Conclusion

- Increase in education
- Decrease in unmet need for contraception among married women
- Larger scale programs can help give women a choice when it comes to childbearing

## Anticipated Results

- 20% Increase in contraceptive use (3)
- 40% Drop in maternal mortality (5)
- 85% Decline in unplanned births/ induced abortions (5)
- \$1.52 Money saved for pregnancy care per \$1 investment (1)



Birth Control Pills

(6)

## Acknowledgements

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## References

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