

WATERPROOFS.

TO SPORTSMEN, TOURISTS, & TRAVELLERS.

EDMISTONS'

POCKET SIPHONIA, OR WATERPROOF OVERCOAT.



SOLE Manufacturers of this celebrated Garment, remarkable for its lightness and softness of texture; easily folded to carry in the Pocket or on Saddle. The advantage of this Waterproofing consists in a new patent process, effectually resisting the heat of the sun and the most violent rains, and obviating the unpleasant smell common to all other Waterproofs. Price 40s.; all silk throughout, 45s. to 55s. Measurement: length of Coat, and size round the chest, over the Coat, Stout Siphonias, 21s. to 35s. Yacht Jackets, 18s. 6d. Overalls, 10s. 6d. Reversible Alpaca Coats, from 25s. to 33s. Waterproof Dust Coats, Tweed Capes and Sleeves, and ditto Ladies' Capes and Hoods, in great variety.

"WATERPROOFS.—The lightest and most effectual is the Siphonia, made by Edmiston & Son, of 69, Strand: they may be carried in the hat or pocket."—Bell's Life, April 20, 1851.

thest soft

Knapsacks for Tourists, 18s. 6d.

WATER BEDS FOR INVALIDS,

£3 13s. 6d.; £5 5s. Od.; and £6 16s. 6d.

Inflated Hoops for Ladies' Dresses.

PORTABLE INDIA-RUBBER BOATS.

Suitable for Fishing and Shooting, in shallows at home or abroad, carried easily by one person.

MILITARY OUTFITS FOR HOME OR FOREIGN SERVICE SUPPLIED ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

Camp Boots, Gloves, Ground Sheets, Folding Bedsteads, Overland Trunks, Pack-Saddles, &c.

The attention of Officers is respectfully invited to the extensive assortment of

CAMP AND BARRACK FURNITURE.

Mahogany Chest of Drawers, in Cases, £9 9s. Wash-stand and Fittings, in Oak Tub, £5 15s.

EDMISTON & SON, 69 and 416, STRAND.

LITTLE DORRIT ADVERTISER.

NO MORE PILLS NOR ANY OTHER MEDICINE,

FOR CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION (DYSPEPSIA), NERVOUS, BILIOUS, AND LIVER COMPLAINTS, COUGH, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, & DEBILITY.

DU BARRY'S DELICIOUS REVALENTA ARABICA



SAVES fifty times its cost in other medicine, and cures the above complaints and their consequences, such as:—Flatulency, distension, acidity, heartburn, palpitation of the heart, nervous headaches, hysteria, neuralgia, deafness, noise in the head and ears, pains at the pit of the stomach and between the shoulders, erysipelas, eruptions of the stim, impurities and poverty of the blood, scrofula, cough, asthma, consumption, dropsy, rheumatism, gout, nausea and sickness during pregnancy, after eating, or at sea, low spirits, spasms, epileptic fits, spleen, general debility, inquietude, sleeplessness, involuntary blushing, paralysis, tremors, dislike to society, unfitness for study, loss of memory, delusions, vertigo, blood to the head, exhaustion, melancholy, groundless fear, indecision, wretchedness. It is, moreover, the best food of the distance of the property of the enfeebled. Supported by testimonials from the celebrated Professors of Chemistry, Dr. Andrew Ure, Dr. Shorland, Dr. Harvey, Dr. Campbell, Dr. Gattiker, Dr. Wurzer, Dr. Ingram; Lord Stuart de Decles, the Dowager Countess of Castlestuart, Major-Gen. Thomas King, and many other respectable persons, whose health had been restored by it after all other means of cure had failed.

Important Caution against the fearful dangers of spurious imitations:

The Vice-Chancellor, Sir William Page Wood, granted an injunction on the 16th March, 1854, against Alfred Hooper Nevill, for imitating "Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food." SAVES fifty times its cost in other medicine,

BARRY DU BARRY & CO., 77, REGENT STREET, LONDON.

A few out of 50,000 cures are here given:

Cure No. 71, of dyspepsia, from the Right Hon, the LORD STUART DE DECIES,—"I have derived considerable benefit from Du Barry's Revalenta Arabica Food, and consider it due to yourselves and the public to authorise the publication of these lines.

STUART DE DECIES."

Cure 52,612.—Rosstrevor, County of Down, Ireland, 9 December, 1854.

"The DOWAGER COUNTESS of CASTLESTUART feels induced, in the interest of suffering humanity, to state that Du Barry's excellent Revalenta Arabica Food has cured her, after all Medicines had failed, of Indi-gestion, bile, great nervousness and irritability of many years' standing. This Food deserves the confidence of all sufferers, and may be considered a real blessing. Enquiries will be cheerfully answered.

Gure 4, 617.

"Winchester, Dec. 3, 1847.

"Gentlemen,—I am happy to be able to inform you that the person for whom your Revalenta was procured has derived very great benefit from its use; distressing symptoms of dropsy, dyspepsia, and constipation of long standing have been removed, and a feeling of restored health induced. Having witnessed the beneficial effects in the above-mentioned case, I can with confidence recommend it, and shall have much pleasure in doing so whenever an opportunity offers, &c. &c.

JAMES SHORLAND, late Surgeon 96th Reciment."

JAMES SHORLAND, late Surgeon 96th Regiment. Cure No. 49,832.—"Fifty years' indescribable agony from dyspepsia, nervousness, asthma, cough, constination, flatulency, spasms, sickness at the stomach and vomiting, have been removed by Du Barry's excellent food.

Maria Jolly, Wortham Ling, near Diss, Norfolk."

Cure No. 47.121.—Miss Elizabeth Jacobs, of Nazing Vicarage, Walthamcross, Heris; a cure of extreme nervousness, indigestion, gatherings, low spirits, and vousness, indig

Cure 52,422. "Bridgehouse, Frimley, April 3, 185i.
"Thirty-three years' diseased lungs, spitting of blood, liver derangement, deafness, singing in the ears, constipation, debility, shortness of breath, and cough, have been removed by your Revalenta Arabica. My lungs, liver, stomach, head, and ears, are all right, my hearing perfect, and my recovery is a marvel to all my acquaintances.

JAMES ROBERTS, Wood Merchant."

Cure No. 180 .- "Twenty-five years' nervousness, constipation, indigestion, and debility, from which I have suffered great raisery, and which no medicine could remove or relieve, have been effectually cured by Du Barry's Food in a short time.

W. R. REEVES, 181, Fleet-street, London,"

No. 42,130. - Major-General King, cure of general debility and nervousness.

No. 32,814 .- Captain Allen, recording the cure of a lady from epileptic fits.

No. 24,814.-The Rev. Thomas Minster, cure of five years' nervousness, with spasms and daily vomiting.

No. 37,403.—Samuel Laxton, Esq., a cure of two years' diarrhœa.

Mr. William Martin, a cure of eight years' daily vomiting.

Richard Willoughby, Esq., a cure of many years' biliousness.

From the Venerable ARCHDEACON OF ROSS.

No. 32,836.—"Three years' excessive nervousness, with pains in my neck and left arm, and general debility which rendered my life very miserable, has been radically removed by Du Barry's health-restoring Food.

ALEX. STUART, Archdeacon of Ross, Skibbereen."

Suitably packed for all climates, and with full instructions. In canisters, 1 lb., 2s. 9d.; 2 lb., 4s. 6d.; 5 lb., 11s.; 12 lb., 22s.; Super-refined quality, 1 lb., 6s.; 2 lb., 11s.; 5 lb., 22s.; 10 lb., 33s. The 10 lb. and 12 lb. canisters are forwarded carriage free on receipt of post-office order. BARRY DU BARRY & CO., 77, Regent-street, London: FORTNUM, MASON, & CO., Purveyors to Her Majesty, 182, Piccadilly; also at 60, Gracechurch-street, 330, Strand, 63 and 150, Oxford-street.

ìd.

6d.

is the Splania y be carried in

LLERS

remarkable for to carry in the proofing emiss it of the small it smell commo oughout, 45s to d the chest, ora Jackets, 18s. 61 m 25s, to 11s and ditto Lades

es. OATS

y by one person SERVICE

steads, Over-

pertment of NITURE in Oak Tob, 25 li



TRAVELLERS' AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament. Capital, £250,000.

CHIEF OFFICES: 42 & 43, POULTRY, LONDON.

Trustees.

The Right Honourable the EARL FITZWILLIAM, K.G.

MATTHEW MARSHALL, Esq. | Sir CHARLES FOX. | WILLIAM SMEE, F.R.S.

EDWARD SOLLY, F.R.S., Managing Director.

FOR INSURING

AGAINST ACCIDENTS OF EVERY KIND;

ACCIDENTS BY SEA AND LAND; OR

RAILWAY ACCIDENTS ONLY:

AND ALSO AGAINST

DISABLEMENT FROM LOSS OF HEALTH.

CLASS OF RISK.	Annual Premium.	Insurance in case of Death.	Weekly Allowance.
* 1st.—The Public, Professional Men, Non-hazardous Lives, &c	$ \begin{cases} £ s. d, \\ 2 0 0 \\ 0 10 0 \end{cases} $		£ s. d. 5 0 0 1 0 0
* 2nd.—Engineers and Persons engaged in Constructive Operations		500 100	$\begin{array}{cccc} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 10 & 0 \end{array}$
From Railway only	0 10 0	1000	5 0 0
Loss of Health (age 21) Ditto ditto (age 20)	1 13 2 2 2 0	£100 a-vear for Permanent Disablement, £1 a-week during Temporary Illness.	

To Traders, Commercial Gentlemen, and the Public generally, the first example will afford some idea of the moderate rate of Insurance against Accidents, whether fatal or not.

Carpenters, Builders, Bricklayers, Slaters, Plumbers, and all others engaged in Constructive operations, may be insured under the second example at a reasonable rate, which may be saved out of the weekly wages by means of the Savings' Bank; thus securing the amount required to meet the annual premium at a small sacrifice.

Forms of Proposal, Prospectuses, &c., may be had on application at the Chief Office, or of any of the Local Agents.

FRANCIS COBHAM. Registrar.

SIMPS

LI

T. A. SIMPSON & Co.

(T. A. SIMPSON, FROM HOWELL, JAMES & CO.),

154, REGENT STREET,

(CORNER OF BEAK STREET,) LONDON,

AND

34, RUE DE RIVOLI, PARIS.

WEDDING AND BIRTHDAY PRESENTS.

THIS Establishment is allowed to possess the largest and choicest assortment of English and Foreign Fancy Goods, both valuable and inexpensive, consisting of Jewellery of every description, Watches, Clocks, Bronzes, Opera Glasses, Fans, Dressing and Writing Cases, Despatch Boxes, Work Tables, Caddies, Desks, Work Boxes, Reticules, Ladies' Bags, Travelling Bags, Blotting and Envelope Cases, and every description of Fancy Leather and Cabinet Goods, Pearl, Tortoiseshell, Papier Mâché, &c.; and every variety of Parisian and Foreign Novelties, admirably adapted for presentation. From the long experience of T. A. SIMPSON & Co. in the wholesale trade, apart from this Establishment, and their resources on the Continent and elsewhere, they are enabled to present to their patrons every novelty as soon as produced, of the best workmanship, combined with moderate prices, which can only be effected in such cases. T. A. SIMPSON & Co. beg to invite particular attention to their large Stock of

FRENCH CLOCKS UNDER SHADES, from £2 2s. each,

ALSO

LIBRARY, DINING, AND DRAWING-ROOM CLOCKS,

Of the newest designs, varying to £50 each.

T. A. SIMPSON & CO.'S

THREE-GUINEA LADIES' ROSEWOOD DRESSING CASES,

With Jewel Drawer and solid silver-top Bottles; also complete silver-fitted Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Cases at equally moderate prices. These are all their own manufacture, and highly recommended.

T. A. SIMPSON & CO.'S

FOUR-GUINEA GOLD WATCHES.

Four Holes Jewelled, Horizontal Escapement, Warranted. Silver ditto, £2 10s. English Watches in Gold Cases, from £10 to £30, and in Silver Cases, from £5 to £10.

SOLID COLD GUARD AND ALBERT CHAINS,

And every description of Jewellery, of the most modern designs.

T. A. SIMPSON & CO.'S

ORNAMENTS FOR THE WRITING TABLE,

In Walnut and other Woods, Papier Mâché, and Fancy Leather, in large variety.

So choice and beautiful an assortment, within the reach of all classes, is not to be equalled.

Every article marked in plain figures, from which no reduction can be made.

T. A. SIMPSON & Co.,

(LATE FUTVOYE & CO.)

154, REGENT STREET (CORNER OF BEAK STREET), LONDON,

AND

34, RUE DE RIVOLI, PARIS.

ARIN

NDON,

SMEE, FRS

);

Weekly Lowance s. d. 0 0

ally, the first example whether fatal or us.

all others engage mple at a reasonable in Bank; thus security

the Chief Office of i

CHAPMAN & HALL'S LIST OF NEW WORKS.

THE LIFE OF

CORNELIUS AGRIPPA VON NETTESHEIM, DOCTOR AND KNIGHT, COMMONLY KNOWN AS A MAGICIAN. BY HENRY MORLEY,

Author of "Palissy the Potter," "Jerome Cardan," &c. In 2 vols., post 8vo. 18s.

EIGHTEENTH CENTURY: THE

Or, Illustrations of the Manners and Customs of our Grandfathers. BY ALEXANDER ANDREWS.

In post 8vo. 9s.

[Th's day.

Til

With

"Wen

mgailer idelty at introducei Vienna, vi

esilection i Edinburgi

This v

importan

history o Logish a

"The ch

WIL

TOLON

d b that

solston d The parts of

SEVEN LECTURES ON SHAKSPEARE AND MILTON.

BY THE LATE S. T. COLERIDGE.

A List of all the MS. Emendations in Mr. Collier's Folio, 1632; and an Introductory Preface by J. PANNE COLLIER, Esq.

In demy 8vo. 12s.

DEVERELL.

A NOVEL. In 3 vols., post 8vo.

[This dayo

In November.

NEW POEM.

AURORA LEIGH. IN NINE BOOKS. BY ELIZABETH BARRETT BROWNING.

In 1 vol., crown 8vo.

DRAMATIC PIECES AND OTHER POEMS. BY BARRY CORNWALL.

Beautifully Illustrated, and printed on fine paper. In 1 vol., crown 8vo.

GIRLHOOD OF CATHERINE DE MEDICI. BY T. ADOLPHUS TROLLOPE.

In 1 vol., post 8vo.

A New Edition, being the Fourth, of

BARRETT RROWNING'S POEMS.

With numerous Additions. In 3 vols., fcap. 8vo.

CLOVER COTTAGE; OR, I CAN'T GET IN.

A NOVELETTE. By the Author of "The Falcon Family," &c. With Illustrations.

THE MILDMAYES; OR, THE CLERGYMAN'S SECRET. A STORY OF TWENTY YEARS AGO. In 3 vols., post 8vo.

THE ENGLISH OF SHAKSPERE;

Illustrated in a Philological Commentary on his Tragedy of "Julius Cæsar."

By GEORGE LILLIE CRAIK,
Professor of History and of English Literature in Queen's College, Belfast. In fcap. 8vo.

RUSSIAN POPULAR TALES.

Translated from the German Version of ANTON DIETRICH. With an Introduction by JACOB GRIMM. In fcap. 8vo.

QUEEN ELEANOR'S VENGEANCE, & OTHER POEMS. By W. C. BENNETT.

Fcap. 8vo. 3s. 6d.

LONDON: CHAPMAN AND HALL, 193, PICCADILLY.

PUBLICATIONS FOR NOVEMBER, 1856.

On Thursday, the 20th inst., price 4d., The

HOUSEHOLD WORDS ALMANACK FOR 1857.

Containing 28 pages, stitched.

HOUSEHOLD WORDS OFFICE, 16, WELLINGTON STREET NORTH, STRAND.

On the 1st., price 2s. 6d.,

PUNCH'S POCKET-BOOK FOR 1857.

With a Coloured Plate (Dressing for the Ball in 1857) by John Leech, and numerous Woodcuts by John Leech and John Tenniel.

PUNCH OFFICE, 85, FLEET STREET.

Now ready, in imperial folio, with upwards of fifty folio plates, price 61.6s., half-bound in morocco, The

FERNS OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND,

NATURE-PRINTED BY HENRY BRADBURY.

With full descriptions of the Indigenous Species and Varieties, by THOS. MOORE, F.L.S., and edited by Dr. LINDLEY.

"We must take this opportunity to recommend to our botanical readers, and indeed to the public generally, the magnificent publication which stands amongst others at the head of this article, and which represents, with the fidelity and beauty of Nature herself, the Ferns of Great Britain and Ireland. Mr. Bradburg has successfully introduced into this work the peculiar mode of Nature-Printing first practised in the Imperial Printing-Office at Vienna, which is by far the most accurate and pleasing method of obtaining the portraits of botanical specimens. The Collection is in the highest degree interesting, and forms a complete manual of the Ferns peculiar to these islands."—

Edinburgh Review, October, 1856.

On the 1st, price 2s., Part 44 of the

CYCLOPÆDIA OF BIOGRAPHY:

OR THIRD DIVISION OF THE ENGLISH CYCLOPÆDIA.

CONDUCTED BY CHARLES KNIGHT.

This will form the most complete Biographical Dictionary extant, possessing the new and most important feature—in addition to presenting a large amount of information connected with the history of distinguished men of ancient and modern times,—of giving notices of living persons, English and Foreign, of contemporary celebrity.

"The cheapness and excellence of this Cyclopsedia will secure to it wide circulation and a permanent position. The introduction of the names of living persons makes the work more valuable and attractive. The Cyclopsedie, as a whole, is admirably written, and considering the very large number of mistakes usually found in the biographical dictionaries published in this country, will become remarkable for its correctness."—Examiner.

On the 1st, price 1s., with Steel Plates, &c., Part XI. of the

POPULAR HISTORY OF ENGLAND.

AN ILLUSTRATED HISTORY OF SOCIETY AND GOVERNMENT FROM THE EARLIEST PERIOD TO OUR OWN TIMES.

By CHARLES KNIGHT.

VOLUME I. of the Popular History of England (from the Invasion of Cæsar to the end of the reign of Edward III.) is now published, with eight Steel Plates and numerous Woodcuts, in handsome cloth binding, price 9s.

"The parts of Mr. Charles Knight's admirable 'History of England' issued up to this date, have now formed the first volume, which covers the period between Casar's Invasion and the end of the reign of Edward III.

We heartly recommend it as a popular family history, neither too short nor too long, neither too pretentious not on unpretending, which deserves a velcome into thousands of our households. It written in a wise, liberal spirit, telling the tale of the past in the way most likely to instruct men as to the present, and speaking not only of wars and dynasties, but of the growth of civilisation. Many of its descriptions are assisted by the woodcuts, which are plentifully scattered through its pages. The book is the best thing of its kind that has been yet prodessed, and it is of a kind much needed."—Examiner.

BRADBURY AND EVANS, 11, BOUVERIE STREET.

E Dis

I I I

D MILLI

[filiting

[This is,

300K8

OEMS.

MEDICI

IN.

SECRE

a." In hop, fro.

ES.

HIK IV

ADILLY



BOUSE

THE STORE

equal to from sm

IMP0

To present

to the gentle

New Label for (a, is 100 H

joined is a S label, as it ap

The whole

in bassparent

AND OF T

BONNETS

GLACE &

MOURNI

J. & I

THE PUBLICAER of the Mars designed and arranged under the superintendence of the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge has prepared for use in Harrow School, by the desire of the Head and other Masters,

HARROW ATLAS THE

GEOGRAPHY, MODERN

SELECTED FROM THE MAPS PUBLISHED UNDER THE SUPERINTENDENCE OF THE SOCIETY FOR THE DIFFUSION OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE.

29 MAPS, with INDEX. Price 12s. 6d. cloth lettered. Also,

HARROW ATLAS THE JUNIOR

GEOGRAPHY. MODERN

14 MAPS, with INDEX. Price 7s. cloth.

MAPS. AND ATLASES

DESIGNED AND ARRANGED UNDER THE SUPERINTENDENCE OF

THE SOCIETY FOR THE DIFFUSION OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE,

With the latest Corrections by Eminent Geographers.

COMPLETE ATLAS. THE

Containing 163 Maps, 52 Plans of Towns, and Six Star Maps, with Index to more than 25,000 Places. In One Vol., half-russia, £9 10s.; or in Two Vols., half-morocco, £10.

Smaller Atlases-One, Three, Five, and Seven Guineas.

Single Maps, Plain, Sixpence; Coloured, Ninepence.

The Publishers with confidence assert that the Public have not in any other Atlases so large a number of Maps, at so moderate a price. To meet the requirements of the age, the Maps have been issued singly as well as in Atlases, and a most extensive sale has been the result, enabling the Proprietors to keep them in the highest state of accuracy, and, when necessary, to add New Maps. London has been engraved three times since the original Plan was published; lately has been issued an entirely New Map of the Australian Colonies, showing the Gold Regions of Australian, its Divisions in Counties, the Distances by Sea to the most important Parts of the Globe; and in the Maps which contain the whole or any part of the Arctic Regions, the latest Discoveries have been inserted.

A Complete List of the MAPS and PLANS will be forwarded free by post, on application to the Publisher,

EDWARD STANFORD, 6, CHARING CROSS, LONDON; Or to GEORGE ROUTLEDGE & Co., Farringdon Street. Glasgow-RICHARD GRIFFIN & Co. Dublin-M'GLASHAN & GILL.

Immediately will be published,

THE PARAGREENS

ON A VISIT TO THE PARIS UNIVERSAL EXHIBITION.

By the Author of "LORENZO BENONI," and "DOCTOR ANTONIO."

WITH ILLUSTRATIONS BY JOHN LEECH.

EDINBURGH: THOMAS CONSTABLE & CO. LONDON: HAMILTON, ADAMS, & CO.

THE SUCCESSFUL RESULTS of the last HALF CENTURY have proved beyond question that

ROWLANDS' MACASSAR OIL

possesses peculiarly nourishing powers in the Growth, Restoration, and Improvement of the Human Hair. In the Growth of the Beard, Whiskers, and Mustachios, it is unfailing in its stimulative operation. For Children it is especially recommended, as forming the basis of a beautiful head of hair. Price 3s. 6d.; 7s.; Family Bottles (equal to four small), 10s. 6d.; and double that size, 21s.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

dence of the San

arrow School, by

ENCE OF THE

WLEDGE,

nore than 25,000

arge a number of Ma and singly as not a con in the highest side

nes since the original owing the Gold Repo ne Globe; and in the l

n inserted. by Post, on spile

LONDON; -RICHARD GER

288.

ed.

To prevent the substitution of Spurious Imitations for the genuine article by unprincipled Shopkeepers, a New Label from Steel, by Messrs. Perkins, Bacon, and Co., is now used, which cannot be forged. The subjoined is a small copy in outline of a portion of the Label, as it appears round the bottle.



Another portion contains the Signature of the Proprietors, in red ink,

"A. ROWLAND & SONS,"

The whole, with the exception of the profile of Her Majesty the Queen, being covered with a lace work pattern in transparent colourless ink. Sold at 20, HATTON GARDEN, London, and by Chemists and Perfumers.



FASHIONABLE PARISIAN BONNETS.

IN THE BEST TASTE, BY FIRST-RATE ARTISTES.

The Caspiato packs in a box 2 inches deep, it is made of all materials, and fully trimmed.—Price as above.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SELF-MEASUREMENT SENT POST-FREE.

J. & E. SMITH, 151, REGENT STREET,

OPPOSITE BEAK STREET, LONDON.

THE GENTLEMEN'S REAL HEAD OF HAIR, OR INVISIBLE PERUKE.—The principle upon which this Peruke is made is so superior to everything yet produced, that the Manufacturer invites the honour of a visit from the Sceptic and the Connoiseur, that one may of convinced, and the other graiffed, by inspecting this and other overland beautiful specimens of the Perruqueian Art at the Establishment of the Sole Inventor, F. BEOWNE. 47, FENCHURCH-STREET.

F. BROWNE'S INFALLIBLE MODE OF MEASURING THE HEAD.

THE CHARGE FOR THIS UNIQUE HEAD OF HAIR ONLY £1 10s.



Now ready, price 1s., a New Edition of

LECTURES. MRS. CAUDLE'S

BY DOUGLAS JERROLD.

Also, price 2s., a New Edition of

KSTONE. COMIC

BY GILBERT ABBOTT A BECKETT.

WITH ILLUSTRATIONS BY GEORGE CRUIKSHANK.

BRADBURY AND EVANS, 11, BOUVERIE STREET.

Now ready, Parts I. and II., price One Shilling,

Containing Three Maps, Four Pages of Letterpress each, and a beautifully Engraved Title-page.

PHILIPS'

ATLAS FAMILY

PHYSICAL AND GENERAL GEOGRAPHY.

Accompanied by Illustrative Letterpress, describing the Climate, Soil, Resources, and Chief Natural Productions, of each Country.

WITH A COPIOUS CONSULTING INDEX.

EDITED BY

WILLIAM HUGHES, F.R.G.S.,

AUTHOR OF "A MANUAL OF GEOGRAPHY," &c. &c. &c.

The Work will appear in Monthly Parts, each containing THREE MAPS, Imperial Quarto, BEAUTIFULLY PRINTED IN COLOURS, and Four Pages of Descriptive Letterpress, stitched in a neat Wrapper, PRICE ONE SHILLING. To be completed in Twenty Parts.

LONDON: PUBLISHED BY GEORGE PHILIP & SON, 32, FLEET STREET, AND 51, SOUTH CASTLE STREET, LIVERPOOL;

OLIVER & BOYD, Edinburgh; WILLIAM ROBERTSON, Dublin; and all Booksellers.



CIVE PERFECT FREEDOM FROM COUGHS IN TEN MINUTES,

AND INSTANT RELIEF AND A RAPID CURE OF ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL DISORDERS OF THE BREATH AND LUNGS.

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA.

From Mr. WILLIAM J. DALE, Chemist, 65, Queen Street, Portsea.

Gertlemen—From the immense sale I have had of Dr. Locock's Pulmonic Wafers throughout this populous locality, I must do you the justice to say that I consider them invaluable for coughs, colds, asthma, &c., and the overflowing testimony I have received voluntarily from all classes who have benefitted by their virtues, fully warrants me in stating the above.

(Signed) W. J. DALE. me in stating the above.

The particulars of hundreds of Cures may be had from every Agent.

TO SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS they are invaluable, as in a few hours they remove all hoarseness, and wonderfully increase the power and flexibility of the voice.

THEY HAVE A PLEASANT TASTE. Price 1s. 13d., 2s. 9d., and 11s. per box.

Sold by all Chemists and Medicine Vendors.

For making h age of Her Numerity,

food for In excellent for

For more to purest farin delicate (1) colds and i is an excel

Sold by

OF

EXHIBITION O

MEDAL

THE BEST FOOD FOR CHILDREN, INVALIDS, AND OTHERS.

ROBINSON'S PATENT BARLEY,

For making superior BARLEY WATER in Fifteen minutes, has not only obtained the patronage of Her Majesty and the Royal Family, but has become of general use to every class of the community, and is acknowledged to stand unrivalled as an eminently pure, nutritious, and light food for Infants and Invalids; much approved for making a delicious Custard Pudding, and excellent for thickening Broths or Soups.

ROBINSON'S PATENT GROATS

For more than thirty years have been held in constant and increasing public estimation as the purest farine of the oat, and as the best and most valuable preparation for making a pure and delicate GRUEL, which forms a light and nutritious supper for the aged, is a popular recipe for colds and influenza, is of general use in the sick-chamber, and alternately with the Patent Barley is an excellent food for Infants and Children.

Prepared only by the Patentees,

ROBINSON, BELLVILLE, AND CO.

PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,

64. RED LION STREET, HOLBORN, LONDON.

Sold by all respectable Grocers, Druggists, and others in Town and Country, in Packets of 6d. and 1s.; and Family Canisters, at 2s., 5s., and 10s. each.

PRIZE MEDAL EXHIBITION OF ALL NATIONS-LONDON, 1851.

ANK.

Engrand Them

limate, Sel.

Imperial Quarta ine Letterposs

wenty Ports.

N. MINUTES ORDERS OF E

throughout this pos

s they remove at last

untry.



PRIZE MEDAL EXHIBITION OF ALL NATIONS—PARIS, 1855.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

A FFECTIONS OF THE LUNGS are the prevailing Diseases of the English climate, and the thousands who are now suffering from Asthma, Coughs, Incipient Consumption, and other Pulmonary Maladies, would at once be relieved, and by perseverance entirely cured, by adopting "KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES," which are perfectly free from all deleterious ingredients, and during the fifty years of their uninterrupted celebrity, have never been known to fail.

Prepared and sold in boxes, 1s. 14d., and Tins, 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 10s. 6d. each, by Thomas Kratine, Chemist, &c., 79, St. Paul's Churchyard, London. Retail by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors in the World.

N.B.—To prevent spurious imitation, please to observe that the words "KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES" are engrayen on the Government Stamp of each Box, without which none are genuine.

BANK OF DEPOSIT, No. 3, Pall Mall East, London.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1844.

DARTIES desirous of Investing Money are requested to examine the plan of the Bank of Drostr. Prospectuses and Forms for opening accounts sent free on application.

PETER MORRISON, Managing Director.

DISORDERS OF THE THROAT, ISORDERS OF THE THROAT, to merit the name, and to be fitted for its important trust of promoting free and healthy respiration, while soothing the windpipe and lungs, ought to be constructed with elaborate care, and be composed only of such metals as are the most perfect heat conductors. If it be true that any Medical Practitioners recommend as Respirators articles of non-conducting matter, as cork, charcoal, sponge, or cloth, or of badly-conducting metals, as perforated zinc, or pewter (plated or gilded), it can only be done from a want of reflection. The original instruments for which Mr. Jeffreys introduced the name "Respirator," and which have given to it its wide-spread reputation, are procurable of the Agents, Chemists, and instrument Makers throughout the kingdom. Wholesale Office, 25, Bucklersbury, London. Mr. JAMES E. PERCIVAL, Manager.

FRAMPTON'S PILL OF HEALTH.

Price 1s. 11d. and 2s. 9d. per box.

THE manifold advantages to the heads of families from the possession of a Medicine of known efficacy, that may be resorted to with confidence, and used with success in cases of temporary sickness, occurring in families more or less every day, are so obvious to all, that no question can be raised of its IMPORTANCE to every housekeeper in the kingdom. For Females these Pills are truly excellent, removing all obstructions, the distressing headache so very prevalent with the sex, depression of spirits, dulness of sight, nervous affections, blotches, pimples, and sallowness of the skin, and produce a healthy complexion. Sold by Prour and Harsant, 229, Strand, London, and all Medicine Vendors.

Medicine Vendors.

GOWLAND'S LOTION

For the Complexion.

TRAVELLERS and all persons exposed to the weather at this variable season will immediately on the application of this celebrated Herbal Preparation, experience its extraordinary genial qualities. It produces and sustains

GREAT PURITY, DELICACY, AND

REAT PURITY, DELICACY, AND VICACITY OF COMPLEXION,

VICACITY OF COMPLEXION, removes freckles, spots and pinmples, and promotes healthy action and elasticity of the skin. Its soothing and restorative qualities in cases of relaxed or irritable state of the skin are unrivalled.

CAUTION.—Observe the name of the Proprietor, E. C. BOURNE, 19, LAMB'S CONDUIT STREET, engraved on the Government Stamp.
Sold by all Chemists and Perfumers. Price, halfpints, 2s. 9d.; Pints, 5s. 6d.; quarts, 8s. 6d.

DICTORIAL EDITION OF MAT-

THEW HENRY'S COMMENTARY. Rs. Issus.—Now publishing, in Three halfpenny Numbers and Shilling Parts, this most attractive and complete of all the Editions. Unabridged and Supplemented: 750 and Shilling Fatts, and all the Editions. Unabridged and Supplemented: 750 Illustrations. A Prospectus and Specimen Page posted free to any address for one stamp. Parts I. and II, now ready. London: Partriboe & Co., Paternoster-



THE LOSS OF HAIR.

NE of the most annoying proofs of the inroads of ruthless time has been most successfully supplied by OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA, which has been no less remarkable than important to thousands who have experienced its powerful effects in encouraging or reproducing a fine growth of hair. Oldridge's Balm produces a beautiful curl, frees the hair from scurf, and the first application stops the falling off, 3s. 6d., 6s., and 11s. per bottle; no other prices are genuine.—13, Wellington Street North, Strand.



Politics, Literature, Art, Life, and Manners of Our Time.



POLITICAL LITERARY REVIEW. AND

Published EVERY SATURDAY in time for the Early Morning Mails, and sold by all News-Agents, or may be had direct from the Publisher. Price, Unstamped, Fivepence; Stamped, Sixpence.

LONDON: ALFRED EDMUND GALLOWAY, 352, STRAND.

And an alice TH h orier than

For each of If it be an at materials with For the Plain

Cherical 85

femaly the

à la Bedonin Artist in Flo

Comprises e

Comprises one in Triaming Omprises en Jackets, Steen

Which is made on Moning lay and Smith offil man which they examine

A Seed Man Property of the Control o of Fores, tare) TAY &

THE SPONSALIA,

246. REGENT STREET

(OPPOSITE HANOVER CHAPEL).

ND

HAVING organized a system of business which has given extreme satisfaction to the Patrons of their house, they invite public attention to the leading features in the plan, and to their explanatory outline of the Departments into which the business is divided.

THE VISITOR

To their Establishment is invited to an inspection of the various Manufactures exhibited for sale, but on no pretence whatever importuned to make a purchase.

SHOULD A PURCHASE BE MADE.

And an alteration of opinion take place, an exchange will with pleasure be made.

THE PRICES ARE MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES,

In order that the Purchaser may see there is but one uniform mode of making a charge.

SOMETHING NEW

For each of the Fancy Departments of their house, it is the great aim and endeavour of JAY & SMITH to obtain. If it be an article of but few shillings value, it must be new, lady-like, and different to the great mass of cheap materials which become a livery throughout the kingdom.

THE BEST FABRICS

For the Plain Departments of their house are secured by a reliance upon Manufacturers of established reputation. Chemical science and mechanical skill having given the same finish and appearance to worthless goods which were formerly the distinguishing features in meritorious fabrication, the judgment of a Buyer is effectually set at naught.

THE DEPARTMENTS

Are arranged under separate heads; and the energetic rivalry displayed by each manager is productive of the happiest results. Goods of the most beautiful kind, and in charming variety, are selected; and the desires of the Customer are responded to with the greatest attention.

THE MANTLE DEPARTMENT
Comprises every description of Mantle in Silk, Velvet, Cashmere, and Cloth; the great novelty being the Bernous à la Bedouin, introduced by JAY & SMITH.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT
Comprises every description of Bonnets, Caps, Head Dresses, Hair Ornaments, and Artificial Flowers. A Foreign
Artist in Flowers is employed on the premises.

THE DRESS DEPARTMENT

Comprises every description of made-up Skirt for Full Dress, Evening Dress, or the Promenade. A great novelty in Triuming has been patented by JAY & SMITH, and will be ready in a few days.

THE LACE DEPARTMENT

Comprises every description of British and Foreign Lace, Muslin Works, and Cambric Handkerchiefs. Mantles,

Jackets, Sleeves, Scarfs, and Squares in Lace and Muslin. The Spanish Mantilla is the great novelty.

THE OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT,

Which is under the management of a talented woman, comprises every description of underclothing for ladies, made up. Morning Wrappers, Dressing Gowns. &c. Sea Island Long Cloths and Calicose have been made expressly for Jay and Smith. They rival the ancient cotton fabries of India, and are a valuable addition to those exclusive and beautiful manufactures which they have collected with the view of rendering their house celebrated for the style in which they execute

WEDDING OUTFITS AND OUTFITS TO INDIA.

An Explanatory Book will be sent post-free on application.

T the suggestion of many distinguished connoisseurs in Oriental Art, the India A T the suggestion of many distinguished combolsseurs in Uriental Art, the India Shawl Manufactures of Delhi and Decca have now been added to the magnificent variety of beausiful woosen materials which Jay & Smith employ in the manufacture of their celebrated ARAB CLOAKS. The Models, brought from the East by a Noble Family, and kindly presented to Jay & Smith for imitation, have been strictly adhered to; and it is to this circumstance that the great success of their introduction is attributable, for any deminution in size to create a low price effectually puts an end to that graceful and becoming character, which is acknowledged to be the distinguishing charm. An elegant appendage to the Bernous has been invented and patented by Jay & Smith, under the title of LORICA MILITARIS, or the MILITARY FRONTLET, to be used with the cloak or not, at pleasure, highly ornamental and extremely comfortable in cold weather. Illustrations of the three different modes of wearing the Bernous, also a book explanatory of the Outsitting and other Departments of the house, will be sent free on application. Velvet Mantles, Opera Cloaks, Cloth Cloaks, Millinery, Dresses, Lace, Muslin Works, and Flowers, have just been received from Paris in great variety.

JAY & SMITH THE SPONKSATIA 246 RECENT STREET

JAY & SMITH, THE SPONSALIA, 246, REGENT STREET.

F HAIR ring proofs of the been most snowship M OF COLURN Me than important its powerful effects prowith of heir. Of curl, frees the hi

stops the faller of no other pros in orth, Strand

TION OF

COMMENTARI Three full jets in Attractive and con and Supriscess an

LUBIN

ACTORS

RINE

Mr. Jorg nis and Sin of white

id Str. N

N.S

ime.

5/6

EW.

gents, or may

GROOMBRIDGE AND SONS' LIST OF NEW BOOKS.

Post 8vo, price 6s. 6d.,

SELF AND SELF-SACRIFICE;

Or, NELLY'S STORY.

BY ANNA LISLE.

Fifth Edition, Illustrated, price 6s.,

THE VALE OF CEDARS;

A STORY OF SPAIN IN THE FIFTEENTH CENTURY.

BY GRACE AGUILAR.

Fcap. 8vo, Illustrated, price 3s. 6d.,

THE BOOK OF THE AQUARIUM AND WATER CABINET.

BY SHIRLEY HIBBERD.

Price 1s. 6d., Illustrated,

THE SEA-SIDE LESSON-BOOK

ON THE COMMON THINGS OF THE SEA COAST.

BY H. G. ADAMS.

GROOMBRIDGE AND SONS, PUBLISHERS, 5, PATERNOSTER ROW.

SANGSTERS' SILK AND ALPACA UMBRELLAS, on fox's paragon frames.



IT is impossible to enumerate all the little contrivances that have helped to bring about increased longevity, such, for example, as the Umbrella, which was so much ridiculed on its first introduction, and is now such a universal friend. Vide Times, January 11th, 1856.

The advantages presented by the Umbrella over the various waterproof garments now admitted to be so injurious to the health of the wearer, are shown by the greatly increased demand for them, the consumption of Alpaca Umbrellas alone being now upwards of a quarter of a million annually.

From the experience of the last few years, W. & J. SANGSTER are so convinced of the superiority of the Paragon Frames, that they continue to repair, if necessary, without any charge, all that may be purchased at any of their Establishments, viz.



140, REGENT STREET; 10, ROYAL EXCHANGE;
94, FLEET STREET; 75, CHEAPSIDE.
SHIPPERS SUPPLIED.

F NEW BOI

RIFICE

RS; CENTURY.

AND WIL

-BOOK

NOSTER ROW.

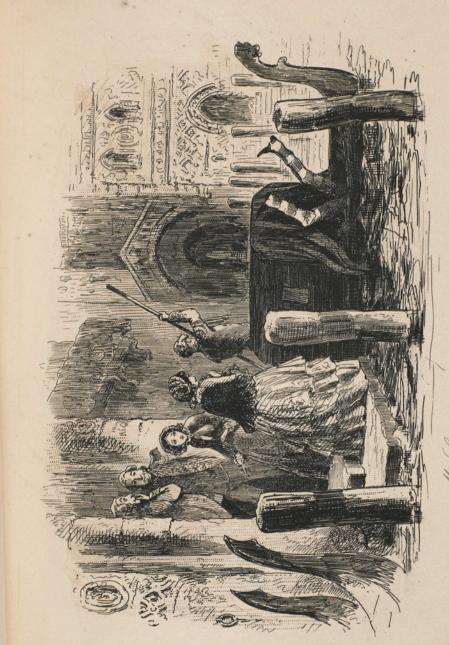
BRELLAS mes.



EXCHANGE!



Instanct stronger than training.



Mr. Sparkler under a reverse of piroumstances.

In the second of the control of the

CHAPTER V.

SOMETHING WRONG SOMEWHERE.

The family had been a month or two at Venice, when Mr. Dorrit, who was much among Counts and Marquises, and had but seant leisure, set an hour of one day apart, beforehand, for the purpose of

holding some conference with Mrs. General.

The time he had reserved in his mind arriving, he sent Mr. Tinkler, his valet, to Mrs. General's apartment (which would have absorbed about a third of the area of the Marshalsea), to present his compliments to that lady, and represent him as desiring the favor of an interview. It being that period of the forenoon when the various members of the family had coffee in their own chambers, some couple of hours before assembling at breakfast in a faded hall which had once been sumptuous but was now the prev of watery vapours and a settled melancholy, Mrs. General was accessible to the valet. envoy found her on a little square of carpet, so extremely diminutive in reference to the size of her stone and marble floor, that she looked as if she might have had it spread for the trying on of a ready-made pair of shoes; or as if she had come into possession of the enchanted piece of carpet, bought for forty purses by one of the three princes in the Arabian Nights, and had that moment been transported on it, at a wish, into a palatial saloon with which it had no connexion.

Mrs. General, replying to the envoy, as she set down her empty coffee-cup, that she was willing at once to proceed to Mr. Dorrit's apartment, and spare him the trouble of coming to her (which, in his gallantry, he had proposed), the envoy threw open the door, and escorted Mrs. General to the presence. It was quite a walk, by mysterious staircases and corridors, from Mrs. General's apartment,—hoodwinked by a narrow side street with a low gloomy bridge in it, and dungeon-like opposite tenements, their walls besmeared with a thousand downward stains and streaks, as if every crazy aperture in them had been weeping tears of rust into the Adriatic for centuries,—to Mr. Dorrit's apartment: with a whole English house-front of window, a prospect of beautiful church-domes rising into the blue sky sheer out of the water which reflected them, and a hushed murmur of the Grand Canal laving the doorways below, where his gondolas and gondoliers attended his pleasure, drowsily swinging in a little forest

of piles.

Mr. Dorrit, in a resplendent dressing-gown and cap—the dormant grub that had so long bided its time among the Collegians had burst into a rare butterfly—rose to receive Mrs. General. A chair to Mrs. General. An easier chair, sir; what are you doing, what are you about, what do you mean? Now, leave us!

"Mrs. General," said Mr. Dorrit, "I took the liberty-"

"By no means," Mrs. General interposed. "I was quite at your 也是一

BORN STREET

jeles o

in sun

the B

斯昭

in tool o

the poster

· Bree I legize of a

mining for

一位图 "Ine," se

· Therefore

and the state of

th whose fi

de Blerty of

the topic to y

"Mr. Dorr

several fines

of the forms

as woodering

is better not

Mr. Bustace

he compared

and Blackfi

that I have

honor to as

should prov

Mr. Dorrit

of others."

"Hum-

14-of a con

an not unace

"I am ha

would therefor

sould speak t

non to her.

in she is all "I had antic -10-Was not

On my pro

'In not mention Then, with

Des Mr. Dos

Britage, if p Ramonde or tw

disposition. I had had my coffee."

"I took the liberty," said Mr. Dorrit again, with the magnificent placidity of one who was above correction, "to solicit the favor of a little private conversation with you, because I feel rather worried respecting my-ha-my younger daughter. You will have observed a great difference of temperament, madam, between my two daughters?"

Said Mrs. General in response, crossing her gloved hands (she was never without gloves, and they never creased and always fitted),

"There is a great difference."

"May I ask to be favored with your view of it?" said Mr. Dorrit. with a deference not incompatible with majestic serenity.

"Fanny," returned Mrs. General, "has force of character and self-

reliance. Amy, none."

None? O Mrs. General, ask the Marshalsea stones and bars. O Mrs. General, ask the milliner who taught her to work, and the dancing-master who taught her sister to dance. O Mrs. General, Mrs. General, ask me, her father, what I owe to her; and hear my testimony touching the life of this slighted little creature, from her childhood up!

No such adjuration entered Mr. Dorrit's head. He looked at Mrs. General, seated in her usual erect attitude on her coachbox behind the proprieties, and he said in a thoughtful manner, "True, madam."

"I would not," said Mrs. General, "be understood to say, observe, that there is nothing to improve in Fanny. But there is material there—perhaps, indeed, a little too much."

"Will you be kind enough, madam," said Mr. Dorrit, "to be-ha -more explicit? I do not quite understand my elder daughter's having-hum-too much material. What material?"

"Fanny," returned Mrs. General, "at present forms too many opinions.

Perfect breeding forms none, and is never demonstrative."

Lest he himself should be found deficient in perfect breeding, Mr. Dorrit hastened to reply, "Unquestionably, madam, you are right." Mrs. General returned, in her emotionless and expressionless manner, "I believe so."

"But you are aware, my dear madam," said Mr. Dorrit, "that my daughters had the misfortune to lose their lamented mother when they were very young; and that, in consequence of my not having been until lately the recognised heir to my property, they have lived with me as a comparatively poor, though always proud, gentleman, in-ha hum-retirement!"

"I do not," said Mrs. General, "lose sight of the circumstance." "Madam," pursued Mr. Dorrit, "of my daughter Fanny, under her present guidance and with such an example constantly before

(Mrs. General shut her eyes.)

-"I have no misgivings. There is adaptability of character in Fanny. But my younger daughter, Mrs. General, rather worries and vexes my thoughts. I must inform you that she has always been my favorite."

"There is no accounting," said Mrs. General, "for these partialities."

"Ha - no," assented Mr. Dorrit. "No. Now, madam, I am troubled by noticing that Amy is not, so to speak, one of ourselves. She does not care to go about with us; she is lost in the society we have here; our tastes are evidently not her tastes. Which," said Mr. Dorrit, summing up with judicial gravity, "is to say, in other words, that there is something wrong in-ha-Amy."

"May we incline to the supposition," said Mrs. General, with a little touch of varnish, "that something is referable to the novelty

of the position?"

The stop

is mail

the form

लिय प्रतिया

vill be i

THE EST

bole by

STATE IN

said Me had

and ald

s and len

wei, old

In General In

d hear miss

He looked alla

achbu behni a

fre, mln'

od to set, clear,

there is non

omit "tob-b

r eller ingin

stoo murques

midan, 182

ss and express

Derrit, "http

mother when the

y not haring he

ey have lived the gentlenes, it-b

ne circumstatee.

hter Fing, the

e constantly bee

ity of charact

ral, rather more

he has always be

tire." perfect being

"Excuse me, madam," observed Mr. Dorrit, rather quickly. "The . daughter of a gentleman, though-ha-himself at one time comparatively far from affluent-comparatively-and herself reared inhum-retirement, need not of necessity find this position so very novel."

"True," said Mrs. General, "true."

"Therefore, madam," said Mr. Dorrit, "I took the liberty" (he laid an emphasis on the phrase and repeated it, as though he stipulated, with urbane firmness, that he must not be contradicted again), "I took the liberty of requesting this interview, in order that I might mention

the topic to you, and enquire how you would advise me?"

"Mr. Dorrit," returned Mrs. General, "I have conversed with Amy several times since we have been residing here, on the general subject of the formation of a demeanor. She has expressed herself to me as wondering exceedingly at Venice. I have mentioned to her that it is better not to wonder. I have pointed out to her that the celebrated Mr. Eustace, the classical tourist, did not think much of it; and that he compared the Rialto, greatly to its disadvantage, with Westminster and Blackfriars Bridges. I need not add, after what you have said, that I have not yet found my arguments successful. You do me the honor to ask me what I advise. It always appears to me (if this should prove to be a baseless assumption, I shall be pardoned), that Mr. Dorrit has been accustomed to exercise influence over the minds of others."

"Hum-madam," said Mr. Dorrit, "I have been at the head ofha-of a considerable community. You are right in supposing that I

am not unaccustomed to—an influential position."

"I am happy," returned Mrs. General, "to be so corroborated. I would therefore the more confidently recommend, that Mr. Dorrit should speak to Amy himself, and make his observations and wishes known to her. Being his favorite besides, and no doubt attached to him, she is all the more likely to yield to his influence."

"I had anticipated your suggestion, madam," said Mr. Dorrit, "but

-ha-was not sure that I might-hum-not encroach on-

"On my province, Mr. Dorrit?" said Mrs. General, graciously. "Do not mention it."

"Then, with your leave, madam," resumed Mr. Dorrit, ringing his little bell to summon his valet, "I will send for her at once."

"Does Mr. Dorrit wish me to remain?"

"Perhaps, if you have no other engagement, you would not object for a minute or two-"

CO NEW

THE PER PE

Wales

加加州

(MIN)

克拉加里

(a) () () () () () () ()

Elmins

前田拉司

deposit the

MINISTER NO

wind lis

性動物 intropening th

I Vis A

al accept of m

hel vil hav

petraity of Te

delicate to los bestored upon

should not be

Lord from 8

minity of st

seems compo

seem to be

proper, pla

ment, Mrs.

expression

earnestnes

a passing

him, the f

was repres

Not for

not for her

to him.

accession t

to be befor

ber mind.

is whole

of the Mar

stalow.

breelf, the

space in th

behind the

ine: nothi

but great or

This is w

益 ible, be

"Not at all."

So. Tinkler the valet was instructed to find Miss Amy's maid, and to request that subordinate to inform Miss Amy that Mr. Dorrit wished to see her in his own room. In delivering this charge to Tinkler, Mr. Dorrit looked severely at him, and also kept a jealous eye upon him until he went out at the door, mistrusting that he might have something in his mind prejudicial to the family dignity; that he might have even got wind of some Collegiate joke before he came into the service, and might be derisively reviving its remembrance at the present moment. If Tinkler had happened to smile, however faintly and innocently, nothing would have persuaded Mr. Dorrit, to the hour of his death, but that this was the case. As Tinkler happened, however, very fortunately for himself, to be of a serious and composed countenance, he escaped the secret danger that threatened him. And as on his return-when Mr. Dorrit eved him again—he announced Miss Amy as if she had come to a funeral, he left a vague impression on Mr. Dorrit's mind that he was a well-conducted young fellow, who had been brought up in the study of his Catechism. by a widowed mother.

"Amy," said Mr. Dorrit, "you have just now been the subject of some conversation between myself and Mrs. General. We agree that you scarcely seem at home here. Ha—how is this?"

"I think, father, I require a little time."

"Papa is a preferable mode of address," observed Mrs. General. "Father is rather vulgar, my dear. The word Papa, besides, gives a pretty form to the lips. Papa, potatoes, poultry, prunes, and prism, are all very good words for the lips: especially prunes and prism. You will find it serviceable, in the formation of a demeanor, if you sometimes say to yourself in company—on entering a room, for instance -Papa, potatoes, poultry, prunes and prism, prunes and prism."

"Pray, my child," said Mr. Dorrit, "attend to the-hum-precepts

of Mrs. General."

Poor little Dorrit, with a rather forlorn glance at that eminent varnisher, promised to try.

"You say, Amy," pursued Mr. Dorrit, "that you think you require Time for what?"

Another pause.

"To become accustomed to the novelty of my life, was all I meant," said Little Dorrit, with her loving eyes upon her father; whom she had very nearly addressed as poultry, if not prunes and prism too, in her

desire to submit herself to Mrs. General and please him.

Mr. Dorrit frowned, and looked anything but pleased. "Amy," he returned, "it appears to me, I must say, that you have had abundance of time for that. Ha-you surprise me. You disappoint me. Fanny has conquered any such little difficulties, and—hum—why not you?"

"I hope I shall do better soon," said Little Dorrit.

"I hope so," returned her father. "I—ha—I most devoutly hope so, Amy. I sent for you, in order that I might say-hum-impressively say, in the presence of Mrs. General, to whom we are all so

much indebted for obligingly being present among us, on-ha-on this or any other occasion," Mrs. General shut her eyes, "that I-ha humam not pleased with you. You make Mrs. General's a thankless task. You-ha-embarrass me very much. You have always (as I have informed Mrs. General) been my favorite child; I have always made you a-hum-a friend and companion; in return, I beg-I-ha-I do beg, that you accommodate yourself better to-hum-circumstances, and dutifully do what becomes your-your station."

Mr. Dorrit was even a little more fragmentary than usual; being excited on the subject, and anxious to make himself particularly

emphatic.

Nie print

加拉拉 विषया के के

वर्ष क्षेत्र व्यक्त विक

t, nistrate u

to the family in

Megiste jie lie)

में स्थापित के स्था

and happened to a

dd have pessid)

this was the on 1

for himself that

the secret don't

en Mr. Durit sala

come to a fundiv

he was wel-air

e study of his Oster

st now ben the six

Mrs. General. Were

" observed Mx 624

ord Papa, besite, 58

saltry, process at present proce

n of a denema, it

tering a room, fir ist a, prunes and post

nd to the-bur-pa

n glance at the si

that you think man

my life, was all not

her father; who sh

ranes and print to a

od please him.

g but pleased.

that you have be it

rolties, and him to

-ha-I most derict is

might syr-hur-s

mal to white We are

ittle Deril

how is this!"

"I do beg," he repeated, "that this may be attended to, and that you will seriously take pains and try to conduct yourself in a manner both becoming your position as-ha-Miss Amy Dorrit, and satisfactory to myself and Mrs. General."

That lady shut her eyes again, on being again referred to; then,

slowly opening them and rising, added these words:

"If Miss Amy Dorrit will direct her own attention to, and will accept of my poor assistance in, the formation of a surface, Mr. Dorrit will have no further cause of anxiety. May I take this opportunity of remarking, as an instance in point, that it is scarcely delicate to look at vagrants with the attention which I have seen bestowed upon them, by a very dear young friend of mine? They should not be looked at. Nothing disagreeable should ever be looked at. Apart from such a habit standing in the way of that graceful equanimity of surface which is so expressive of good breeding, it hardly seems compatible with refinement of mind. A truly refined mind will seem to be ignorant of the existence of anything that is not perfectly proper, placid, and pleasant." Having delivered this exalted sentiment, Mrs. General made a sweeping obeisance, and retired with an expression of mouth indicative of Prunes and Prism.

Little Dorrit, whether speaking or silent, had preserved her quiet earnestness and her loving look. It had not been clouded, except for a passing moment, until now. But now that she was left alone with him, the fingers of her lightly-folded hands were agitated, and there

was repressed emotion in her face.

Not for herself. She might feel a little wounded, but her care was not for herself. Her thoughts still turned, as they always had turned, to him. A faint misgiving, which had hung about her since their accession to fortune, that even now she could never see him as he used to be before the prison days, had gradually begun to assume form in her mind. She felt, that, in what he had just now said to her, and in his whole bearing towards her, there was the well-known shadow of the Marshalsea wall. It took a new shape, but it was the old sad shadow. She began with sorrowful unwillingness to acknowledge to herself, that she was not strong enough to keep off the fear that no space in the life of man could overcome that quarter of a century behind the prison bars. She had no blame to bestow upon him, therefore: nothing to reproach him with, no emotions in her faithful heart but great compassion and unbounded tenderness.

This is why it was, that, even as he sat before her on his sofa, in the

NAME OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

拉加

拉加丁

in le de

DESTREE !

[triben

Sistema

1 11 (11)

西町

STATE .

thin, who

in in or

is in.

Tis last con

-Isol w

there is no

ested in the

prolain berse

a-astrasti

-ha-1

realtly and

lun-a plan

sstency-ho

principally

TOOL SEER.

form a-h

8-12-tr

rel) to be i

and pleasa

He had

sort of ill-i

fell silent;

looked dow

fice; but he

dejected figu

minper, ju

rands sat at

m and a po

n his arms.

said to his

imer occasio

Tet, 25 2 W2

With one re

temp time,

matter Amy

but, now, the

in apartment.

July Jersons of

brilliant light of a bright Italian day, the wonderful city without and the splendors of an old palace within, she saw him at the moment in the long-familiar gloom of his Marshalsea lodging, and wished to take her seat beside him, and comfort him, and be again full of confidence with him, and of usefulness to him. If he divined what was in her thoughts, his own were not in tune with it. After some uneasy moving in his seat, he got up, and walked about, looking very much dissatisfied.

"Is there anything else you wish to say to me, dear father?"

"No, no. Nothing else."

"I am sorry you have not been pleased with me, dear. I hope you will not think of me with displeasure now. I am going to try, more than ever, to adapt myself as you wish to what surrounds me—for indeed I have tried all along, though I have failed, I know."

"Amy," he returned, turning short upon her. "You-ha-habi-

tually hurt me."

"Hurt you, father! I!"

"There is a—hum—a topic," said Mr. Dorrit, looking all about the ceiling of the room, and never at the attentive, uncomplainingly shocked face, "a painful topic, a series of events which I wish—ha—altogether to obliterate. This is understood by your sister, who has already remonstrated with you in my presence; it is understood by your brother; it is understood by—ha hum—by every one of delicacy and sensitiveness, except yourself—ha—I am sorry to say, except yourself. You, Amy—hum—you alone and only you—constantly revive the topic, though not in words."

She laid her hand on his arm. She did nothing more. She gently touched him. The trembling hand may have said, with some expression, "Think of me, think how I have worked, think of my

many cares!" But, she said not a syllable herself.

There was a reproach in the touch so addressed to him that she had not foreseen, or she would have withheld her hand. He began to justify himself; in a heated, stumbling, angry manner, which made

nothing of it.

"I was there all those years. I was—ha—universally acknow-ledged as the head of the place. I—hum—I caused you to be respected there, Amy. I—ha hum—I gave my family a position there. I deserve a return. I claim a return. I say, sweep it off the face of the earth and begin afresh. Is that much? I ask, is that much?"

He did not once look at her, as he rambled on in this way; but

gesticulated at, and appealed to, the empty air.

"I have suffered. Probably I know how much I have suffered, better than any one—ha—I say than any one! If I can put that aside, if I can eradicate the marks of what I have endured, and can emerge before the world a—ha—gentleman unspoiled, unspotted—is it a great deal to expect—I say again, is it a great deal to expect—that my children should—hum—do the same, and sweep that accursed experience off the face of the earth!"

In spite of his flustered state, he made all these exclamations in a carefully suppressed voice, lest the valet should overhear anything.

"Accordingly, they do it. Your sister does it. Your brother does

it. You alone, my favorite child, whom I made the friend and companion of my life when you were a mere-hum-Baby, do not do it. You alone say you can't do it. I provide you with valuable assistance to do it. I attach an accomplished and highly-bred lady-ha-Mrs. General, to you, for the purpose of doing it. Is it surprising that I should be displeased? Is it necessary that I should defend myself for expressing my displeasure? No!"

Notwithstanding which, he continued to defend himself, without

any abatement of his flushed mood.

र्थकी के कि

in the spirit

If he died to

rid it then

about, being

dear feitel?

e, dear. Then

m going to true

et surrous a-

" You-h-i

looking all sint

complained the

wish-la-align

ster, who his the

understad in a

r one of lebort

D SEV, CLOSE TIES

constantly with

nothing me !

have said ville

worked, this it

ed to him the six

hand Hope

PRINCE, THE

-mirerali abr

used you to be spek

a positive ter

eep it of the he

ask, is the mid

on in this way

much I he sain

If I can put this sa

odured, sol on me

unspotted-is it 150

al to expect—the

op that accord of

her endomin

overhear utyling

it. You both

elf

d, Ihm!

"I am careful to appeal to that lady for confirmation, before I express any displeasure at all. I-hum-I necessarily make that appeal within limited bounds, or I-ha-should render legible, by that lady, what I desire to be blotted out. Am I selfish? Do I complain for my own sake? No. No. Principally for-ha hum-your sake, Amy."

This last consideration plainly appeared, from his manner of pursu-

ing it, to have just that instant come into his head.

"I said I was hurt. So I am. So I—ha—am determined to be, whatever is advanced to the contrary. I am hurt, that my daughter, seated in the-hum-lap of fortune, should mope and retire, and proclaim herself unequal to her destiny. I am hurt that she should ha—systematically reproduce what the rest of us blot out; and seem —hum—I had almost said positively anxious—to announce to wealthy and distinguished society, that she was born and bred in—ha ham-a place that I, myself, decline to name. But there is no inconsistency—ha—not the least, in my feeling hurt, and yet complaining principally for your sake, Amy. I do; I say again, I do. It is for your sake, that I wish you, under the auspices of Mrs. General, to form a-hum-a surface. It is for your sake, that I wish you to have a-ha-truly refined mind, and (in the striking words of Mrs. General) to be ignorant of everything that is not perfectly proper, placid, and pleasant."

He had been running down by jerks, during his last speech, like a sort of ill-adjusted alarum. The touch was still upon his arm. He fell silent; and after looking about the ceiling again, for a little while, looked down at her. Her head drooped, and he could not see her face; but her touch was tender and quiet, and in the expression of her dejected figure there was no blame—nothing but love. He began to whimper, just as he had done that night in the prison when she afterwards sat at his bedside till morning; exclaimed that he was a poor ruin and a poor wretch in the midst of his wealth; and clasped her in his arms. "Hush, hush, my own dear! Kiss me!" was all she said to him. His tears were soon dried, much sooner than on the former occasion; and he was presently afterwards very high with his

valet, as a way of righting himself for having shed any.

With one remarkable exception, to be recorded in its place, this was the only time, in his life of freedom and fortune, when he spoke to his

daughter Amy of the old days.

But, now, the breakfast hour arrived; and with it Miss Fanny from her apartment, and Mr. Edward from his apartment. Both these young persons of distinction were something the worse for late hours.

1/10

山山

Tis Ti

Is feet

dans

"Ish

101, 8 101, 8

HERE I

曲 到

"Well,

出版日

n Venice

neintan

1/18.

histand, I

"Do 70

hesitation, "Reall

Mrs. G

acquainta

a position

general p

on the q

to a fan

of Domi

At th

was abo

name of

state of

Edward)

his eye, a

mll you!

my the d

could be ter

Those me

proceeded.

"Perhaps

Wans-in

ble much p

that make

"That, I

point differ

aportance an

"As to that

was d judgio

DOTE BATTLE OF

The great]

"The Merdle

As to Miss Fanny, she had become the victim of an insatiate mania for what she called "going into society;" and would have gone into it head-foremost fifty times between sunset and sunrise, if so many opportunities had been at her disposal. As to Mr. Edward, he, too, had a large acquaintance, and was generally engaged (for the most part, in diceing circles, or others of a kindred nature), during the greater part of every night. For, this gentleman, when his fortunes changed, had stood at the great advantage of being already prepared for the highest associates, and having little to learn: so much was he indebted to the happy accidents which had made him

acquainted with horse-dealing and billiard-marking.

At breakfast, Mr. Frederick Dorrit likewise appeared. As the old gentleman inhabited the highest story of the palace, where he might have practised pistol-shooting without much chance of discovery by the other inmates, his younger niece had taken courage to propose the restoration to him of his clarionet: which Mr. Dorrit had ordered to be confiscated, but which she had ventured to preserve. Notwithstanding some objections from Miss Fanny, that it was a low instrument, and that she detested the sound of it, the concession had been made. But, it was then discovered that he had had enough of it, and never played it, now that it was no longer his means of getting bread. He had insensibly acquired a new habit of shuffling into the picturegalleries, always with his twisted paper of snuff in his hand (much to the indignation of Miss Fanny, who had proposed the purchase of a gold box for him that the family might not be discredited, which he had absolutely refused to carry when it was bought); and of passing hours and hours before the portraits of renowned Venetians. It was never made out what his dazed eyes saw in them: whether he had an interest in them merely as pictures, or whether he confusedly identified them with a glory that was departed, like the strength of his own But he paid his court to them with great exactness, and clearly derived pleasure from the pursuit. After the first few days, Little Dorrit happened one morning to assist at these attentions. It so evidently heightened his gratification that she often accompanied him afterwards, and the greatest delight of which the old man had shown himself susceptible since his ruin, arose out of these excursions, when he would carry a chair about for her from picture to picture, and stand behind it, in spite of all her remonstrances, silently presenting her to the noble Venetians.

It fell out that at this family breakfast, he referred to their having seen in a gallery, on the previous day, the lady and gentleman whom they had encountered on the Great Saint Bernard. "I forget the name," said he. "I dare say you remember them, William? I dare

say you do, Edward?"

"I remember 'em well enough," said the latter.

"I should think so," observed Miss Fanny, with a toss of her head, and a glance at her sister. "But they would not have been recalled to our remembrance, I suspect, if Uncle hadn't tumbled over the subject."

"My dear, what a curious phrase," said Mrs. General. "Would not inadvertently lighted upon, or accidentally referred to, be better?"

"Thank you very much, Mrs. General," returned the young lady, "no, I think not. On the whole, I prefer my own expression."

This was always Miss Fanny's way of receiving a suggestion from Mrs. General. But, she always stored it up in her mind, and adopted it at another time.

"I should have mentioned our having met Mr. and Mrs. Gowan, Fanny," said Little Dorrit, "even if Uncle had not. I have scarcely seen you since, you know. I meant to have spoken of it at breakfast; because I should like to pay a visit to Mrs. Gowan, and to become better acquainted with her, if Papa and Mrs. General do not object."

"Well, Amy," said Fanny, "I am sure I am glad to find you, at last, expressing a wish to become better acquainted with anybody Though whether Mr. and Mrs. Gowan are desirable in Venice.

acquaintances, remains to be determined." "Mrs. Gowan I spoke of, dear."

"No doubt," said Fanny. "But you can't separate her from her husband, I believe, without an Act of Parliament.

"Do you think, Papa," enquired Little Dorrit, with diffidence and

hesitation, "there is any objection to my making this visit?" "Really," he replied, "I-ha-what is Mrs. General's view?"

Mrs. General's view was, that not having the honor of any acquaintance with the lady and gentleman referred to, she was not in a position to varnish the present article. She could only remark, as a general principle observed in the varnishing trade, that much depended on the quarter from which the lady under consideration was accredited, to a family so conspicuously niched in the social temple as the family of Dorrit.

At this remark the face of Mr. Dorrit gloomed considerably. He was about (connecting the accrediting with an obtrusive person of the name of Clennam, whom he imperfectly remembered in some former state of existence) to blackball the name of Gowan finally, when Edward Dorrit, Esquire, came into the conversation, with his glass in his eye, and the preliminary remark of "I say-you there! Go out, will you!" Which was addressed to a couple of men who were handing the dishes round, as a courteous intimation that their services could be temporarily dispensed with.

Those menials having obeyed the mandate, Edward Dorrit, Esquire,

proceeded.

四年 四十四日

L bil

rherless

i desert

to process
bad oried
tre. Table

a lorie

esin bile

noigh of ite

d gaing in

nto the pate

s had me

e pube i

; wide

netius. In hether hebis

fusedy izeta

ngth disa

exacte, i

e first in in

e atterior

Ara accapia

he old mix

these exists

re to picto, of leadly presty

to min gentlem tie

"I had the

William! Lie

ith a tes die

d my pas is

n't tented at

and To

ed to, he bette

"Perhaps it's a matter of policy to let you all know that these Gowans—in whose favor, or at least the gentleman's, I can't be supposed to be much prepossessed myself—are known to people of importance, if that makes any difference."

"That, I would say," observed the fair varnisher, "makes the greatest difference. The connexion in question, being really people of

importance and consideration-

"As to that," said Edward Dorrit, Esquire, "I'll give you the means of judging for yourself. You are acquainted, perhaps, with the famous name of Merdle?"

"The great Merdle!" exclaimed Mrs. General.

"The Merdle," said Edward Dorrit, Esquire. "They are known

to him. Mrs. Gowan—I mean the dowager, my polite friend's mother—is intimate with Mrs. Merdle, and I know these two to be on their visiting-list."

in the

in the st

ini mon

I be ha

The ghos

stince II

Milel, T

Rother

bentling t

m dearly.

usingle tho may who si winst it!

TTES EL

decept mi

nse on his

had faded f

facte was

"My de

uning?

"How

"how dan

"Unel

do you at

" Dog

"where

guardian

superiorit

For shame

as I love m

treated. I

Wekedly W

pret soom a

mest agains

late known w

sting up any

e to the cos

priession by

ans. Brothe

As his hand

night have been

placed into its

rid his ordinar sid, in a soften

"To the w

"If so, a more undeniable guarantee could not be given," said Mrs. General to Mr. Dorrit, raising her gloves and bowing her head, as if

she were doing homage to some visible graven image.

"I beg to ask my son, from motives of—ha—curiosity," Mr. Dorrit observed, with a decided change in his manner, "how he becomes possessed of this—hum—timely information?"

"It's not a long story, sir," returned Edward Dorrit, Esquire, "and you shall have it out of hand. To begin with, Mrs. Merdle is the

lady you had the parley with, at what's-his-name place."

"Martigny," interposed Miss Fanny, with an air of infinite languor.
"Martigny," assented her brother, with a slight nod and a slight wink; in acknowledgment of which, Miss Fanny looked surprised, and laughed and reddened.

"How can that be, Edward?" said Mr. Dorrit. "You informed me that the name of the gentleman with whom you conferred was—ha—Sparkler. Indeed, you showed me his card. Hum. Sparkler."

"No doubt of it, father; but it doesn't follow that his mother's name must be the same. Mrs. Merdle was married before, and he is her son. She is in Rome now; where probably we shall know more of her, as you decide to winter there. Sparkler is just come here. I passed last evening in company with Sparkler. Sparkler is a very good fellow on the whole, though rather a bore on one subject, in consequence of being tremendously smitten with a certain young lady." Here Edward Dorrit, Esquire, eyed Miss Fanny through his glass across the table. "We happened last night to compare notes about our travels, and I had the information I have given you from Sparkler himself." Here he ceased; continuing to eye Miss Fanny through his glass, with a face much twisted, and not ornamentally so, in part by the action of keeping his glass in his eye, and in part by the great subtlety of his smile.

"Under these circumstances," said Mr. Dorrit, "I believe I express the sentiments of—ha—Mrs. General, no less than my own, when I say that there is no objection, but—ha hum—quite the contrary—to your gratifying your desire, Amy. I trust I may—ha—hail this desire," said Mr. Dorrit, in an encouraging and forgiving manner, "as an auspicious omen. It is quite right to know these people. It is a very proper thing. Mr. Merdle's is a name of—ha—world-wide repute. Mr. Merdle's undertakings are immense. They bring him in such vast sums of money, that they are regarded as—hum—national benefits. Mr. Merdle is the man of this time. The name of Merdle is the name of the age. Pray do everything on my behalf that is civil to Mr. and Mrs. Gowan, for we will—ha—we will cer-

tainly notice them."

This magnificent accordance of Mr. Dorrit's recognition settled the matter. It was not observed that Uncle had pushed away his plate, and forgotten his breakfast; but he was not much observed at any time, except by Little Dorrit. The servants were recalled, and the meal proceeded to its conclusion. Mrs. General rose and left the

table. Little Dorrit rose and left the table. When Edward and Fanny remained whispering together across it, and when Mr. Dorrit remained eating figs and reading a French newspaper, Uncle suddenly fixed the attention of all three, by rising out of his chair, striking his hand upon the table, and saying, "Brother! I protest against it!"

If he had made a proclamation in an unknown tongue, and given up the ghost immediately afterwards, he could not have astounded his audience more. The paper fell from Mr. Dorrit's hand, and he sat

petrified, with a fig half way to his mouth.

"Brother," said the old man, conveying a surprising energy into his trembling voice, "I protest against it! I love you; you know I love you dearly. In these many years, I have never been untrue to you in a single thought. Weak as I am, I would at any time have struck any man who spoke ill of you. But, brother, brother, brother, I protest against it!"

It was extraordinary to see of what a burst of earnestness such a decrepit man was capable. His eyes became bright, his grey hair rose on his head, markings of purpose on his brow and face which had faded from them for five-and-twenty years, started out again, and there was an energy in his hand that made its action nervous once

The birds with

ह का क्षेत्रक वर्ष

being all

मंगू के जिल्ला

anist kle

1, 山村市市

Dorrit, Begin in

Mrs. Medicine

rist for the

my load sur

nit "You ite

you control n-Hum Spite

ow that is not

ried befor, piles we shall have not

15 TUST OTTE DES

: Spuble it v re on one sist i

a certain your in

my through is is

compare nin is

Ten Ton fron hor Miss Fany in

mamentally 8, 1 M

nd in part by tes

t "I believe on

then my ora to

ouite the control

I my-ha-life

forgining mone

r these people. Its

ne of-10-relie

se. They bright

ded 25-102-201

time. The me i

verything to applied

11 - h-11 11 5

recognition settled to

pushed stay is pla

much obernel su Tell really of h क्षा कर को है।

place." ardining to

"My dear Frederick!" exclaimed Mr. Dorrit, faintly. "What is

wrong? What is the matter?" "How dare you," said the old man, turning round on Fanny, "how dare you do it? Have you no memory? Have you no heart?"

"Uncle!" cried Fanny, affrighted and bursting into tears, "why do you attack me in this cruel manner? What have I done?"

"Done?" returned the old man, pointing to her sister's place, "where's your affectionate, invaluable friend? Where's your devoted guardian? Where's your more than mother? How dare you set up superiorities against all these characters combined in your sister? For shame, you false girl, for shame!"

"I love Amy," cried Miss Fanny, sobbing and weeping, "as well as I love my life—better than I love my life. I don't deserve to be so treated. I am as grateful to Amy, and as fond of Amy, as it's possible for any human being to be. I wish I was dead. I never was so wickedly wronged. And only because I am anxious for the family

credit."

"To the winds with the family credit!" cried the old man, with great scorn and indignation. "Brother, I protest against pride. I protest against ingratitude. I protest against any one of us here who have known what we have known, and have seen what we have seen, setting up any pretension that puts Amy at a moment's disadvantage, or to the cost of a moment's pain. We may know that it's a base pretension by its having that effect. It ought to bring a judgment on us. Brother, I protest against it, in the sight of God!"

As his hand went up above his head and came down on the table, it might have been a blacksmith's. After a few moments' silence, it had relaxed into its usual weak condition. He went round to his brother with his ordinary shuffling step, put the hand on his shoulder, and said, in a softened voice, "William, my dear, I felt obliged to say it; forgive me, for I felt obliged to say it!" and then went, in his bowed way, out of the palace hall, just as he might have gone out of the Marshalsea room.

All this time Fanny had been sobbing and crying, and still continued to do so. Edward, beyond opening his mouth in amazement, had not opened his lips, and had done nothing but stare. Mr. Dorrit also had been utterly discomfited, and quite unable to assert himself in any

way. Fanny was now the first to speak.

"I never, never, never was so used!" she sobbed. "There never was anything so harsh and unjustifiable, so disgracefully violent and cruel! Dear, kind, quiet little Amy, too, what would she feel if she could know that she had been innocently the means of exposing me to such treatment! But I'll never tell her! No, good darling, I'll never tell her!"

This helped Mr. Dorrit to break his silence.

"My dear," said he, "I—ha—approve of your resolution. It will be—ha hum—much better not to speak of this to Amy. It might—hum—it might distress her. Ha. No doubt it would distress her greatly. It is considerate and right to avoid doing so. We will—ha—keep this to ourselves."

"But the cruelty of Uncle!" cried Miss Fanny. "O, I never can

forgive the wanton cruelty of Uncle!"

"My dear," said Mr. Dorrit, recovering his tone, though he remained unusually pale, "I must request you not to say so. You must remember that your uncle is—ha—not what he formerly was. You must remember that your uncle's state requires—hum—great forbearance from us, great forbearance."

bearance from us, great forbearance."

"I am sure," cried Fanny, piteously, "it is only charitable to suppose that there must be something wrong in him somewhere, or he never could have so attacked Me, of all the people in the world."

"Fanny," returned Mr. Dorrit, in a deeply fraternal tone, "you know, with his innumerable good points, what a—hum—Wreck your uncle is; and I entreat you, by the fondness that I have for him, and by the fidelity that you know I have always shown him, to—ha—to draw your own conclusions, and to spare my brotherly feelin gs."

This ended the scene; Edward Dorrit, Esquire, saying nothing throughout, but looking, to the last, perplexed and doubtful. Miss Fanny awakened much affectionate uneasiness in her sister's mind that day, by passing the greater part of it in violent fits of embracing her, and in alternately giving her brooches, and wishing herself dead.

In he in to Powers panetion we could, can made in the insulation of the insulation of the habit.

tented boss

d it. To
up, is one
loose with
In his o
that were
fellow on
in his lit
vided he
taken th
of his a
turn out

To ma

splenetic

that he o

Barnacles
Howbeit, it
them so we
and not ha
and not for
Out of the
stood, where
the wishes o
a them to c

be contrary
int, with all
sperior point
id sansible o
suck a descent
sucked data:
So Venice if
his, and at V
sector of Gorn

vert, a listorio de processo de la consección de la conse

seri Englis

L "Thereso

ly riolent min

he feel if the si

exposing ne bal d during, II as

or resolution. It il

s to Am. his

mbt it wold its d doing so. Ve il

my. "Olege

is tone, thosi is

t to sur so. Tens

e formerly va la

ires—bun—ga is

is only charble)

him somether, co

ple in the well' deeply frateril's

what a-hun-lis

ess that I have frin

uvs shown him, b-)

my brotherly felia

squire, saying in

ed and doubtful Is

in her sister's mich

at fits of embrying

shing herself der

CHAPTER VI.

SOMETHING RIGHT SOMEWHERE.

To be in the halting state of Mr. Henry Gowan; to have left one of two Powers in disgust, to want the necessary qualifications for finding promotion with another, and to be loitering moodily about on neutral ground, cursing both; is to be in a situation unwholesome for the mind, which time is not likely to improve. The worst class of sum worked in the every-day world, is cyphered by the diseased arithmeticians who are always in the rule of Subtraction as to the merits and successes of others, and never in Addition as to their own.

The habit, too, of seeking some sort of recompense in the discontented boast of being disappointed, is a habit fraught with degeneracy. A certain idle carelessness and recklessness of consistency soon comes of it. To bring deserving things down by setting undeserving things up, is one of its perverted delights; and there is no playing fast and loose with the truth, in any game, without growing the worse for it.

In his expressed opinions of all performances in the Art of painting that were completely destitute of merit, Gowan was the most liberal fellow on earth. He would declare such a man to have more power in his little finger (provided he had none), than such another had (provided he had much) in his whole mind and body. If the objection were taken that the thing commended was trash, he would reply, on behalf of his art, "My good fellow, what do we all turn out but trash? I turn out nothing else, and I make you a present of the confession."

To make a vaunt of being poor was another of the incidents of his splenetic state, though this may have had the design in it of showing that he ought to be rich; just as he would publicly laud and decry the Barnacles, lest it should be forgotten that he belonged to the family. Howbeit, these two subjects were very often on his lips; and he managed them so well, that he might have praised himself by the month together, and not have made himself out half so important a man as he did by his light disparagement of his claims on anybody's consideration.

Out of this same airy talk of his, it always soon came to be understood, wherever he and his wife went, that he had married against the wishes of his exalted relations, and had had much ado to prevail on them to countenance her. He never made the representation, on the contrary seemed to laugh the idea to scorn; but it did happen that, with all his pains to depreciate himself, he was always in the superior position. From the days of their honeymoon, Minnie Gowan felt sensible of being usually regarded as the wife of a man who had made a descent in marrying her, but whose chivalrous love for her had cancelled that inequality.

To Venice they had been accompanied by Monsieur Blandois of Paris, and at Venice Monsieur Blandois of Paris was very much in the society of Gowan. When they had first met this gallant gentleman

加助

Die

西部門

抽用 in state

No area

ilai

11:11

of di

date:

TIMES,

laggled

(b the

加斯智

fon a Br

STEEL TEL

a still (

jets than

and a po

stim, by

exhaustle

of three o

ance of a

residence

Notwi

maps w

notwith

and the

on a we

it promi

25525511

Where M

English l

Mrs. Gi

II 2 60TE

Elessively

of a veteran

"Papa W

bday (be

tetchedly l

Mr. Gow

this he in

Mere my co

Thich she

"Te have

bor the Men

igila,"

They are

lave not Jet

Filt pulls

at Geneva, Gowan had been undecided whether to kick him or encourage him; and had remained, for about four-and-twenty hours, so troubled to settle the point to his satisfaction, that he had thought of tossing up a five-franc piece on the terms "Tails, kick; heads, encourage," and abiding by the voice of the oracle. It chanced, however, that his wife expressed a dislike to the engaging Blandois, and that the balance of feeling in the hotel was against him. Upon that, Gowan

resolved to encourage him.

Why this perversity, if it were not in a generous fit?-which it was not. Why should Gowan, very much the superior of Blandois of Paris, and very well able to pull that prepossessing gentleman to pieces, and find out the stuff he was made of, take up with such a man? In the first place, he opposed the first separate wish he observed in his wife, because her father had paid his debts, and it was desirable to take an early opportunity of asserting his independence. In the second place, he opposed the prevalent feeling, because, with many capacities of being otherwise, he was an ill-conditioned man. He found a pleasure in declaring that a courtier with the refined manners of Blandois ought to rise to the greatest distinction in any polished country. He found a pleasure in setting up Blandois as the type of elegance, and making him a satire upon others who piqued themselves on personal graces. He seriously protested that the bow of Blandois was perfect, that the address of Blandois was irresistible, and that the picturesque ease of Blandois would be cheaply purchased (if it were not a gift, and unpurchaseable) for a hundred thousand francs. That exaggeration in the manner of the man, which has been noticed as appertaining to him and to every such man, whatever his original breeding, as certainly as the sun belongs to this system, was acceptable to Gowan as a caricature, which he found it a humorous resource to have at hand for the ridiculing of numbers of people who necessarily did more or less of what Blandois over-did. Thus he had taken up with him; and thus, negligently strengthening these inclinations with habit, and idly deriving some amusement from his talk, he had glided into a way of having him for a companion. This, though he supposed him to live by his wits at play-tables and the like; though he suspected him to be a coward, while he himself was daring and courageous; though he thoroughly knew him to be disliked by Minnie; and though he cared so little for him, after all, that if he had given her any tangible personal cause to regard him with aversion, he would have had no compunction whatever in flinging him out of the highest window in Venice, into the deepest water of the city.

Little Dorrit would have been glad to make her visit to Mrs. Gowan, alone; but, as Fanny, who had not yet recovered from her Uncle's protest, though it was four-and-twenty hours of age, pressingly offered her company, the two sisters stepped together into one of the gondolas under Mr. Dorrit's window, and, with the courier in attendance, were taken in high state to Mrs. Gowan's lodging. In truth, their state was rather too high for the lodging, which was, as Fanny complained, "fearfully out of the way," and which took them through a complexity of narrow streets of water, which the same lady disparaged

as "mere ditches."

The house, on a little desert island, looked as if it had broken away from somewhere else, and had floated by chance into its present anchorage, in company with a vine almost as much in want of training as the poor wretches who were lying under its leaves. The features of the surrounding picture were, a church with hoarding and scaffolding about it, which had been under supposititious repair so long that the means of repair looked a hundred years old, and had themselves fallen into decay; a quantity of washed linen, spread to dry in the sun; a number of houses at odds with one another and grotesquely out of the perpendicular, like rotten pre-Adamite cheeses cut into fantastic shapes and full of mites; and a feverish bewilderment of windows, with their lattice-blinds all hanging askew, and something draggled and dirty dangling out of most of them.

On the first floor of the house was a Bank—a surprising experience for any gentleman of commercial pursuits bringing laws for all mankind from a British city-where two spare clerks, like dried dragoons, in green velvet caps adorned with golden tassels, stood, bearded, behind a small counter in a small room, containing no other visible objects than an empty iron-safe with the door open, a jug of water, and a papering of garlands of roses; but who, on lawful requisition, by merely dipping their hands out of sight, could produce exhaustless mounds of five-franc pieces. Below the Bank, was a suite of three or four rooms with barred windows, which had the appearance of a jail for criminal rats. Above the Bank was Mrs. Gowan's

residence.

to bit in a

to the ballion

bit; help en

It characters

le Maria ei h

E Tradelin

PEDERNE HILL

the suprincial

prepossering

nade of, take no

first separation

his debts, soits

ing his independent

feeling, because it

a ill-ombine n

other with the sh

test distintion is

ng up Hedisch on others to ju

utested that he loss

iis was irrestle a

e chesply poisel? undred thousaitus

which has beaute

n, whatever his crin

STREET, WE SEED

a humanus usus

of people who as

id. Thus believe

roing these name

from his talk his

min. This, then

s and the like; in

imself was dried

a be disliked by lin

that if he had good

STEESED, DETERM

him out of the in

her visit to Mr. bec.

d from her Englished

P. pressingly doller

into one of the paid

e courier in straigh

ladring. Is total to

thich was as funt as

hich took then three

क्षेत्र अक्टर क्षेत्र हें इंग्ल

Notwithstanding that its walls were blotched, as if missionary maps were bursting out of them to impart geographical knowledge; notwithstanding that its weird furniture was forlornly faded and musty, and that the prevailing Venetian odor of bilge water and an ebb-tide on a weedy shore was very strong; the place was better within, than it promised. The door was opened by a smiling man like a reformed assassin-a temporary servant-who ushered them into the room where Mrs. Gowan sat: with the announcement that two beautiful English ladies were come to see the mistress.

Mrs. Gowan, who was engaged in needlework, put her work aside in a covered basket, and rose, a little hurriedly. Miss Fanny was excessively courteous to her, and said the usual nothings with the skill

of a veteran.

"Papa was extremely sorry," proceeded Fanny, "to be engaged to-day (he is so much engaged here, our acquaintance being so wretchedly large!); and particularly requested me to bring his card for Mr. Gowan. That I may be sure to acquit myself of a commission which he impressed upon me at least a dozen times, allow me to relieve my conscience by placing it on the table at once."

Which she did, with veteran ease.

"We have been," said Fanny, "charmed to understand that you know the Merdles. We hope it may be another means of bringing us together."

"They are friends," said Mrs. Gowan, "of Mr. Gowan's family. I have not yet had the pleasure of a personal introduction to Mrs. Merdle, but I suppose I shall be presented to her at Rome."

"Indeed?" returned Fanny, with an appearance of amiably enching her own superiority. "I think you'll like her." quenching her own superiority. "You know her very well?"

1

DIN 山村

to comment

1800

ibis mi

5817. Pr

1000 100

1 (SI)

nited fact

1578, "81

India 1

Budis

stealy sh

"H TOS

i nita, J

he hard wi

tikes of it

are you thin

Blandis

BOTE: BOT

appearant;

DET STURGE

His face

Durit stoo

attracted b

they had !

Gowan, fee

beside him

attered a 1

Miss Dorrit

"I am no

Will you look

In a mome

log with both

"Blandois!

leaven, and to

lin! Do you

The great de

drately pull in st across the

ment when h "lin! Lion

in master

Sept, Blando

"I have done; Get out of hi

ann! By m

he dog, with odis vanished

"Why, you see," said Fanny, with a frank action of her pretty shoulders, "in London one knows every one. We met her on our way here, and, to say the truth, papa was at first rather cross with her for taking one of the rooms that our people had ordered for us. However, of course that soon blew over, and we were all good friends

again."

Although the visit had, as yet, given Little Dorrit no opportunity of conversing with Mrs. Gowan, there was a silent understanding between them, which did as well. She looked at Mrs. Gowan with keen and unabated interest; the sound of her voice was thrilling to her; nothing that was near her, or about her, or at all concerned her, escaped Little Dorrit. She was quicker to perceive the slightest matter here, than in any other case-but one.

"You have been quite well," she now said, "since that night?"

"Quite, my dear. And you?"

"Oh! I am always well," said Little Dorrit, timidly. "I-yes,

thank you."

There was no reason for her faltering and breaking off, other than that Mrs. Gowan had touched her hand in speaking to her, and their looks had met. Something thoughtfully apprehensive in the large, soft eyes, had checked Little Dorrit in an instant.

"You don't know that you are a favorite of my husband's, and that

I am almost bound to be jealous of you?" said Mrs. Gowan.

Little Dorrit, blushing, shook her head.

"He will tell you, if he tells you what he tells me, that you are quieter, and quicker of resource, than any one he ever saw."

"He speaks far too well of me," said Little Dorrit.

"I doubt that; but I don't at all doubt that I must tell him you are here. I should never be forgiven, if I were to let you—and Miss Dorrit-go, without doing so. May I? You can excuse the disorder and discomfort of a painter's studio?"

The inquiries were addressed to Miss Fanny, who graciously replied that she would be beyond anything interested and enchanted. Mrs. Gowan went to a door, looked in beyond it, and came back. "Do Henry the favor to come in," said she. "I knew he would be pleased!"

The first object that confronted Little Dorrit, entering first, was Blandois of Paris in a great cloak and a furtive slouched hat, standing on a throne-platform in a corner, as he had stood on the Great Saint Bernard, when the warning arms seemed to be all pointing up at him. She recoiled from this figure, as it smiled at her.

"Don't be alarmed," said Gowan, coming from his easel behind the door. "It's only Blandois. He is doing duty as a model to-day. I am making a study of him. It saves me money to turn him to some

use. We poor painters have none to spare."

Blandois of Paris pulled off his slouched hat, and saluted the ladies

without coming out of his corner.

"A thousand pardons!" said he. "But the Professore here, is so inexorable with me, that I am afraid to stir."

"Don't stir, then," said Gowan, coolly, as the sisters approached the easel. "Let the ladies at least see the original of the daub, that they may know what it's meant for. There he stands, you see. A bravo waiting for his prey, a distinguished noble waiting to save his country, the common enemy waiting to do somebody a bad turn, an angelic messenger waiting to do somebody a good turn-whatever you think he looks most like!"

"Say, Professore Mio, a poor gentleman waiting to do homage to

elegance and beauty," remarked Blandois.

"Or say, Cattivo Soggetto Mio," returned Gowan, touching the painted face with his brush in the part where the real face had moved, "a murderer after the fact. Show that white hand of yours, Blandois. Put it outside the cloak. Keep it still."

Blandois' hand was unsteady; but he laughed, and that would

naturally shake it.

日か

a diam

De la Sul

विश्व विशेष

d colodin

at all public

ne ablame

क्ष विशेष

ng to ber; min

her, except in atte lei, br

nce that piter

inida 1-8

ing of other

g to be, solit

re in te laye i

rs. Gove

s me, this past

must tell in u

to let you-nilis

n excuse the text

the graceoust sta nd enchantel Is

od came bod ") e would be pleased

entering in 15

lonched by state

od on the free ker

all pointing us his

m his easy bind is

क्ष व प्राथिति विदेश

to tun his to st

को डोको है है

e Profesor ber, is

शर धर.

mi.

ber

"He was formerly in some scuffle with another murderer, or with a victim, you observe," said Gowan, putting in the markings of the hand with a quick, impatient, unskilful touch, "and these are the tokens of it. Outside the cloak, man !- Corpo di San Marco, what are you thinking of!"

Blandois of Paris shook with a laugh again, so that his hand shook more; now he raised it to twist his moustache, which had a damp appearance; and now he stood in the required position, with a little

new swagger.

His face was so directed in reference to the spot where Little Dorrit stood by the easel, that throughout he looked at her. Once attracted by his peculiar eyes, she could not remove her own, and they had looked at each other all the time. She trembled now; Gowan, feeling it, and supposing her to be alarmed by the large dog beside him, whose head she caressed in her hand, and who had just uttered a low growl, glanced at her to say, "He won't hurt you, Miss Dorrit."

"I am not afraid of him," she returned, in the same breath; "but

will you look at him?"

In a moment Gowan had thrown down his brush, and seized the

dog with both hands by the collar.

"Blandois! How can you be such a fool as to provoke him! By Heaven, and the other place too, he'll tear you to bits! Lie down!

Lion! Do you hear my voice, you rebel!"

The great dog, regardless of being half-choked by his collar, was obdurately pulling with his dead weight against his master, resolved to get across the room. He had been crouching for a spring, at the moment when his master caught him.

"Lion! Lion!" He was up on his hind legs, and it was a wrestle between master and dog. "Get back! Down, Lion! Get out of his sight, Blandois! What devil have you conjured into the dog?"

"I have done nothing to him."

"Get out of his sight, or I can't hold the wild beast! Get out of

the room! By my soul, he'll kill you!"

The dog, with a ferocious bark, made one other struggle, as Blandois vanished; then, in the moment of the dog's submission, the master, little less angry than the dog, felled him with a blow on the head, and standing over him, struck him many times severely with the heel of his boot, so that his mouth was presently bloody.

"Now get you into that corner and lie down," said Gowan, "or I'll

SERIE ST

京學

THE

山田

拉龍

mins.

抵他 神社

かかり

ins; Lit

"The?

'Ir dea

le linke's for sor

She lower

le elow o

lock and

gan, with equettishly

"Down

"My pre

for what as it highly p

would sea

"And i

"Well.

answer,"

Edward. .

a perfect sp

going on abo

"I wonde

"My dear

stand Is

estare has or

Will you s

Indeed, m

Ir. Sparkler

E window like

le lis bark sa

Then you as

rell composed

lede berelf, "

lnem," said

to dear Fanny

noment.

Domi.

take you out and shoot you!"

Lion did as he was ordered, and lay down licking his mouth and chest. Lion's master stopped for a moment to take breath, and then, recovering his usual coolness of manner, turned to speak to his frightened wife and her visitors. Probably the whole occurrence had not occupied two minutes.

"Come, come, Minnie! You know he is always good-humored and Blandois must have irritated him, -made faces at him. The dog has his likings and dislikings, and Blandois is no great favorite of his; but I am sure you'll give him a character, Minnie, for never having been like this before."

Minnie was too much disturbed to say anything connected in reply; Little Dorrit was already occupied in soothing her; Fanny, who had cried out twice or thrice, held Gowan's arm for protection; Lion, deeply ashamed of having caused them this alarm, came trailing himself along the ground, to the feet of his mistress.

"You furious brute," said Gowan, "striking him with his foot again. "You shall do penance for this." And he struck him again, and yet

"O, pray don't punish him any more," cried Little Dorrit. "Don't See how gentle he is!" At her entreaty, Gowan spared hurt him. him; and he deserved her intercession, for truly he was as submissive,

and as sorry, and as wretched as a dog could be.

It was not easy to recover this shock and make the visit unrestrained, even though Fanny had not been, under the best of circumstances, the least trifle in the way. In such further communication as passed among them before the sisters took their departure, Little Dorrit fancied it was revealed to her that Mr. Gowan treated his wife, even in his very fondness, too much like a beautiful child. He seemed so unsuspicious of the depths of feeling which she knew must lie below that surface, that she doubted if there could be any such depths in She wondered whether his want of earnestness might be the natural result of his want of such qualities, and whether it was with people as with ships, that, in too shallow and rocky waters, their anchors had no hold, and they drifted anywhere.

He attended them down the staircase, jocosely apologising for the poor quarters to which such poor fellows as himself were limited, and remarking that when the high and mighty Barnacles, his relatives, who would be dreadfully ashamed of them, presented him with better, he would live in better, to oblige them. At the water's edge they were saluted by Blandois, who looked white enough after his late adventure, but who made very light of it, notwithstanding,-laughing at the

mention of Lion.

Leaving the two together, under the scrap of vine upon the causeway, Gowan idly scattering the leaves from it into the water, and Blandois lighting a cigarette, the sisters were paddled away in state as they had come. They had not glided on for many minutes, when Little Dorrit became aware that Fanny was more showy in manner than the occasion appeared to require, and, looking about for the cause, through the window and through the open door, saw another gondola evidently in waiting on them.

As this gondola attended their progress in various artful ways; sometimes shooting on a-head, and stopping to let them pass; sometimes, when the way was broad enough, skimming along side by side with them; and sometimes following close astern; and as Fanny gradually made no disguise that she was playing off graces upon somebody within it, of whom she at the same time feigned to be unconscious; Little Dorrit at length asked who it was?

To which Fanny made the short answer, "That gaby."

"Who?" said Little Dorrit.

"My dear child," returned Fanny (in a tone suggesting that before her Uncle's protest she might have said, You little fool, instead),

"how slow you are! Young Sparkler."

She lowered the window on her side, and, leaning back and resting her elbow on it negligently, fanned herself with a rich Spanish fan of black and gold. The attendant gondola, having skimmed forward again, with some swift trace of an eye in the window, Fanny laughed coquettishly, and said, "Did you ever see such a fool, my love?"

"Do you think he means to follow you all the way?" asked Little

Dorrit.

101/10

प्राक्षेत्र होत

d Gora (1)

理 [] []

के विकारी को

to spill

tale organi

good-band

made festion landis is no

dante l

onnechi p

r; Pant to

tection: Lind-

raller linelin

n with its fet at

k hin gin, at

little Dail. "Di

treaty, Gon pay

he was as sines

the visit mester

of circustus

munication s per

parture, likelei

treated his rid 50

child He see

MET BEE

ल बार ताने हिंदे

metres mitte od whether it not

nd rocky man is

sely apologing in

welf were link to

Burnacles, lis safe

sented his rid to

t the water's elect

ogh star his light

ading-laping

THE PARTY SE

the rate, sal lo

WIT IN STATE OF THE

ntes The Lith

"My precious child," returned Fanny, "I can't possibly answer for what an idiot in a state of desperation may do, but I should think it highly probable. It's not such an enormous distance. All Venice would scarcely be that, I imagine, if he's dying for a glimpse of

"And is he?" asked Little Dorrit, in perfect simplicity.

"Well, my love, that really is an awkward question for me to answer," said her sister. "I believe he is. You had better ask Edward. He tells Edward he is, I believe. I understand he makes a perfect spectacle of himself at the Casino, and that sort of places, by going on about me. But you had better ask Edward, if you want to know."

"I wonder he doesn't call," said Little Dorrit, after thinking a

"My dear Amy, your wonder will soon cease, if I am rightly informed. I should not be at all surprised if he called to-day. creature has only been waiting to get his courage up, I suspect."

"Will you see him?"

"Indeed, my darling," said Fanny, "that's just as it may happen.

Here he is again. Look at him. O, you simpleton!"

Mr. Sparkler had, undeniably, a weak appearance; with his eye in the window like a knot in the glass, and no reason on earth for stopping his bark suddenly, except the real reason.

"When you ask me if I will see him, my dear," said Fanny, almost as well composed in the graceful indifference of her attitude as Mrs.

Merdle herself, "what do you mean?"

"I mean," said Little Dorrit-"I think I rather mean what do you mean, dear Fanny?"

anto h

M 101 8

100

siet to me

小加

talk toget

4] (20 t

steed Fa

Hat III

inly, that

omig wh

haffet, t

ini afectio

in metance

life the 10

here been cor

policiers of

in the chace,

ison with th

slarge special sloes to the lis anatomy

is men.

However

gentleman l

expected, a

Miss Funn

Was passin

amounced

being unah

honor of se

hoped his la "Thank J

-at least, po

"In Venio

"In Rome

uself I car

L Dorit like

luning gra

sa baba or pas

1. Sp

1 vasquired

Bered (which

I toods serve

Amied in a n

(1 sal sea-green

who the windo

Fanny laughed again, in a manner at once condescending, arch, and affable; and said, putting her arm round her sister in a playfully affectionate way:

"Now tell me, my little pet. When we saw that woman at Martigny, how did you think she carried it off. Did you see what she

decided on in a moment?"

"No, Fanny."

"Then I'll tell you, Amy. She settled with herself, Now I'll never refer to that meeting under such different circumstances, and I'll never pretend to have any idea that these are the same girls. That's her way out of a difficulty. What did I tell you, when we came away from Harley Street that time? She is as insolent and false as any woman in the world. But in the first capacity, my love, she may find people who can match her."

A significant turn of the Spanish fan towards Fanny's bosom, indicated with great expression where one of these people was to be found.

"Not only that," pursued Fanny, "but she gives the same charge to Young Sparkler; and doesn't let him come after me until she has got it thoroughly into his most ridiculous of all ridiculous noddles (for one really can't call it a head), that he is to pretend to have been first struck with me in that Inn Yard."

"Why?" asked Little Dorrit.

"Why? Good gracious, my love!" (again very much in the tone of You stupid little creature) "how can you ask? Don't you see that I may have become a rather desirable match for a noodle? And don't you see that she puts the deception upon us, and makes a pretence, while she shifts it from her own shoulders (very good shoulders they are too, I must say)," observed Miss Fanny, glancing complacently at herself, "of considering our feelings?"

"But we can always go back to the plain truth."

"Yes, but if you please we won't," retorted Fanny. "No; I am not going to have that done, Amy. The pretext is none of mine; it's hers, and she shall have enough of it."

In the triumphant exaltation of her feelings, Miss Fanny, using her Spanish fan with one hand, squeezed her sister's waist with the other,

as if she were crushing Mrs. Merdle.

"No," repeated Fanny. "She shall find me go her way. She took it, and I'll follow it. And, with the blessing of fate and fortune, I'll go on improving that woman's acquaintance until I have given her maid, before her eyes, things from my dressmaker's ten times as handsome and expensive as she once gave me from hers!"

Little Dorrit was silent: sensible that she was not to be heard on any question affecting the family dignity; and unwilling to lose to no purpose her sister's newly and unexpectedly restored favor. She could not concur, but she was silent. Fanny well knew what she

was thinking of; so well, that she soon asked her.

Her reply was, "Do you mean to encourage Mr. Sparkler, Fanny?"
"Encourage him, my dear?" said her sister, smiling contemptuously,
"that depends upon what you call encourage. No, I don't mean to
encourage him. But I'll make a slave of him."

Little Dorrit glanced seriously and doubtfully in her face, but Fanny

was not to be so brought to a check. She furled her fan of black and gold, and used it to tap her sister's nose; with the air of a proud beauty and a great spirit, who toyed with and playfully instructed a homely companion.

"I shall make him fetch and carry, my dear, and I shall make him subject to me. And if I don't make his mother subject to me, too, it

shall not be my fault."

400

四十二

TOO IT व स्था ग्रेस

Jul De

tans, al

e gid li

11 百0 位面

and the to

TR, de tri

mys ben i

TESTA

the smile

ne mi di

ulous todde }

to have been

mainte

? Dat par

3 1002 h and mistre

ery good state

ncing (miles)

my. "] 2

none of me f

8 Parry, ME

被碰撞

go her m. S

of the mide

1 Ihmpel

ten tina sin

not to be been

illing ble bi

steel for !

el bu su

Sportler, For

"Do you think-dear Fanny, don't be offended, we are so comfortable together now-that you can quite see the end of that course?"

"I can't say I have so much as looked for it yet, my dear," answered Fanny, with supreme indifference; "all in good time. Such are my intentions. And really they have taken me so long to develop, that here we are at home. And Young Sparkler at the door, enquiring who is within. By the merest accident, of course!"

In effect, the swain was standing up in his gondola, card-case in hand, affecting to put the question to a servant. This conjunction of circumstances led to his immediately afterwards presenting himself before the young ladies in a posture, which in ancient times would not have been considered one of favorable augury for his suit; since the gondoliers of the young ladies, having been put to some inconvenience by the chace, so neatly brought their own boat into the gentlest collision with the bark of Mr. Sparkler, as to tip that gentleman over like a large species of ninepin, and cause him to exhibit the soles of his shoes to the object of his dearest wishes: while the nobler portions of his anatomy struggled at the bottom of his boat, in the arms of one of

However, as Miss Fanny called out with much concern, Was the gentleman hurt, Mr. Sparkler rose more restored than might have been expected, and stammered for himself with blushes. "Not at all so." Miss Fanny had no recollection of having ever seen him before, and was passing on, with a distant inclination of her head, when he announced himself by name. Even then, she was in a difficulty from being unable to call it to mind, until he explained that he had had the honor of seeing her at Martigny. Then she remembered him, and hoped his lady-mother was well.

"Thank you," stammered Mr. Sparkler, "she's uncommonly well

-at least, poorly."

"In Venice?" said Miss Fanny.

"In Rome," Mr. Sparkler answered. "I am here by myself, myself. I came to call upon Mr. Edward Dorrit myself. Indeed, upon

Mr. Dorrit likewise. In fact, upon the family."

Turning graciously to the attendants, Miss Fanny enquired whether her papa or brother was within? The reply being that they were both within, Mr. Sparkler humbly offered his arm. Miss Fanny accepting it, was squired up the great staircase by Mr. Sparkler, who, if he still believed (which there is not any reason to doubt) that she had no nonsense about her, rather deceived himself.

Arrived in a mouldering reception-room, where the faded hangings, of a sad sea-green, had worn and withered until they looked as if they might have claimed kindred with the waifs of sea-weed drifting under the windows, or clinging to the walls and weeping for their

imprisoned relations, Miss Fanny dispatched emissaries for her father and brother. Pending whose appearance, she showed to great advantage on a sofa, completing Mr. Sparkler's conquest with some remarks upon Dante—known to that gentleman as an eccentric man in the nature of an Old File, who used to put leaves round his head, and sit upon a stool for some unaccountable purpose, outside the cathedral at Florence.

山山

Lim

The last

L Surk

MIN

rumple,

intered to

10 5980

his being

dested by

验证"

ment a ger

lesie to fu

pie It

te nealt sh

agage him t

Sparkler, the

some of the

then to p

rods in wh

This was

the notion

surmised, s

tunities by

ing pictur

begged her

a likeness o

from having had the oppo

nade Mr. 8

distracted; f

ent unconscited with jeal

Descending

te Opera stain

lenan, with

odder entere

in; in whom

then she fell

less with ther

i listat boxes,

Elad two come

in her fan to

less privilege

Mr. Dorrit welcomed the visitor with his highest urbanity, and most courtly manners. He enquired particularly after Mrs. Merdle. enquired particularly after Mr. Merdle. Mr. Sparkler said, or rather twitched out of himself in small pieces by the shirt-collar, that Mrs. Merdle, having completely used up her place in the country, and also her house at Brighton, and being, of course, unable, don't you see, to remain in London when there wasn't a soul there, and not feeling herself this year quite up to visiting about at people's places, had resolved to have a touch at Rome, where a woman like herself, with a proverbially fine appearance and with no nonsense about her, couldn't fail to be a great acquisition. As to Mr. Merdle, he was so much wanted by the men in the City and the rest of those places, and was such a doosed extraordinary phenomenon in Buying and Banking and that, that Mr. Sparkler doubted if the monetary system of the country would be able to spare him: though that his work was occasionally one too many for him, and that he would be all the better for a temporary shy at an entirely new scene and climate, Mr. Sparkler did not conceal. As to himself, Mr. Sparkler conveyed to the Dorrit family that he was going, on rather particular business, wherever they were going.

This immense conversational achievement required time, but was effected. Being effected, Mr. Dorrit expressed his hope that Mr. Sparkler would shortly dine with them. Mr. Sparkler received the idea so kindly, that Mr. Dorrit asked what he was going to do that day, for instance? As he was going to do nothing that day (his usual occupation, and one for which he was particularly qualified), he was secured without postponement; being further bound over to accompany the ladies to the Opera in the evening.

At dinner-time Mr. Sparkler rose out of the sea, like Venus's son taking after his mother, and made a splendid appearance ascending the great staircase. If Fanny had been charming in the morning, she was now thrice charming, very becomingly dressed in her most suitable colors, and with an air of negligence upon her that doubled Mr. Sparkler's fetters, and rivetted them.

"I hear you are acquainted, Mr. Sparkler," said his host, at dinner, with—ha—Mr. Gowan. Mr. Henry Gowan?"

"Perfectly, sir," returned Mr. Sparkler. "His mother and my mother are cronies, in fact."

"If I had thought of it, Amy," said Mr. Dorrit, with a patronage as magnificent as that of Lord Decimus himself, "you should have dispatched a note to them, asking them to dine to-day. Some of our people could have—ha—fetched them, and taken them home. We could have spared a—hum—gondola for that purpose. I am sorry to have forgotten this. Pray remind me of them to-morrow."

Little Dorrit was not without doubts how Mr. Henry Gowan might take their patronage; but, she promised not to fail in the reminder.

"Pray, does Mr. Henry Gowan paint-ha-Portraits?" enquired Mr. Dorrit.

Mr. Sparkler opined that he painted anything, if he could get the job.

"He has no particular walk?" said Mr. Dorrit.

Mr. Sparkler, stimulated by Love to brilliancy, replied that for a particular walk, a man ought to have a particular pair of shoes: as, for example, shooting, shooting-shoes; cricket, cricket-shoes. Whereas, he believed that Henry Gowan had no particular pair of shoes.

"No speciality?" said Mr. Dorrit.

京日日日 tion with

ははは

artesta da

der sid to

t-oile, tell

COUNTY NE

e, don't man

s, minti

eople's plant

कि विशेष

nene data

Medle, le tes

et of then in

on in Brigg

if to make

n: then the

that he wall be scene al che

Sparkle sors

perticula has

ired fire, hiv

his hope tid !

parkler reseat

us going but

that day less

v qualified, by

od over to sees

en, like Tools

STREET,

the morning is a

in her not sti

r that double

id his hos time

His made of

mit, with a party

d "you should

o-day. Sur a

en then have

pose. Imm

This being a very long word for Mr. Sparkler, and his mind being exhausted by his late effort, he replied, "No, thank you. I seldom take it."

"Well!" said Mr. Dorrit. "It would be very agreeable to me, to present a gentleman so connected, with some-ha-Testimonial of my desire to further his interests, and develop the-hum-germs of his genius. I think I must engage Mr. Gowan to paint my picture. If the result should be-ha-mutually satisfactory, I might afterwards engage him to try his hand upon my family."

The exquisitely bold and original thought presented itself to Mr. Sparkler, that there was an opening here for saying there were some of the family (emphasising "some" in a marked manner) to whom no painter could render justice. But, for want of a form of

words in which to express the idea, it returned to the skies.

This was the more to be regretted as Miss Fanny greatly applauded the notion of the portrait, and urged her Papa to act upon it. She surmised, she said, that Mr. Gowan had lost better and higher opportunities by marrying his pretty wife; and Love in a cottage, painting pictures for dinner, was so delightfully interesting, that she begged her Papa to give him the commission, whether he could paint a likeness or not: though indeed both she and Amy knew he could, from having seen a speaking likeness on his easel that day, and having had the opportunity of comparing it with the original. These remarks made Mr. Sparkler (as perhaps they were intended to do) nearly distracted; for while on the one hand they expressed Miss Fanny's susceptibility to the tender passion, she herself showed such an innocent unconsciousness of his admiration, that his eyes goggled in his head with jealousy of an unknown rival.

Descending into the sea again after dinner, and ascending out of it at the Opera staircase, preceded by one of their gondoliers, like an attendant Merman, with a great linen lantern, they entered their box, and Mr. Sparkler entered on an evening of agony. The theatre being dark, and the box light, several visitors lounged in during the representation; in whom Fanny was so interested, and in conversation with whom she fell into such charming attitudes, as she had little confidences with them, and little disputes concerning the identity of people in distant boxes, that the wretched Sparkler hated all mankind. But he had two consolations at the close of the performance. She gave him her fan to hold while she adjusted her cloak, and it was his blessed privilege to give her his arm down-stairs again. These

inhes of uting to he

I THE INCH

the list I

y letter pla

10 miles

starty attac

Fars, she

The whole

ided into t

in Pany int

boost at the

Bur doubl

deled her.

"lmy," s

day so turns

wild have

in lite, "I

va't guess "I don't

"(time,

Prines a

in the ascent and show what Mrs. "Now, "No, o rather als and ruffle

. Fanny up her fa

armory of heart of 8

It, laughi

"Oh, 0

goose our.

lan very

"As it i

omling.

"Ah!] Lealighten

mastronsly

"Brerybo

Besing

"Bearse

Den that;

阿加州

10; Id

make w

crumbs of encouragement, Mr. Sparkler thought, would just keep him going; and it is not impossible that Miss Dorrit thought so too.

The Merman with his light was ready at the box-door, and other Mermen with other lights were ready at many of the doors. The Dorrit Merman held his lantern low, to show the steps, and Mr. Sparkler put on another heavy set of fetters over his former set, as he watched her radiant feet twinkling down the stairs beside him. Among the loiterers here, was Blandois of Paris. He spoke, and moved forward beside Fanny.

Little Dorrit was in front, with her brother and Mrs. General (Mr. Dorrit had remained at home); but, on the brink of the quay they all came together. She started again to find Blandois close to her, handing Fanny into the boat.

"Gowan has had a loss," he said, "since he was made happy to-day

by a visit from fair ladies."

"A loss?" repeated Fanny, relinquished by the bereaved Sparkler, and taking her seat.

"A loss," said Blandois. "His dog, Lion." Little Dorrit's hand was in his, as he spoke.

"He is dead," said Blandois.

"Dead?" echoed Little Dorrit. "That noble dog?"

"Faith, dear ladies!" said Blandois, smiling and shrugging his shoulders, "somebody has poisoned that noble dog. He is as dead as the Doges!"

CHAPTER VII.

MOSTLY, PRUNES AND PRISM.

Mrs. General, always on her coach-box keeping the proprieties well together, took pains to form a surface on her very dear young friend, and Mrs. General's very dear young friend tried hard to receive it. Hard as she had tried in her laborious life to attain many ends, she had never tried harder, than she did now, to be varnished by Mrs. General. It made her anxious and ill at ease to be operated upon by that smoothing hand, it is true; but she submitted herself to the family want in its greatness as she had submitted herself to the family want in its littleness, and yielded to her own inclinations in this thing no more than she had yielded to her hunger itself, in the days when she had saved her dinner that her father might have his supper.

One comfort that she had under the Ordeal by General was more sustaining to her, and made her more grateful, than to a less devoted and affectionate spirit, not habituated to her struggles and sacrifices, might appear quite reasonable; and, indeed, it may often be observed in life, that spirits like Little Dorrit do not appear to reason half as carefully as the folks who get the better of them. The continued

kindness of her sister was this comfort to Little Dorrit. It was nothing to her that the kindness took the form of tolerant patronage; she was used to that. It was nothing to her that it kept her in a tributary position, and showed her in attendance on the flaming car in which Miss Fanny sat on an elevated seat, exacting homage; she sought no better place. Always admiring Fanny's beauty, and grace, and readiness, and not now asking herself how much of her disposition to be strongly attached to Fanny was due to her own heart, and how much to Fanny's, she gave her all the sisterly fondness her great heart contained.

The wholesale amount of Prunes and Prism which Mrs. General infused into the family life, combined with the perpetual plunges made by Fanny into society, left but a very small residue of any natural deposit at the bottom of the mixture. This rendered confidences with Fanny doubly precious to Little Dorrit, and heightened the relief they

afforded her.

all jet leg to ight so to.

or, and other lessons. The last

and Mr. Spile

हर्त, व्ह कि त्रक्ष

in hai

ad mored in

Mrs. General I

f the qualing

lose to her, bit

made happy bla

e bereared Spile

and singene g. He is as deals

eping the promise

her very der pa

d tried hard to man

to attain may as

be varnished by Is

o be operated pur

ted herself to the hard

self to the full and

dions in this fig.

in the days that s

m to a less dented a

les and serifox 11

often be observed

opens to reaso be them. The colin

e his supper. y General waters

"Amy," said Fanny to her, one night when they were alone, after a day so tiring that Little Dorrit was quite worn out, though Fanny would have taken another dip into society with the greatest pleasure in life, "I am going to put something into your little head. You won't guess what it is, I suspect."

"I don't think that's likely, dear," said Little Dorrit.

"Come, I'll give you a clue, child," said Fanny. "Mrs. General." Prunes and Prism, in a thousand combinations, having been wearily in the ascendant all day—everything having been surface and varnish, and show without substance—Little Dorrit looked as if she had hoped that Mrs. General was safely tucked up in bed for some hours.

"Now, can you guess, Amy?" said Fanny.

"No, dear. Unless I have done anything," said Little Dorrit, rather alarmed, and meaning any thing calculated to crack varnish and ruffle surface.

Fanny was so very much amused by the misgiving, that she took up her favorite fan (being then seated at her dressing-table with her armory of cruel instruments about her, most of them reeking from the heart of Sparkler), and tapped her sister frequently on the nose with it, laughing all the time.

"Oh, our Amy, our Amy!" said Fanny. "What a timid little goose our Amy is! But this is nothing to laugh at. On the contrary,

I am very cross, my dear."

"As it is not with me, Fanny, I don't mind," returned her sister,

smiling.

"Ah! But I do mind," said Fanny, "and so will you, Pet, when I enlighten you. Amy, has it never struck you that somebody is monstrously polite to Mrs. General?"

"Everybody is polite to Mrs. General," said Little Dorrit.

"Because she freezes them into it?" interrupted Fanny. "I don't mean that; quite different from that. Come! Has it never struck you, Amy, that Pa is monstrously polite to Mrs. General?"

Amy, murmuring "No," looked quite confounded. "No; I dare say not. But he is," said Fanny. "He is, Amy. And

remember my words. Mrs. General has designs on Pa!"

"Dear Fanny, do you think it possible that Mrs. General has designs

plan

Stati

and !

1128

(mg)

fresh 1

risted for

100

mi lock

no that

the prey

ing her

polled a

mobile (

out from

STREETE

this first

mich ex

pine out

any jes

that he p

of seemi

to an ex

Bland

affabilit

of com

highly

to Blan

for him

of man

older. Dorrit t

he resen

was incli "It m

may I di

I thought "By P

head point

ago-jointe

Villant

神神

M. W. W.

Star Port

on any one?"

"Do I think it possible?" retorted Fanny. "My love, I know it. I tell you she has designs on Pa. And more than that, I tell you, Pa considers her such a wonder, such a paragon of accomplishment, and such an acquisition to our family, that he is ready to get himself into a state of perfect infatuation with her at any moment. And that opens a pretty picture of things, I hope! Think of me with Mrs. General for a Mama!"

Little Dorrit did not reply, "Think of me with Mrs. General for a Mama;" but she looked anxious, and seriously enquired what had led

Fanny to these conclusions.

"Lard, my darling," said Fanny, tartly. "You might as well ask me how I know when a man is struck with myself! But, of course I do know. It happens pretty often; but I always know it. I know this, in much the same way, I suppose. At all events, I know it."

"You never heard Papa say anything?"

"Say anything?" repeated Fanny. "My dearest, darling child, what necessity has he had, yet awhile, to say anything!"

"And you have never heard Mrs. General say anything?"

"My goodness me, Amy," returned Fanny, "is she the sort of woman to say anything? Isn't it perfectly plain and clear that she has nothing to do, at present, but to hold herself upright, keep her aggravating gloves on, and go sweeping about? Say anything! If she had the ace of trumps in her hand, at whist, she wouldn't say anything, child. It would come out when she played it."

"At least, you may be mistaken, Fanny. Now may you not?"

"O yes, I may be," said Fanny, "but I am not. However, I am glad you can contemplate such an escape, my dear, and I am glad that you can take this for the present with sufficient coolness to think of such a chance. It makes me hope that you may be able to bear the connexion. I should not be able to bear it, and I should not try. I'd marry young Sparkler first."

"O, you would never marry him, Fanny, under any circumstances."

"Upon my word, my dear," rejoined that young lady, with exceeding indifference, "I wouldn't positively answer even for that. There's no knowing what might happen. Especially as I should have many opportunities, afterwards, of treating that woman, his mother, in her own style. Which I most decidedly should not be slow to avail myself of, Amy."

No more passed between the sisters then; but what had passed gave the two subjects of Mrs. General and Mr. Sparkler great prominence in Little Dorrit's mind, and thenceforth she thought very much of both.

Mrs. General, having long ago formed her own surface to such perfection that it hid whatever was below it (if anything), no observation was to be made in that quarter. Mr. Dorrit was undeniably very polite to her, and had a high opinion of her; but, Fanny, impetuous at most times, might easily be wrong for all that. Whereas, the Sparkler question was on the different footing that any one could see what was going on there, and Little Dorrit saw it, and pondered on it, with many doubts and wonderings.

and a line

ly long I have

hat, I tel pal

tompident i

to get limit in

t Initian

面面

Mrs. General

nired what his

for might so

elf! But don

know it. I be

nts, I know h'

arest, darling his

nythine311

is she he said

n and cler the s

if upright, kep le

Sey saying!

he wouldn't star

may you no!

However, luga

I am glad this ya

ss to think of sits

bear the comit

not try. Ting

any cerement

sung lair, wite

ISWET EVER TO THE ally as I shall

roman, his note 1

not be slow to st

what had passing

great prompt 1

very much fine

surface to six po

thing), no observe

Was Endouble to

nt, Farry inches

Whereas the Spect

e could see that is

pondered on it to

The devotion of Mr. Sparkler was only to be equalled by the caprice and cruelty of his enslaver. Sometimes she would prefer him to such distinction of notice, that he would chuckle aloud with joy; next day, or next hour, she would overlook him so completely, and drop him into such an abyss of obscurity, that he would groan under a weak pretence of coughing. The constancy of his attendance never touched Fanny: though he was so inseparable from Edward, that when that gentleman wished for a change of society he was under the irksome necessity of gliding out like a conspirator, in disguised boats and by secret doors and back ways; though he was so solicitous to know how Mr. Dorrit was, that he called every other day to inquire, as if Mr. Dorrit were the prey of an intermittent fever; though he was so constantly being paddled up and down before the principal windows, that he might have been supposed to have made a wager for a large stake to be paddled a thousand miles in a thousand hours; though whenever the gondola of his mistress left the gate, the gondola of Mr. Sparkler shot out from some watery ambush and gave chase, as if she were a fair smuggler and he a custom-house officer. It was probably owing to this fortification of the natural strength of his constitution with so much exposure to the air, and the salt sea, that Mr. Sparkler did not pine outwardly; but, whatever the cause, he was so far from having any prospect of moving his mistress by a languishing state of health, that he grew bluffer every day, and that peculiarity in his appearance of seeming rather a swelled boy than a young man became developed to an extraordinary degree of ruddy puffiness.

Blandois calling to pay his respects, Mr. Dorrit received him with affability as the friend of Mr. Gowan, and mentioned to him his idea of commissioning Mr. Gowan to transmit him to posterity. Blandois highly extolling it, it occurred to Mr. Dorrit that it might be agreeable to Blandois to communicate to his friend the great opportunity reserved for him. Blandois accepted the commission with his own free elegance of manner, and swore he would discharge it before he was an hour older. On his imparting the news to Gowan, that Master gave Mr. Dorrit to the Devil with great liberality some round dozen of times (for he resented patronage almost as much as he resented the want of it), and was inclined to quarrel with his friend for bringing him the message.

"It may be a defect in my mental vision, Blandois," said he, "but

may I die if I see what you have to do with this."

"Death of my life," replied Blandois, "nor I neither, except that

I thought I was serving my friend."

"By putting an upstart's hire in his pocket?" said Gowan, frowning. "Do you mean that? Tell your other friend to get his head painted for the sign of some public-house, and to get it done by a sign-painter. Who am I, and who is he?"

"Professore," returned the ambassador, "and who is Blandois?" Without appearing at all interested in the latter question, Gowan angrily whistled Mr. Dorrit away. But, next day, he resumed the subject by saying in his off-hand manner, and with a slighting laugh, "Well, Blandois, when shall we go to this Mæcenas of yours? We journeymen must take jobs when we can get them. When shall we go and look after this job?"

"When you will," said the injured Blandois, "as you please. What have I to do with it? What is it to me?"

拉門

Est.

KEN

BIL

調前

del

delin

mit les

the one

dely m.

dest thi

mid to 18

end blaz Little 1

helef, wa

She could truck of si

howledge

ence in pla

by noting

not very i

flat colle

Nevert

establishe

greater (

intercou

to it, the

each per

amounti

an odiou

And t

active or

manner:

it, which

others.

cerred by

ली श्रम्ह, ह

of addition

De most fr

senet power

This had

Level by ea

then be co

Bile I

SE COLLE DIX

The two p

DE Hah!

"I can tell you what it is to me," said Gowan. "Bread and cheese.

One must eat! So come along, my Blandois."

Mr. Dorrit received them in the presence of his daughters and of Mr. Sparkler, who happened, by some surprising accident, to be calling there. "How are you, Sparkler?" said Gowan, carelessly. "When you have to live by your mother wit, old boy, I hope you may get on better than I do."

Mr. Dorrit then mentioned his proposal. "Sir," said Gowan, laughing, after receiving it gracefully enough, "I am new to the trade, and not expert at its mysteries. I believe I ought to look at you in various lights, tell you you are a capital subject, and consider when I shall be sufficiently disengaged to devote myself with the necessary enthusiasm to the fine picture I mean to make of you. I assure you," and he laughed again, "I feel quite a traitor in the camp of those dear, gifted, good, noble fellows, my brother artists, by not doing the hocus-pocus better. But I have not been brought up to it, and it's too late to learn it. Now, the fact is, I am a very bad painter, but not much worse than the generality. If you are going to throw away a hundred guineas or so, I am as poor as a poor relation of great people usually is, and I shall be very much obliged to you, if you'll throw them away upon me. I'll do the best I can for the money; and if the best should be bad, why even then, you may probably have a bad picture with a small name to it, instead of a bad picture with a large name to it."

This tone, though not what he had expected, on the whole suited Mr. Dorrit remarkably well. It showed that the gentleman, highly connected and not a mere workman, would be under an obligation to him. He expressed his satisfaction in placing himself in Mr. Gowan's hands, and trusted that he would have the pleasure, in their characters

as private gentlemen, of improving his acquaintance."

"You are very good," said Gowan. "I have not foresworn society since I joined the brotherhood of the brush (the most delightful fellows on the face of the earth), and am glad enough to smell the old fine gunpowder now and then, though it did blow me into mid-air and my present calling. You'll not think, Mr. Dorrit," and here he laughed again, in the easiest way, "that I am lapsing into the freemasonry of the craft—for it's not so; upon my life I can't help betraying it wherever I go, though, by Jupiter, I love and honor the craft with all my might—if I propose a stipulation as to time and place?"

Ha! Mr. Dorrit could erect no-hum-suspicion of that kind, on

Mr. Gowan's frankness.

"Again, you are very good," said Gowan. "Mr. Dorrit, I hear you are going to Rome. I am going to Rome, having friends there. Let me begin to do you the injustice I have conspired to do you, there—not here. We shall all be hurried during the rest of our stay here; and though there's not a poorer man with whole elbows, in Venice, than myself, I have not quite got all the Amateur out of me yet—compromising the trade again, you see!—and can't fall on to order, in a hurry, for the mere sake of the sixpences."

These remarks were not less favourably received by Mr. Dorrit than their predecessors. They were the prelude to the first reception of Mr. and Mrs. Gowan at dinner, and they skillfully placed Gowan on

his usual ground in the new family.

Symples Va

"Break pil bes

कें वेग केंद्र हो।

oridat to kain

ended . The

ge ya miga

Sir," sill for

IN DET TO BE TO

mght to his

object, and mix realf with the as

be of you I m

niter in the and

अप्रिक्त मिला

ight up to it, aid

a very had pick

on are ging bits

s a por relate i

meh obliged to ra

e best I mate b

even than as

e to it, used to

on the whenk

he gentlenn, lift

under an oligian)

mself in Mr. Gord

ere, in their dates

not foreward

nost delightful for

to smell the all is

e into mil-srain

and here he last

to the frement

m't help bebrie

mor the out the

icion of the bila

"Mr. Don't le

having friend the

spired to do not to

rest of ou style

de elbors is fair

mater out of 18 ft.

a't fill a baix

and place?"

nce."

His wife, too, they placed on her usual ground. Miss Fanny understood, with particular distinctness, that Mrs. Gowan's good looks had cost her husband very dear; that there had been a great disturbance about her in the Barnacle family; and that the Dowager Mrs. Gowan, nearly heart-broken, had resolutely set her face against the marriage, until overpowered by her maternal feelings. Mrs. General likewise clearly understood that the attachment had occasioned much family grief and dissension. Of honest Mr. Meagles no mention was made; except that it was natural enough that a person of that sort should wish to raise his daughter out of his own obscurity, and that no one could blame him for trying his best to do so.

Little Dorrit's interest in the fair subject of this easily accepted belief, was too earnest and watchful to fail in accurate observation. She could see that it had its part in throwing upon Mrs. Gowan the touch of shadow under which she lived, and she even had an instinctive knowledge that there was not the least truth in it. But, it had an influence in placing obstacles in the way of her association with Mrs. Gowan, by making the Prunes and Prism school excessively polite to her, but not very intimate with her; and Little Dorrit, as an enforced sizar of that college, was obliged to submit herself humbly to its ordinances.

Nevertheless, there was a sympathetic understanding already established between the two, which would have carried them over greater difficulties, and made a friendship out of a more restricted intercourse. As though accidents were determined to be favorable to it, they had a new assurance of congeniality in the aversion which each perceived that the other felt towards Blandois of Paris; an aversion amounting to the repugnance and horror of a natural antipathy towards

an odious creature of the reptile kind.

And there was a passive congeniality between them, besides this active one. To both of them, Blandois behaved in exactly the same manner; and to both of them his manner had uniformly something in it, which they both knew to be different from his bearing towards others. The difference was too minute in its expression to be perceived by others, but they knew it to be there. A mere trick of his evil eyes, a mere turn of his smooth white hand, a mere hair's-breadth of addition to the fall of his nose and the rise of his moustache in the most frequent movement of his face, conveyed to both of them equally a swagger personal to themselves. It was as if he had said, "I have a secret power in this quarter. I know what I know."

This had never been felt by them both in so great a degree, and never by each so perfectly to the knowledge of the other, as on a day when he came to Mr. Dorrit's to take his leave before quitting Venice. Mrs. Gowan was herself there for the same purpose, and he came upon the two together; the rest of the family being out. The two had not been together five minutes, and the peculiar manner seemed to convey to them, "You were going to talk about

me. Hah! Behold me here to prevent it!"

gille

MP

祖由

如前

slin C 何可

pil big

they pres

By F

tayung manah

torists a

shirts II

atting C

deteriora

whily do

The pe

end, and

tion of

haggani

very air

had been

stode, in

for ever

lowing e

fountain

Here,

shalsea

hand.

somebod

somebod

body 83

it was.

voluntar

Mr. Eust

aranged

the ruggy

halls and

bed and l

santly rep according

Nobody h

around he

bracet fre

Anothe

Little Do

an early

ment of Danier

"Gowan is coming here?" said Blandois, with his smile.

Mrs. Gowan replied he was not coming.

"Not coming!" said Blandois. "Permit your devoted servant, when you leave here, to escort you home."

"Thank you; I am not going home."
"Not going home!" said Blandois. "Then I am forlorn."

That he might be; but he was not so forlorn as to roam away and leave them together. He sat entertaining them with his finest compliments, and his choicest conversation; but, he conveyed to them, all the time, "No, no, no, dear ladies. Behold me here expressly to prevent it!"

He conveyed it to them with so much meaning, and he had such a diabolical persistency in him, that at length Mrs. Gowan rose to depart. On his offering his hand to Mrs. Gowan to lead her down the staircase, she retained Little Dorrit's hand in hers with a cautious pressure, and said, "No, thank you. But, if you will please to see if my boatman is there, I shall be obliged to you."

It left him no choice but to go down before them. As he did so,

hat in hand, Mrs. Gowan whispered:

"He killed the dog."

"Does Mr. Gowan know it?" Little Dorrit whispered.

"No one knows it. Don't look towards me; look towards him. He will turn his face in a moment. No one knows it, but I am sure he did. You are?"

"I—I think so," Little Dorrit answered.

"Henry likes him, and will not think ill of him; he is so generous and open himself. But you and I feel sure that we think of him as he deserves. He argued with Henry that the dog had been already poisoned when he changed so, and sprung at him. Henry believes it, but we do not. I see he is listening, but can't hear. Good-bye, my

love! Good-bye!"

The last words were spoken aloud, as the vigilant Blandois stopped, turned his head, and looked at them from the bottom of the staircase. Assuredly he did look then, though he looked his politest, as if any real philanthropist could have desired no better employment than to lash a great stone to his neck, and drop him into the water flowing beyond the dark arched gateway in which he stood. No such benefactor to mankind being on the spot, he handed Mrs. Gowan to her boat, and stood there until it had shot out of the narrow view; when he handed himself into his own boat and followed.

Little Dorrit had sometimes thought, and now thought again as she retraced her steps up the staircase, that he had made his way too easily into her father's house. But, so many and such varieties of people did the same, through Mr. Dorrit's participation in his elder daughter's society mania, that it was hardly an exceptional case. A perfect fury for making acquaintances on whom to impress their riches

and importance, had seized the House of Dorrit.

It appeared on the whole, to Little Dorrit herself, that this same society in which they lived, greatly resembled a superior sort of Marshalsea. Numbers of people seemed to come abroad, pretty much as people had come into the prison; through debt, through idleness, relationship, curiosity, and general unfitness for getting on at home.

They were brought into these foreign towns in the custody of couriers and local followers, just as the debtors had been brought into the prison. They prowled about the churches and picture-galleries, much in the old, dreary, prison-yard manner. They were usually going away again to-morrow or next week, and rarely knew their own minds, and seldom did what they said they would do, or went where they said they would go: in all this again, very like the prison debtors. They paid high for poor accommodation, and disparaged a place while they pretended to like it: which was exactly the Marshalsea custom. They were envied when they went away, by people left behind feigning not to want to go: and that again was the Marshalsea habit A certain set of words and phrases, as much belonging to invariably. tourists as the College and the Snuggery belonged to the jail, was always in their mouths. They had precisely the same incapacity for settling down to anything, as the prisoners used to have; they rather deteriorated one another, as the prisoners used to do; and they wore untidy dresses, and fell into a slouching way of life: still, always like the people in the Marshalsea.

The period of the family's stay at Venice came, in its course, to an end, and they moved, with their retinue, to Rome. Through a repetition of the former Italian scenes, growing more dirty and more haggard as they went on, and bringing them at length to where the very air was diseased, they passed to their destination. A fine residence had been taken for them on the Corso, and there they took up their abode, in a city where everything seemed to be trying to stand still for ever on the ruins of something else—except the water, which, following eternal laws, tumbled and rolled from its glorious multitude of

fountains.

history

व्य वेहातीचे कर्त

I am faithn'

IS to real rate

with his has to

rejed to then it

desert to heart.

u, and be belg

Mrs. GOWELDS

Gowan to bal

s hand in hard

But, if you will be l to von"

then As bell

whisperi.

ne; look tweek in

chows it, billing

him; be is space

not we think din si

dog had ben dar him. Henry belos

n't hear. Godden

rigilant Blandista

bottom of the size

ed his politest with

ester employments

m into the water ha

ich he stool. It s

handed Mrs. Greats

f the marrier ter; to

e had made his mil

my and sad me

participation in the

T I Eleption &

hom to impress tied

mi beself the first

called a species

ome about not

es for getting a s

brei now thought spile

Here, it seemed to Little Dorrit that a change came over the Marshalsea spirit of their society, and that Prunes and Prism got the upper hand. Everybody was walking about St. Peter's and the Vatican on somebody else's cork legs, and straining every visible object through somebody else's sieve. Nobody said what anything was, but everybody said what the Mrs. Generals, Mr. Eustace, or somebody else said it was. The whole body of travellers seemed to be a collection of voluntary human sacrifices, bound hand and foot, and delivered over to Mr. Eustace and his attendants, to have the entrails of their intellects arranged according to the taste of that sacred priesthood. Through the rugged remains of temples and tombs and palaces and senate halls and theatres and amphitheatres of ancient days, hosts of tonguetied and blindfolded moderns were carefully feeling their way, incessantly repeating Prunes and Prism, in the endeavour to set their lips according to the received form. Mrs. General was in her pure element. Nobody had an opinion. There was a formation of surface going on around her on an amazing scale, and it had not a flaw of courage or honest free speech in it.

Another modification of Prunes and Prism insinuated itself on Little Dorrit's notice, very shortly after their arrival. They received an early visit from Mrs. Merdle, who led that extensive department of life in the Eternal City that winter; and the skilful manner in which she and Fanny fenced with one another on the occasion, almost made her quiet sister wink, like the glittering of small-swords.

"So delighted," said Mrs. Merdle, "to resume an acquaintance

so inauspiciously begun at Martigny."

"At Martigny, of course," said Fanny. "Charmed, I am sure!"

"I understand," said Mrs. Merdle, "from my son Edmund Sparkler, that he has already improved that chance-occasion. He has returned quite transported with Venice."

"Indeed?" returned the careless Fanny. "Was he there long?"

III IN

IM

Dr. dr Jos el for upware

ad properties

ben translate

they are regard

sidifien to the

the most disting

needed by his

Belter melal

De 18 10

with the series this part Light softency in a

stile labeling stile

"I might refer that question to Mr. Dorrit," said Mrs. Merdle, turning the bosom towards that gentleman; "Edmund having been so much indebted to him for rendering his stay agreeable."

"Oh, pray don't speak of it," returned Fanny. "I believe Papa had the pleasure of inviting Mr. Sparkler twice or thrice,—but it was nothing. We had so many people about us, and kept such open house, that if he had that pleasure, it was less than nothing."

"Except, my dear," said Mr. Dorrit, "except—ha—as it afforded me unusual gratification to—hum—show by any means, however slight and worthless, the—ha, hum—high estimation in which, in—ha—common with the rest of the world, I hold so distinguished and princely a character as Mr. Merdle's."

The bosom received this tribute in its most engaging manner. "Mr. Merdle," observed Fanny, as a means of dismissing Mr. Sparkler into the background, "is quite a theme of Papa's, you must know, Mrs. Merdle."

"I have been—ha—disappointed, madam," said Mr. Dorrit, "to understand from Mr. Sparkler that there is no great—hum—probability of Mr. Merdle's coming abroad."

"Why, indeed," said Mrs. Merdle, "he is so much engaged, and in such request, that I fear not. He has not been able to get abroad for years. You, Miss Dorrit, I believe, have been almost continually abroad for a long time."

"Oh dear yes," drawled Fanny, with the greatest hardihood. "An immense number of years."

"So I should have inferred," said Mrs. Merdle.

"Exactly," said Fanny.

"I trust, however," resumed Mr. Dorrit, "that if I have not the —hum—great advantage of becoming known to Mr. Merdle on this side of the Alps or Mediterranean, I shall have that honor on returning to England. It is an honor I particularly desire and shall particularly esteem."

"Mr. Merdle," said Mrs. Merdle, who had been looking admiringly at Fanny through her eye-glass, "will esteem it, I am sure, no less."

Little Dorrit, still habitually thoughtful and solitary, though no longer alone, at first supposed this to be mere Prunes and Prism. But, as her father when they had been to a brilliant reception at Mrs. Merdle's, harped, at their own family breakfast-table, on his wish to know Mr. Merdle, with the contingent view of benefiting by the advice of that wonderful man in the disposal of his fortune, she began to think it had a real meaning, and to entertain a curiosity on her own part, to see the shining light of the time.

DR. DE JONGH'S



been

Papa it was

nowever ch, in shed and

Sparkler ist know.

orrit, "to

ged, and in

abroad for

hardihod

have not the erdle on this or on return-

d shall puring admiringly

TIP, ID LESS.

v, though m

Prism. But, which at Mrs. on his wish to

by the advice

r on her on



COD LIVER OIL,

PREPARED IN THE LOFFODEN ISLES, NORWAY:

AND PUT TO THE

TEST OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS,

BY DR. DE JONGH,

OF THE HAGUE,

Late Medical Officer of the Dutch Army, Corresponding Member of the "Société Medico-Pratique" of Paris, Author of a treatise entitled "Disquisitio comparativa chemico-medica de tribus olei jecoris aselli speciebus" (Utrecht, 1843), and of a work entitled "L'Huile de Foie de morue envisagée sous tous les rapports comme moyen thérapeutique" (Paris, 1853); etc., etc.,

Administered with speedy and marked success in the treatment of

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA,
GOUT, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, DIABETES,
DISEASES OF THE SKIN, NEURALGIA,
RICKETS, INFANTILE WASTING, GENERAL DEBILITY,
AND ALL SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS.

DR. DE JONGH, an eminent Dutch physician, has, as is well known, devoted himself for upwards of sixteen years to a series of scientific researches into the nature and properties of Cod Liver Oil. His works, recording these investigations, have been translated into most of the European languages; by universal admission, they are regarded by the Faculty as the standard authority upon the subject; and in addition to the spontaneous approval and highly flattering testimonials from some of the most distinguished medical men and scientific chemists in Europe, they have been rewarded by his Majesty LEOPOLD I., the King of the Belgians, with the large gold medial of merit, and by his Majesty WILLIAM II., the King of the Netherlands, with a silver medial specially struck for the purpose.

Dr. De Jongh's elaborate chemical investigations and therapeutical experiments with the several kinds of Cod Liver Oil, have demonstrated the superior efficacy of this pure Light Brown Oil, which effects a cure, relieves symptoms, and alleviates suffering in a much shorter time than the Pale Oil: iodine, phosphate of lime, volatile acid, and the elements of the bile—imparting the colour to the Oil, and deemed amongst its most active and essential principles—being invariably present in larger quantities than in the Pale Oils manufactured in Great Britain and Newfoundland, which, by their mode of preparation, are in a great measure deprived of these

active properties.

DISTINCTIVE PECULIARITIES AND SUPERIORITY OF DR. DE JONGH'S OIL.

It is genuine and pure Cod Liver Oil, containing all the active and essential medicinal properties that therapeutical experience has found to be most effective in the operation of the remedy, being prepared with the greatest care solely from that species of cod-fish which yields these in the largest quantity, and by a process which secures

their presence in the proper and fullest proportion.

Being invariably submitted to skilful and scrupulous chemical analysis by Dr. Dr. JONGH, its genuineness, purity, and uniform strength are ascertained and guaranteed; and, as far as possible, a certain, regular, and uniform result may be anticipated, when it is administered to the same patient, or in similar diseases or circumstances.

In taste and odour it is not disagreeable or repulsive; it is easily taken; creates no nausea or after-taste; is borne with facility, and not rejected by the stomach; does not irritate or disturb the organs, but improves the functions of digestion and assimilation; neither does it produce any constitutional derangement. Its use may therefore be continued for a long period, and without interruption, in those critical, obstinate, and serious cases where continuous perseverance is absolutely essential, and until the desired object is accomplished.

Its medicinal properties are found, in practice, to be infinitely greater than those of the ordinary Cod Liver Oil, the same quantity going three times as far, and effecting a cure or beneficial results in a much shorter period; in many instances affording immediate mitigation of symptoms, and arresting disease, or restoring health, where other Oil had been long and copiously administered without any benefit.

In actual price it is not higher, nor in use so expensive as any Oil sold as genuine by respectable chemists; whilst its active properties, more rapid effects, the smaller doses required, and its uniform purity and certainty of operation, render it far preferable and more really economical than that which is offered at the lowest price. This latter consideration is particularly worthy the attention of all who, from motives of apparent cheapness, may be induced inadvertently to recommend or purchase an inferior or spurious preparation.

Besides the means taken to ensure genuineness and superiority previous to exposure for sale, further to guard against subsequent admixture or adulteration,-

This Oil is sold only in bottles; each bottle being sealed with a stamped metallic capsule, and bearing beneath the pink outside wrapper a label with DR. DE JONGH'S stamp and signature, fac-similes of which are subjoined.

WITHOUT THESE NONE ARE GENUINE.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ACCOMPANY EACH BOTTLE.

CAUTION.



Dr. de Jongh's Agents extremely regret that information they have received compels them solicitously to caution all purchasers against unprincipled attempts frequently made, when this Oil is applied for, in various unfair ways to disparage its value, and to recommend or substitute an inferior Brown or Light Brown Oil, described as Norwegian, as "imported fresh from Norway;" or as of the same kind and of equal purity and fine quality as Dr. de Jongh's. Extensive use and general preference for many years on the Continent, and equally favourable results since the introduction of this Oil into this country, having materially diminished the demand for the Pale or Yellow variety, ordinary.

Brown Fish Oils, prepared solely for manufacturing or household purposes, can be and are very profitably offered and supplied at a low rate of charge, although their total unfitness for medical use not only leads to serious disappointment or injury, but tends to detract from the high and general reputation of a remedy, when genuine, of asknowledged and inestimable value. Where this discreditable course is pursued, purchasers are earnestly requested to resort to another establishment, or to apply directly to Dr. de Jongh's Agents in London.

SOLD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, BY

ANSAR, HARFORD, & Co., 77, STRAND, LONDON.

DR. DE JONGH'S sole accredited Consignees and Agents for the United Kingdom and the British
Possessions; and by many respectable Chemists and Druggists throughout the United Kingdom.

Half-pints (10 ounces), 2s. 6d. Pints (20 ounces), 4s. 9d. Quarts (40 ounces), 9s.

IMPERIAL MEASURE.

THE PARTY OF THE P

The (I is being the control of the c ely the gen the God Lim ore, that it less (Ni TOLK

The

Profess si

"him! dat you war mini mi injectant m "I feel, ho d the quality and few so w vious I rega "I can, no Oil which yo olar, favo on be procu

Member of the Sanitary "Deg Sir, क्रिके क्रिकेट previously with aboliteration of Thate pai Amongst the ar or at officer for his equipment and her property

"To Dr. d

TESTIMONIAL DOCUMENTS.

THE following are selected from some of the leading Testimonials in commendation of Dr. DE JONGH'S Light Brown Brown Cod Liver Oil:-

THE MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR OF HOLLAND.

"I have the honour of bringing to your knowledge that it has pleased the King to grant you, by his decree of the 20th January, 1848, No. 101, a silver medal with an appropriate honorary inscription, as a testimony of His Majesty's high approbation of your efforts in securing to this country a supply of the most efficacious Cod Liver Oil from Norway. I have given the necessary orders for the execution of this medal.

"To Dr. de Jongh, at the Hague."

desire 1 to

The first spice This iss

pinopi in migration pin pin pin n

ations.

the control of description of the control of the co

ely essential or

sier den for mes es fe, ti many instant and, or retire thout ser back sold is grine fects, the sold

oder it for neis he love pa

ttention del induced inst

or spanos

exicust arrive 0.mil o sup oper a latel of re mbjotel. UINE. H BOILL

m hair and

MIDON. of the Print of th

"VAN DER HEIM,

THE INTENDANT OF THE CIVIL LIST OF BELGIUM.

"Sir,—The King has charged me to return you his very particular thanks for the homage done to him, by the presentation of your most valuable researches concerning the Cod Liver Oil. As an expression of his tumost satisfaction, His Majesty has given me the order of presenting you with the accompanying large gold medal.

"I remain, with the highest regard, &c.
"Brussels, Oct. 6, 1847.
"The Intendant of the Civil List,

"To Dr. de Jongh, at the Hague."

(Signed)

"CONWE.

THE ROYAL SANITARY POLICE OF PRUSSIA.

"In answer to your letter of the 2nd ult., requesting permission to sell Dr. De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil in bottles, accompanied by his stamp and signature, the Royal Police of Prussia (König-liches-polizei-Praesidium) has the honour of informing you that it has caused the Oil to be submitted to an official investigation, and that the result of such investigation has proved it to be not only the genuine Cod Liver Oil, but, still further, that it is of a kind which distinguishes itself from the Cod Liver Oil in ordinary use, alike by its taste and chemical composition. Considering, moreover, that it has come to their knowledge that physicians generally recommend the use of Dr. De Jongh's Oil in preference to the Cod Liver Oil in ordinary use, the Royal Police accedes to your request.

"Berlin, Jan. 23, 1851.
"To A.M. Blume, Chemist, Berlin."

"KONIGLICHES POLIZEI-PRAESIDIUM.

The late JONATHAN PEREIRA, M.D., F.R.S.E., F.L.S.,
Professor at the University of London, Author of "The Elements of Materia Medica and
Therapeutics," &c., &c.

"My dear Sir,—I was very glad to find from you, when I had the pleasure of seeing you in London, that you were interested commercially in Cod Liver Oil. It was fitting that the Author of the best analysis and investigations into the properties of this Oil should himself be the Purveyor of this

analysis and investigations into the properties of this of success and investigations into the properties of this of success.

"I feel, however, some diffidence in venturing to fulfil your request, by giving you my opinion of the quality of the Oil of which you gave me a sample; because I know that no one can be better, and few so well, acquainted with the physical and chemical properties of this medicine as yourself, whom I regard as the highest authority on the subject.

"I can, however, have no hesitation about the propriety of responding to your application. The Oil which you gave me was of the very finest quality, whether considered with reference to its colour, flavour, or chemical properties; and I am satisfied that for medicinal purposes no finer Oil can be procured.

"With my best wishes for your success, believe me, my dear Sir, to be very faithfully yours,

(Signed)

"JONATHAN PEREIRA.

"To Dr. de Jongh."

ARTHUR HILL HASSALL, ESQ., M.D., F.L.S.

Member of the Royal College of Physicians, Physician to the Royal Free Hospital, Chief Analyst of the Sanitary Commission of the "Lancet," Author of "Food, and its Adulterations," &c., &c.

Sanitary Commission of the "Lancet," Author of "Food, and its Adulterations," &c., &c.

"Dear Sir,—I beg to return my acknowledgments for the copy of your Work on Cod Liver Oil,
with which you have favoured me. I was already acquainted with it, and had perused it sometime
previously with considerable gratification, especially the chapter devoted to the consideration of the
adulteration of Cod Liver Oil.

"I have paid, as you are aware, much attention to the subject of the adulteration of drugs.
Amongst the articles examined, I have not overlooked one so important as Cod Liver Oil; and this
more particularly, since it is a very favourite remedy with me, and is, moreover, so liable to deterioration by admixture with other, especially inferior, Fish Oils. I may state that I have more than
once, at different times, subjected your Light Brown Oil to cliemical analysis—and this unknown to
yourself—and I have always found it to be free from all impurity, and rich in the constituents of bile.

"Bo great is my confidence in the article, that I usually prescribe it in preference to any other, in
order to make sure of obtaining the remedy in its purest and best condition.—I remain, yours
faithfully,

"Bennet Street, St. James's Street, Dec. 1, 1852.

Dr. LETHEBY,

Professor of Chemistry and Toxicology in the Medical College of the London Hospital, Chemical Reference to the Corporation of London, Medical Officer of Health to the City of London, &c., &c.

to the Corporation of London, Medical Officer of Health to the City of London, &c., &c.

"Gentlemen,—I have frequently had occasion to analyse the Cod Liver Oil which is sold at your establishment. I mean that variety which is prepared for medicinal use in the Loffoden Isles, Norway, and sent into commerce with the sanction of Dr. De Jongs, of the Hague.

"In all cases I have found it possessing the same set of properties, among which the presence of cholaic compounds and of iodine in a state of organic combination are the most remarkable; in fact, the Oil corresponds in all its characters with that named "Huile brune," and described as the best variety in the masterly treatise of Dr. De Jongs.

"It is, I believe, universally acknowledged that this description of Oil has great therapeutical power; and, from my investigations, I have no doubt of its being a pure and unadulterated article.

(Signed)

"To Messrs. Ansar, Martord, and Co."

"College Laboratory, London Hospital, Sept. 24, 1855.

A PEXTRACTS FROM SELECT MEDICAL AND SCIENTIFIC OPINIONS.

Dr. Sheridan Muspratt, F.R.S.E., M.R.I.A.

Founder and Principal of the Royal College of Chemistry, Liverpool, Membre de l'Academie Nationale de France, Author of "Chemistry Applied to The Arts and Manufactures," &c., &c.

"Berzelius, and other of the leading Chemists and Physicians of Europe, having testimonialised in favour of your Oil, is a proof of its superiority over all the other kinds that are vended. I have submitted the Oil to the usual tests; and, finding it to contain all the ingredients enumerated by you in your work, I have not the slightest hesitation in pronouncing it a genuine article, and one that is fully entitled to the confidence of the Medical Profession."

William Allen Miller, Esq., M.D., F.R.S.
Professor of Chemistry, King's College, London, Author
of "Elements of Chemistry, Theoretical and PRACTICAL, &c., &c.

"The samples of the Oil examined were purchased by myself. I have no doubt that they are what they profess to be—genuine specimens of Cod Liver Oil, as they possess the composition of this substance, and exhibit, in a marked degree, the chemical characters by which this Oil is distinguished, and to which its medicinal qualities are attributed."

A. B. Granville, Esq., M.D., F.R.S.

Author of "The Spas of Germany," "The Spas of England," "On Sudden Death," &c., &c.

"Dr. Granville has used Dr. De Jonog's Light Brown Cod Liver Oil extensively in his practice, and has found it not only efficacious, but uniform in its qualities. He has found that this particular kind produces the desired effect in a shorter time than others, and that it does not cause the nausea and indigestion too often consequent on the admi-nistration of the Pale Newfoundland Oils."

G. Radelyffe Hall, Esq., M.D., F.R.C.P.E.

Physician to the Western Counties Hospital for Con-sumption, Torquay, Author of "Essay on the Bronchial Tubes," &c., &c.

"I have no hesitation in saying that I generally prefer your Cod Liver Oil for the following reasons:—I have found it to agree better with the digestive ergans, especially in those patients who consider themselves to be bilious; it seldom causes nausea or eructation; it is more palatable to most patients than the other kinds of Cod Liver Oil; it is stronger, and consequently a smaller dose is sufficient.

Charles Cowan, Esq., M.D., L.R.C.S.E.,

Senior Physician to the Royal Berkshire Hospital, Con-sulting Physician to the Reading Dispensary, Trans-lator of "Louis on Phthisis," &c., &c.

"Dr. Cowan is glad to find that the Profession has some reasonable guarantee for a genuine article. The material now sold varies in almost every establish-ment where it is purchased, and a tendency to prefer a colourless and tasteless Oil, if not counteracted, will ultimately jeopardise the reputation of an unquestionably valuable addition to the Materia Medica. Dr. Cowan wishes Dr. De Jonon every success in his meritorious undertaking."

Edgar Sheppard, Esq., M.D., M.R.C.S.

Translator of "Gibert on Diseases of the Skin,"
"Becquerel and Rodier's Researches on the Blood," &c., &c.

MIGOD," &c., &c.

"Dr. Sheppard has made extensive use of Dr. Dr.

JONGU'S Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil, and has great
pleasure in testifying to its superiority over every
other preparation to be met with in this country.

It has the rare excellence of being well borne and
assimilated by stomachs which reject the ordinary
Oils. Dr. Sheppard has no hesitation in stating
that he believes an Imperial Pint of Dr. Dr. JONGU'S
Light-Brown Oil to be of more value than an Imperial Quart of any other to be met with in London."

Thomas Hunt, Esq., F.R.C.S.

Surgeon to the Western Dispensary for Diseases of the Skin, Author of "Practical Observations on Certain Diseases of the Skin Generally Pro-Nounced Intractable," &c., &c.

"I have now prescribed Dr. DE JONGH'S Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil in about one hundred and twenty cases of skin disease. It is bare justice to him to say that the success attending its use in dis-pensary practice fully satisfies me that he has not exaggerated its value. In emaciated or strumous subjects this Oil is highly useful."

Richard Moore Lawrance, Esq., M.D.

(Ir the

incented Co

THE TOP

Bel Pet main hyer

lle Poblis Minutus.

al de la la

हाते ; तीह ! ninlel enin

m m D

m m

ROTHER

paleon lang 即面面 mation of er to d the se

ontemporary

The AT EDE BEDGE; for the gen grandes, th magnay or that minspir

Physician to H.R.H. the Duke of Saze Cobourg and Gotha, Physician to the Western Dispensary for Diseases of the Eye, Author of "On Gout and RHEUMATISM," dec., &c.

"I have frequently tested your Cod Liver Oil; and, so impressed am I with its superiority, that I invariably prescribe it in preference to any other, feeling assured that I am recommending a genuine article, and not a manufactured compound in which the efficacy of this invaluable medicine is destroyed."

William Bayes, Esq., M.D, L.R.C.P.

Physician to the Brighton Dispensary, Author of "On
NERVOUS DISEASE CONNECTED WITH DYSPEPSIA,"

NERVOUS DISEASE CONNECTED WITH DYSPEPSIA, dec., dec., dec., dec.

"I have for many months been in the habit of ordering no other than your Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil, which appears to me to possess many advantages over the other descriptions of Oil, in its being of one invariable strength, in being more palatable, and in its greater efficacy. I seldom order a larger dose than a Dessert-spoonful, and consider that a Tea-spoonful is equal in itseffects to a Table-spoonful of the Pale Oil,"

"Some of the deficiencies of the Pale Oil are attributable to the method of its preparation, and especially to its filtration through charcoal. In the preference of the Light-Brown over the Pale Oil we fully concur. We have carefully tested a specimen of Dr. de Jonoh's Light-brown Cod Liver Oil. We find it to be genuine, and rich in iodine and the elements of bile."

Medical Circular.

Association Medical Journal.

"Ne man has given so much attention to the analysis of Ced Liver Oil as Dr. Dr Jonon. He has now undertaken himself to ensure a constant supply of the most powerful and genuine Cod Liver Oil for medicinal purposes. Such an undertaking appears on the face of it to have a strong claim on the encouragement of the profession, who are certainly much interested in obtaining a purer article than those which are now so marvellously cheap in the market."

The Dublin Medical Precs.

The Dublin Medical Press.

"Whatever scepticism may exist respecting the medicinal virtues of this remedy, no doubt can reasonably be entertained that this specimen [Dr. DE JONGH'S Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil] possesses them; and this it is of importance to establish at a time when much impure and adulterated Oil is offered for sale, and freely accepted by practitioners as sufficient for the purposes of routine practice."

ROUTLEDGE'S

Illustrated Shakespeare.

TO BE PUBLISHED MONTHLY, IN SHILLING PARTS.

On the 1st of December, 1856, will be issued, in super-royal octavo, with highlydecorated Cover, the First Part of a new, splendidly and profusely Illustrated Edition of the

PLAYS OF SHAKESPEARE, EDITED BY HOWARD STAUNTON.

ED, 1202

-1551. THE WORK WILL BE COMPLETED IN FORTY-TWO SHILLING PARTS.

Each Part will contain Forty-eight Pages of matter, printed in elegant Type on superior Paper, and will be elaborately

ILLUSTRATED BY

JOHN GILBERT.

The Publishers will spare neither labour nor expense in order to render this Edition not unworthy of England's greatest Poet. The Arrangement of the Text, and the Explanatory Annotations, will form the subject of the most diligent research; while the Pictorial Embellishments have been entrusted to an artist of unrivalled eminence. Thus this Edition will be distinguished by Care in Editing, Beauty and Distinctness of Type, Splendour and Copiousness of Illustration, Variety and Accuracy in the Explanatory Matter, and Extreme Lowness of Price.

THE TEXT.

ROUTLEDGE'S ILLUSTRATED SHAKESPEARE will be edited by Mr. H. STAUNTON, a gentleman long distinguished for his acquaintance with the literature of Elizabeth's age; who will spare no exertion to render the Text as perfect as the most scrupulous collation of every authoritative edition, folio and quarto, the most careful consideration of the sentiments of every eminent Commentator, and a constant reference to contemporary writers, will afford.

THE ILLUSTRATIONS.

The Art of Pictorial Embellishment has now attained the highest point of excellence; and the works of no writer, ancient or modern, afford such ample scope for the genius of a great artist as those of Shakespeare. They abound in the grandest, the most beautiful, and the most varied pictures, whether of real or imaginary existence, and form the richest mine of Poetic and Historical Illustration that uninspired humanity has ever yet created. That the present Edition may be an

ROUTLEDGE'S ILLUSTRATED SHAKESPEARE.

appropriate memorial of the World's greatest Dramatic Writer, the Publishers have undertaken to expend no less than Six Thousand Pounds upon the embellishments alone! Every Part will contain on an average

Twenty Original Characteristic Illustrations,

from the matchless pencil of JOHN GILBERT, engraved on Wood in the highest style of art by The Brothers Dalziel,—presenting altogether the most perfect Gallery of Shakespearian Portraiture ever yet produced.

THE NOTES.

The different readings of the Authorized Editions, the opinions of the leading Critics upon disputed passages, and a Glossarial Index of obsolete and unfamiliar words and phrases, will be appended to each page; while the more copious Annotations, explanatory of the manners, customs, costume, and peculiarities of the period, will be given at the end of each Play.

THE ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

Every attempt to settle, upon a satisfactory basis, the chronological succession of Shakespeare's Plays, has proved a failure. The only data to build upon are slight hints gleaned from the Works themselves, the scanty allusions or utter silence regarding them in contemporary publications, and the entries on the books of the Stationers' Company. From these meagre and inadequate materials, Malone, Chalmers, and Drake have each compiled a table of the sequence in which they deem it probable the Plays were written. Each of these tables differs widely in some instances from the others, but, upon the whole, they are perhaps the nearest approximation towards the actual dates that will ever be obtained; and upon them, corrected by such slender evidence as subsequent research has brought to light, will the arrangement of the Plays in the present Edition be formed.

THE FOLLOWING ARE ALREADY PREPARED FOR PUBLICATION:

PART I.—THE TWO GENTLEMEN OF VERONA.

II.—LOVE'S LABOUR 'S LOST.

III.—COMEDY OF ERRORS.

IV .- ROMEO AND JULIET.

The Publishers trust that the twofold object of producing an Edition of the Works of William Shakespeare worthy of the fame and greatness of that immortal Poet, and of placing the same within the reach of all classes, will be thus accomplished. Shakespeare wrote not "for an age, but for all time," and for every condition of society; and no person, in this era of enlightenment, ought to be without a good Edition of his Works. They are the purest fountains of intellectual vigour in the language, and, next to the English Bible, the noblest monument of our literature. With this object, and in accordance with the arrangements before mentioned,

ROUTLEDGE'S ILLUSTRATED SHAKESPEARE,

embracing all modern improvements, both in Pictorial Embellishment and Typo-graphical excellence, edited with great care, and with a due regard to the discoveries and researches of late years, will be issued at a very moderate price. It is the chief aim of the Publishers to produce an Edition of our National Dramatist that may be found upon every drawing-room table, and in the family library—in the public collection, and on the lonely student's shelf; and they feel confident, that for excellence, accuracy, and cheapness, the present Edition is, and must remain, without a rival.

LONDON:

GEORGE ROUTLEDGE & CO., FARRINGDON STREET.
AND 18, BEEKMAN STREET, NEW YORK.

UN

AN E

All the Ten the highest

II the Ter funtries of

hodopelia

a lis Vegeta

Li the Classe Ovier, Swa Lyssia, &c.

'Now that closile publi any persons ands in our peach appear aler:—

forary, as
offered to
offered to
inli is the
as well as
and the sas
binary bo
binaristion;
inlighted
inlig

the come
sième not
KOTICE
published
CRAIGS

"This Distant editions all the sizest, and art, to new edition

Tozdoz:

CRAIG'S DICTIONARY, FOUNDED ON WEBSTER'S.

Now publishing in Parts (Price Sixpence) every Fortnight,

CRAIG'S UNIVERSAL DICTIONARY;

AN ETYMOLOGICAL, TECHNOLOGICAL, AND PRONOUNCING DICTIONARY OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE-

INCLUDING THE TERMS USED IN LITERATURE, SCIENCE, AND ART.

To show the value of the Work, the general contents are given.

Amb he period

nossin i

on are sight

e silence no books of the tale, Malan,

ch they ben

dely in sme mest approxi

hem, correced

क्षेत्रं, ची क्ष

Ratio é la of that many he this war-

for every mi-

to be without

lectual right 1

of our literature.

ament and Type

to the discrete e listed

ntist that my

in the public se

hat for stations

rithout s int.

All the Terms and Phrases used and defined by the highest legal authorities.

IN MEDICAL SCIENCE:

All the Terms used in Great Britain and other Countries of Europe.

IN BOTANY:

All the Genera in Don's great work, and Loudon's Encyclopedia, and the Orders as given by Lindley in his Vegetable Kingdoms.

IN ZOOLOGY:

All the Classes, Orders, and Genera, as given by Cuvier, Swainson, Gray, Blainville, Lamarck, Agassiz, &c.

IN GEOLOGY, MINERALOGY, CONCHOLOGY, ICHTHYOLOGY, MAMMOLOGY:

All the Terms employed are carefully described.

IN MECHANICS AND COMMERCE:

It contains a complete Encyclopedia of everything eminently useful to every class of society, and in general use.

IN QUOTATIONS:

There are above 3000 Quotations from standard old authors, illustrating obsolete words.

IN DERIVATIONS AND PRONUNCIATION: All English known words are fully expressed.

"Now that the attainment of really useful knowledge appears to be the aim of every one, a more valuable publication than the above can hardly be imagined, for without a good English Dictionary, many persons will frequently find themselves at fault—and from the introduction of new terms and words in our English language, old Dictionaries are of very little value; a work, therefore, like the present appears most opportunely. The improvements in this Dictionary may be briefly summed up as

- 1.-It is the most complete purely English Dictionary, and the latest finished, of any now offered to the public.
- 2.-It is the only one that gives the derivation as well as the pronunciation complete in one and the same work. In the Universal Dictionary both the etymology and the pronunciation are given.
- 3.—It gives a vast mass of important information connected with natural history and science not to be found in any other.
- 4.—The quotations from old standard authors illustrate all the terms which have become obsolete, whereby the works of these authors may be more fully comprehended.
- 5 .- 12,000 words alone in the third part of this work are not comprised in Johnson or Walker.
- 6.-It has a very great advantage over the American edition of Dr. Webster's, in the proper indication of the pronunciation, giving in all cases the English mode, and not the American, which is wholly at variance with that current in English society."

NOTICE.—Although, for the convenience of Subscribers, this Dictionary is published in Sixpenny Parts, the complete Work may always be had as under.

CRAIG'S ENGLISH DICTIONARY, 2 Vols. 8vo, cloth lettered - 2 Vols., half-calf or half-russia

"This Dictionary, just completed, is generally allowed to be the most complete published: it not only embraces all the advantages of 'Webster's,' but, in addition, contains all the terms used in literature, science, and art. Whoever wants a really good Dictionary—and who does not?—should subscribe to this new edition, the first number of which will be sent free on receipt of six postage stamps."

LONDON: GEORGE ROUTLEDGE AND CO., 2, FARRINGDON STREET.

REALLY USEFUL KNOWLEDGE.

On the 1st of December, 1856, will be published, Part I., of a New Edition of

THE NATIONAL CYCLOPÆDIA OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE,

(TO BE CONTINUED IN MONTHLY SHILLING PARTS,)

Founded on the Penny Cyclopædia, but brought down to the present state of Progressive Information.

*** For all purposes of education and information, the most useful book that can possibly be possessed is a popular Cyclopædia, embracing, as it does, in one work the substance of many; and of all the Cyclopædias in existence it would be impossible to find a better one than the

NATIONAL CYCLOPÆDIA of CHARLES KNIGHT,

Founded on the Penny Cyclopædia, a work of immense labour and research, on the production of which the most eminent men in every department of Literature, Science, and Art, were engaged. The National Cyclopædia is brought down to the present state of progressive knowledge, and is now issued at a price that precludes all competition.

This truly National Cyclopædia is a Cyclopædia of Alphabetical Reference for every subject of human inquiry, embracing—

Ancient and Modern
Literature.
History—Civil and
Ecclesiastical.
Chronology.
Biography.
Geography and
Topography.
Law and Government.

Social Economy.
Philosophy.
Mathematics.
Physical Science.
Chemistry.
Geology and Mineralogy.
Zoology.
Botany.
Music.

MEDICINE—SURGERY AND ANATOMY.

ARTS—MANUFACTURES AND TRADE.

PAINTING AND ENGRAVING.

AGRICULTURE.

ARCHITECTURE.

SCULPTURE.

ASTRONOMY, ETC., ETC.

B an 1

It has been the aim and endeavour of every one engaged in producing this really POPULAR CYCLOPÆDIA, that it shall omit nothing of general importance; and whilst it is peculiarly addressed to the greatest number of readers, shall satisfy the most critical inquirer.

"THE NATIONAL CYCLOPEDIA" is therefore addressed to all classes of the Nation. It aspires to take a place in every Family, where the acquisition of knowledge is the best employment of those spare hours which millions have vacant from the necessary business of life; as well as, it is confidently hoped, in all COLLECTIONS OF BOOKS forming, or that will be formed, throughout the land, for the Advancement of Education. Its portability will eventually make it the necessary Companion of the Traveller. For the Young, especially for those who are going forth into the world, "The NATIONAL CYCLOPEDIA" may stand in the place of many books, as a work not only of utility, but of the most varied entertainment—sound in its principles—pure in its morality—leading onward to progressive acquirements of solid learning, by pointing to fuller sources of information; and serving the same purpose with reference to other books, as the Finder does to the Telescope.

NOTICE.

The complete Work in 12 Vols. 8vo, cloth lettered, price £3, may now be had, and the Supplemental Additions will be comprised in One Vol., which at any time will be sold separately.

LONDON: GEORGE ROUTLEDGE AND CO., 2, FARRINGDON STREET.

BABIES' BERCEAU-NETTES, TWO-AND-A-HALF GUINEAS.

BABIES'

GE

t state if

ok that can one work the impossible to

NIGHT, search, or fo

rature, Some, the presentate competition terence for every

-Street in

TATOMI.

Tride.

ELIBOTEL.

TLPITEL TOUT, EN, EL

ducing this min e; and which

the mis ma

of the Name of the movement of the manuscript of Boxes formers or English of the farmers of the

to faller series and as the first

DI NY NO

Toly Third at A

DI TELL



BABIES' CASHMERE

THE ENGLISH CYCLOPÆDIA. CONDUCTED BY CHARLES KNIGHT.

MR. CHARLES KNIGHT, having seen an Advertisement of the "NATIONAL CYCLOPÆDIA of USEFUL KNOWLEDGE;" as founded on the Penny Cyclopædia, and with which his name is associated, thinks it right to say that such work is an Abridgement, commenced in 1847, of the Penny Cyclopædia, and that his sole connection with it was as the publisher.

October 27, 1856.

BLACK MERINO HABITS FOR LITTLE GIRLS,

TWO-AND-A-HALF GUINEAS.

Everything of the superior excellence for which the House has been celebrated for Thirty Years.

53, BAKER STREET,

NEAR MADAME TUSSAUD'S EXHIBITION.

W. G. TAYLOR, late HALLIDAY.

REALLY USEFUL KNOWLEDGE.

On the 1st of December, 1856, will be published, Part I., of a New Edition of

THE NATIONAL CYCLOPÆDIA OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE,

(TO BE CONTINUED IN MONTHLY SHILLING PARTS,)

HAL

ALL

BLAC

of the most varied entertainment—sound in its principles—pure in its morality—leading onward to progressive acquirements of solid learning, by pointing to fuller sources of information; and serving the same purpose with reference to other books, as the Finder does to the Telescope.

NOTICE.

The complete Work in 12 Vols. 8vo, cloth lettered, price £3, may now be had, and the Supplemental Additions will be comprised in One Vol., which at any time will be sold separately.

LONDON: GEORGE ROUTLEDGE AND CO., 2, FARRINGDON STREET.

BABIES' BERCEAU-NETTES, TWO-AND-A-HALF GUINEAS.

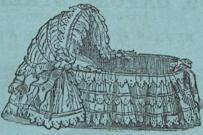
HALF-A-GUINEA.

GE

may now his

Vol. which at 4

DU MEE



BABIES'
CASHMERE
CLOAKS,
ONE GUINEA.

BABIES' BASKETS, ONE GUINEA.

Valenciennes and Embroidered Frocks and Robes for Christening Presents; the same less expensive, for the Nursery. Baby-Linen, in complete sets, of varied qualities.

ALL THE BEAUTIFUL MATERIALS USED IN THE BUSINESS, SOLD BY THE YARD.

MARRIAGE OUTFITS COMPLETE.

Everything necessary for the "Trousseau," as well as the inexpensive things required for the "India Voyage." White Dressing Gowns, One Guinea; Cotton Hosiery, 2s. 6d.; Ladies' Patent Corsets, 16s. 6d.; Real Balbriggan Hosiery.

This part of the Business under the management of Mrs. TAYLOR.

LADIES' RIDING TROUSERS,

CHAMOIS LEATHER, WITH BLACK FEET.

RIDING TALMAS, 11 GUINEA.

Young Gentlemen's Superfine Cloth Jackets, 35s.; School ditto, 25s.; Young Gentlemen's Shirts, 5s. 6d. Naval Cadets' Outfits complete.

RIDING HABITS, 5½ to 8 GUINEAS.

BLACK MERINO HABITS FOR LITTLE GIRLS,

TWO-AND-A-HALF GUINEAS.

Everything of the superior excellence for which the House has been celebrated for Thirty Years.

53. BAKER STREET,

NEAR MADAME TUSSAUD'S EXHIBITION.

W. G. TAYLOR, late HALLIDAY.

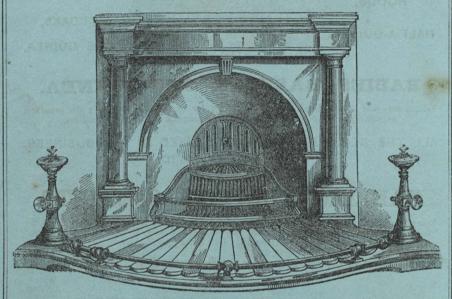
WILLIAM S. BURTON'S

GENERAL FURNISHING IRONMONGERY WAREHOUSE,

39, OXFORD STREET,

(CORNER OF NEWMAN STREET)

Nos. 1, 1a, 2, & 3, NEWMAN STREET; and 4, 5, & 6, PERRY'S PLACE, LONDON.



RADIATING & REFLECTING STOVE.

WILLIAM S. BURTON'S NEW REGISTER STOVE

COMBINES completely the well-known principles of both Stephen's and Sylvester's celebrated patent Stoves, while it has others equally valuable which are peculiarly its own, and for which a patent has been granted. Its reflecting and radiating powers are perfect; it is very simple, and cannot be put out of order; consumes but little fuel, is most cleanly and cheerful in use, while its general appearance, no fender being needed, is most imposing. Prices, complete, black or bronzed, from £9 10s.; bright, £14 5s. and upwards. One may be seen in action in his show-rooms, which contain such an assortment of Fenders, Stoves, Ranges, Fire-irons, and General Ironmongery, as cannot be approached elsewhere, either for variety, novelty, beauty of design, or exquisiteness of workmanship. Bright Stoves, with bronzed ornaments, and two sets of bars, £4 14s. to £13 13s.; ditto, with ormolu ornaments, and two sets of bars, £4 14s. to £13 13s.; ditto, with ormolu ornaments, £2 15s. to £18. Fire-irons, from 1s. 9d. the set to £4 4s.

The late additions to these Extensive Premises (already by far the largest in Europe) are of such a character that the

ENTIRE OF EIGHT HOUSES

Is devoted to the display of the most Magnificent

STOCK OF GENERAL HOUSE IRONMONGERY,

(Including Cutlery, Nickel Silver, Plated Goods, Baths, Brushes, Turnery, Lamps, Gaseliers, Iron and Brass Bedsteads, Bedding, and Bed Hungings), so arranged in Sixteen Large Show Rooms, as to afford to parties furnishing facilities in the selection of goods that cannot be hoped for elsewhere.

Illustrated Catalogues sent (per post) free.