

OUR MUTUAL FRIEND.

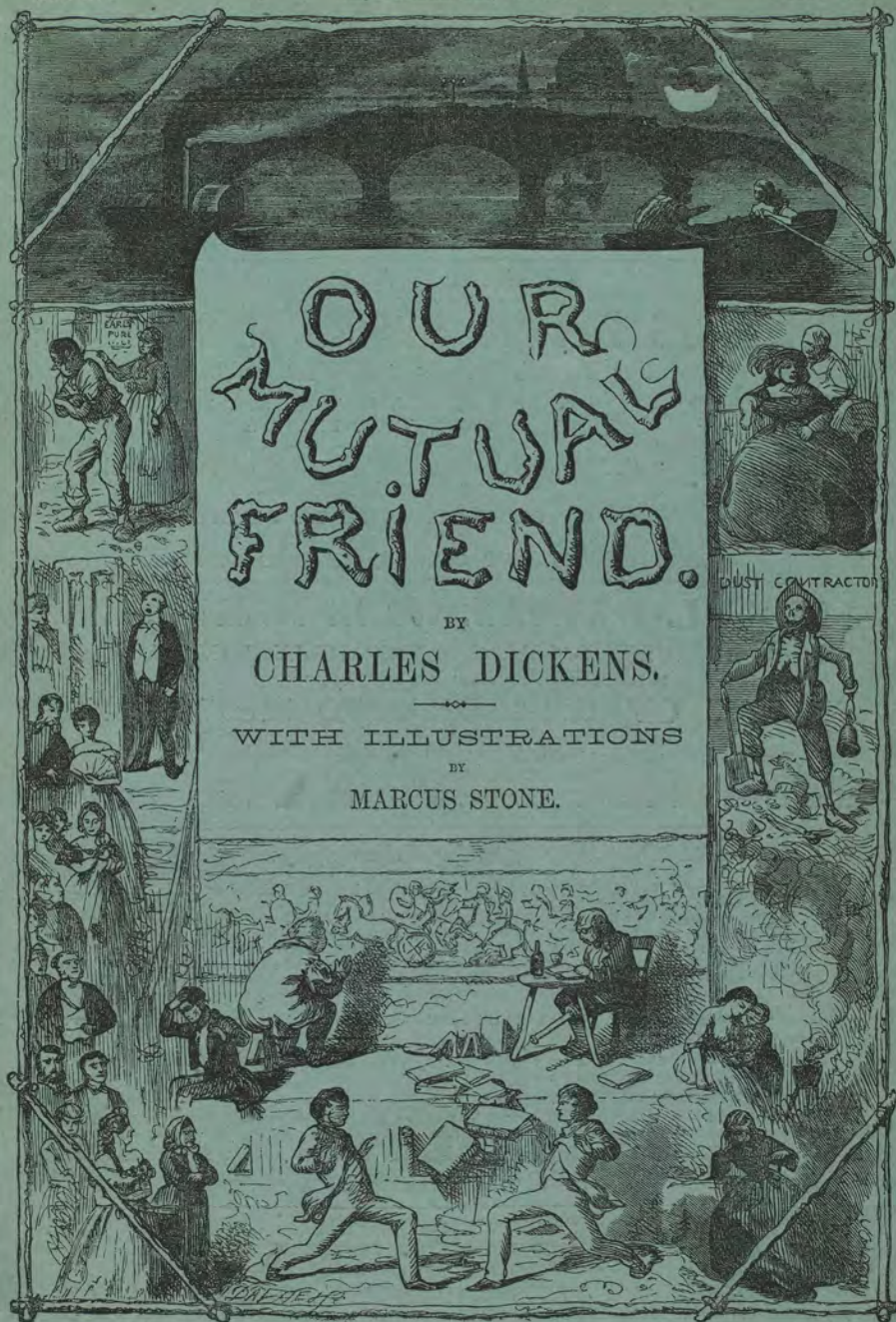
BY

CHARLES DICKENS.

WITH ILLUSTRATIONS

BY

MARCUS STONE.



LONDON: CHAPMAN AND HALL, PICCADILLY.

The right of Translation is reserved.

NEW SILKS

(PATTERNS FREE).

CHECKED AND STRIPED GLACÉS,
£2 2s. for 14 Yards.

BLACK FRENCH FIGURED GLACÉS,
£2 5s. 6d. for 14 Yards.

JOHN HARVEY and SON, LUDGATE HILL.

ESTABLISHED 50 YEARS.

(PRIZE MEDAL.)

THOMAS'S PATENT SEWING MACHINES,

For Private Family Use, Dressmaking, &c. &c.

'THEY WILL HEM, FELL, GATHER, BIND,
BRAID, TUCK, ETC. ETC.'



CATALOGUES and SAMPLES of the WORK

May be had on application to

34, ST. MARTIN'S LE GRAND,

AND

REGENT CIRCUS, OXFORD STREET.

JAMES L. DENMAN, WINE MERCHANT,

11 ABCHURCH LANE, and 20 PICCADILLY, LONDON,

Directs attention to the Natural, Full-bodied, and Unbranded

WINES OF GREECE AND HUNGARY.

Terms, Cash. Cross Cheques, Bank of London. Post-Office Orders payable at General Post Office.
Bottles and Cases to be returned, or paid for.

Wine Report and Detailed Price List of ALL OTHER WINES, Post Free.

FAMILY HERALD, Part for September, Price Sixpence.

'The "Family Herald," that joy to tens of thousands of innocent English households.'—*Illustrated London News*.

'For amusing reading, such as may be admitted to one's household without fear of consequences, we can recommend the "Family Herald," the father of this class of publications. For one penny you get a portion of a well-written novel, two or three novelettes, a lot of useful information interspersed throughout a page of Answers to Correspondents, alone worth the penny, and a variety of other matters which will make readers either merrier or wiser, or perhaps both.'—*The Bookseller*.

NOVELS AND TALES.

'Its novels and tales are quite as well written as the best circulating library stories.'—*Saturday Review*.'

ESSAYS.

'There is a well-considered essay every week upon some subject of an instructive or thoughtful character.'—*British Quarterly Review*.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

'The Answers to Correspondents cannot be fictitious, a romance and a life history being embodied in almost each of them. The editor is the confidant and confessor in every station of life.'—*Saturday Review*.

Together with Poetry, Family Matters, Statistics, Scientific and Useful Information, Varieties, Random Readings, &c. &c.

London: W. STEVENS, 421 Strand.

NOW READY.

THE AUTHORISED FASHIONS FOR SEPTEMBER.

Price ONE SHILLING, by Post 13 Stamps.

THE LONDON AND PARIS LADIES' MAGAZINE OF FASHION.

Established 33 Years. The SEPTEMBER NUMBER contains superbly Coloured Plates, by English Artists, of the LATEST FASHIONS. Sanctioned by the highest circles, and adopted by the chief designers of PARISIAN AND ENGLISH FASHIONS.

The latest designs in Millinery, Bonnets, Hats, &c. Cut Models, full descriptions; Special Parisian Fashion Intelligence; with Tales, Poetry, &c.

London: W. STEVENS, 421 Strand; and all Booksellers.

OUR MUTUAL FRIEND ADVERTISER.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—A Domestic Magazine of Useful Information and Amusement.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Weekly, 1d.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Monthly, 6d.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Annual Volumes, 7s. 6d.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Complete Sets, 22 Volumes, 8l. 13s.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—All the Back Numbers are in print, and may be had by order of any Bookseller.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Registered for transmission abroad.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Saturday Review: 'The "Family Herald" stands at the head, both in age and popularity, of all the penny serials.'

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Illustrated London News: 'The "Family Herald," that joy to tens of thousands of innocent English households.'

THE FAMILY HERALD.—British Quarterly Review:—'The "Family Herald" is well considered with reference to its aims, and is various and amusing, with a fair amount of utility intermixed. Of all these publications, we consider the "Family Herald" the best.'

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Leigh Hunt's Autobiography:—'I call out every week for my "Family Herald," a penny publication qualified to inform the best of its contemporaries.'

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Bookseller:—'For amusing reading, such as may be admitted to one's household without fear of consequences, we can recommend the "Family Herald." For one penny you get a portion of a well-written novel, two or three novelettes, a lot of useful information interspersed throughout a page of answers to correspondents, alone worth a penny, and a variety of other matters.'

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Literary Gazette:—'It must be said of the "Family Herald" that it is the purest reading of all purely amusing literature; it is, indeed, a family paper.'

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Leading and Scientific Articles:—'Its leading and scientific articles are the very pattern of cheap journalism.'—Saturday Review. 'The leading articles show marks of an acute and comprehensive spirit.'—Examiner.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Novels and Tales.—'Its novels and tales are quite as well written as the best circulating-library stories.'—Saturday Review. 'Under the head of the "Story Teller" we have novels and tales purer in structure than in the pages of the other penny serials.'—British Quarterly Review. 'Its tales are well told and full of interest.'—Cheltenham Journal. 'It is highly eminent as a "Story Teller."'—Gloucester Chronicle.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Answers to Correspondents.—'The editor is the confidant and confessor in every station of life. The Answers to Correspondents cannot be fictitious, a romance and a life history being embodied in almost each of them; while advice is asked and given in good faith, and with good sense. On the whole, people may recur to advisers less judicious and often more interested.'—Saturday Review. 'Its correspondence is great upon curious matters, elucidating old customs, and opening up forgotten treasures.'—Gloucester Chronicle. 'Its answers to correspondents are highly instructing and amusing.'—Express.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Poetry.—'There are charming verses let into its pages, like sunshine, to brighten them.'—British Quarterly Review. 'Its poetical contributions are of a high character, and show that a really clever supervision is exercised over this very interesting department of the paper.'—Telegraph.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Random Readings.—'An anthology of stray humour, most judiciously selected.'—British Quarterly Review. 'Its Random Readings are the recognised modern Joe Miller.'—Brighton Gazette. 'The Random Readings are rich in wit, anecdote, and humour.'—Gloucester Chronicle. 'The Random Readings, which are admirably selected, and abound in witicism and pleasantries, are alone worth all the money.'—Standard.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—Family Matters.—'Under this head a column of recipes and instructions in household matters, excellent in their way, is given week by week.'—British Quarterly Review. 'The greatest attention is paid to family matters, and every week fresh and handy recipes are given.'—Monmouth Merlin. 'For family purposes no other magazine can touch it.'—Peterborough Advertiser. 'That portion devoted to family matters is, from its excellence, deserving of all attention.'—Shrewsbury Chronicle. 'Every phase of domestic and social life receives illumination from its pages.'—Advertiser.

THE FAMILY HERALD.—The Riddler.—'A fund of amusement is afforded to the home circle in its capital riddles, puzzles, enigmas, charades, and rebuses.'—Examiner. 'The beginner will learn considerably from its arithmetical and mercantile questions, while the more practised will find much to work at in the mathematical, astronomical, nautical, and scientific questions, with the advantage of solutions, which are given in extenso.'—Cambridge Chronicle.

London: WILLIAM STEVENS, 421, Strand, W.C.; and by order of all Booksellers.



HUBBELL'S GEMMA AND SANSFLECTUM CRINOLINES. THEY NEVER LOSE THEIR SHAPE.

None can equal these Crinolines for their combination of excellent qualities—ELEGANCE, FLEXIBILITY, and DURABILITY; and, in fact, everything the most fastidious could possibly wish for is to be found in these charming Crinolines. By their peculiar make, a dress is seen to much greater advantage than with the ordinary shape. The SANSFLECTUM is particularly adapted for the Seaside, as they will not rust; the GEMMA for the Ball-room, on account of its wonderful flexibility. They are now made 23, 21, and 3 yards round, in accordance with the prevailing fashion.

To be had of HUBBELL & CO., Fountain Court, Aldermanbury.

PART XVII.—September, 1865.

CHAPMAN & HALL'S NEW PUBLICATIONS.

A History of the Commonwealth of Florence.

FROM THE EARLIEST INDEPENDENCE OF THE COMMUNE
TO THE FALL OF THE REPUBLIC IN 1531.

BY THOMAS ADOLPHUS TROLLOPE.

Vols. I. and II. demy 8vo. 30s

'At a time when the eyes of all Europe are turned on the new capital of the Italian kingdom, no work could be more universally interesting than a History of Florence. Nor would it be possible to find an historian possessing more exceptional qualifications for his task than Mr. Trollope. A residence of twenty years on the scene of his labours, an intimate knowledge of the city and its inhabitants, a choice and full private library of Italian historians, a constant and privileged

access to all the records and archives of the State, combined with a profound political discernment, a true spirit of historical criticism, a large-hearted and intelligent sympathy with all that is great and noble in the Italian character, and last, not least, a delightfully spirited and easy style, unite in enabling the present writer to produce as vivid and finished a picture of the great mediæval republic as can be conceived or desired.'—*Daily News*.

The Holy Land.

BY WM. HEPWORTH DIXON.

With Illustrations from Original Drawings and Photographs on Steel and Wood.

2 vols. demy 8vo. 24s.

'This is a remarkable and very original book. The author is a shrewd and skilful observer, and a graphic and amusing writer. The familiar incidents of Oriental travel seem novel and piquant as they are successively handled by Mr. Dixon, and he succeeds admirably in combining a multitude of petty details into a connected whole. These volumes will throw a new light on the facts and the accessories of many a scene of Biblical history. The writer has discreetly avoided controversy of every kind, and ranks himself among the believers in the Sacred Story. In many places he reminds us of M. Renan's famous romance; but there is the all-important difference that he accepts the

scriptural narratives without doubt or criticism. His great object seems to have been to throw a new human and modern interest over the familiar details of the Bible. Thus he recasts into modern form many of the scriptural stories (which he is very fond of calling 'idyls'), and adorns them with all those details of place, and colour, and costume, and manners, and customs, which would be found in a narrative of our own day. In this he is generally very successful; and we doubt not that his volumes will become great favourites with many people for Sunday reading, and that, to untravelled students, his descriptions will be highly instructive as well as entertaining.'—*Saturday Review*, May 27th.

Eastern England.

FROM THE THAMES TO THE HUMBER.

BY WALTER WHITE.

2 vols. post 8vo. 18s.

'Volumes like these of Mr. White's are pleasant reading to take up at leisure moments. . . . We discover in him great fondness for natural scenery, an intense love of rural life, and a fine power of conjuring up before the reader's eye the main features of a landscape by a few bold

touches. We do not forget that in his "Month in Yorkshire" he has written one of the best books of home travel in our language, and that he has shown Englishmen they need not go abroad in search of beautiful or sublime scenery.'—*London Review*.

CHAPMAN & HALL, 193 PICCADILLY.

In one handsome 4to. Vol., with upwards of 100 Engravings and Photo-zinco-graphic Plates, produced under the superintendence of Colonel SIR HENRY JAMES, R.E.

ASTRA CASTRA;

OR,

Experiments and Adventures in the Atmosphere.

By HATTON TURNOR,

OF THE PRINCE CONSORT'S OWN RIFLE BRIGADE.

~~~~~  
 'It is an infant, but it will grow.'—FRANKLIN.  
 ~~~~~

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

'One of the most magnificent quartos that ever came from the English press.'—ATHENÆUM.

'The effect of a great idea on a mind scarcely wide enough to contain it.'—SPECTATOR.

'An authentic, consecutive, and detailed history of the science, from the earliest to the latest times. If one branch of science may be deemed more worthy than another to be the handmaid of religion it is certainly that which bids us leave earth behind us, and, soaring beyond the clouds, make our finite way towards the unrevealed realms of the Infinite. *The number of aeronauts* may be approximately taken at 1500, and the ascents at about 10,000, whilst the *number of deaths* have only been 15; a very small number in proportion to those arising from the navigation of the seas. *The longest flight* on record was made by Mr. Wise and party from St. Louis towards New York; the distance travelled being 1150 miles, in less than twenty hours. Information gathered together, and most judiciously arranged, from all quarters of the globe. This book will give an impetus to the art, and wherever it is read it will doubtless create new desires and appetites for the pursuits of which it treats.'—MECHANICS' MAGAZINE.

'It is with as much satisfaction as surprise that we have examined this richly illustrated quarto.'—PALL MALL GAZETTE.

'A singular title is, for once in these days of deceptive epigraph, meet harbinger of a singular book. . . . A very well compiled, instructive, entertaining, and noble-looking volume.'—ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS.

'It will probably be most popular as a *drawing-room book*. Just the kind of book to excite attention, and to engage it for a long while. The illustrations are in themselves extremely interesting. The work, therefore, affords a treat to the eye, and abundant satisfaction to the mind in that lazy and tired mood when it desires to be supplied with ideas at the least possible trouble of investigation.'—LONDON REVIEW.

'A complete history from every point of view—æsthetic, philosophical, theoretical, practical—not even omitting more strictly amusing matter, and the various sallies of ridicule with which this, like other useful experiments and projects, has been met by those who find it easier to laugh than to observe and reflect. The work, with its various matter from grave to gay, will be found full of interest.'—GARDENERS' CHRONICLE.

On 2nd August, 1865, London witnessed, for the first time, an aeronaut (M. DELA-MARNE) guide his cerostat, with four people, against the wind.

'ASTRA CASTRA, NUMEN LUMEN.'—Motto of Lindsays.

CHAPMAN AND HALL, 193, PICCADILLY.

WORKS PUBLISHED BY GRIFFITH AND FARRAN.

Just published, Second Edition, price Half-a-Crown (2s. 8d. by post),

SPECTROPIA; or, Surprising Spectral Illusions: Showing Ghosts everywhere, and of any Colour by Day or Night. By J. H. BROWN. The Book contains every requisite to show life-sized ghosts, and affords most interesting and wondrous amusement.
 * One of the best scientific toy-books we have seen.—*Athenæum*.

ILLUMINATED GIFT BOOKS.

Every Page richly Printed in Gold and Colours, from Designs by Samuel Stanesby.

SHAKESPEARE'S HOUSEHOLD WORDS; a Selection of the Wise Saws of the Immortal Bard. With a Photographic Portrait taken from the Monument at Stratford-on-Avon. Price 9s. cloth elegant; 14s. Turkey morocco.

* A very charming gift-book. Every sentence is a gem.—*Art Journal*.

APHORISMS OF THE WISE AND GOOD. Uniform in size and price with the above.

THE BRIDAL SOUVENIR; with a Portrait of the Princess Royal after Winterhalter. Elegantly bound in white and gold. Price 21s.

THE FLORAL GIFT. Price 14s. cloth elegant; 21s. morocco extra.

BY THE AUTHOR OF 'MARY POWELL'

THE INTERRUPTED WEDDING: a Hungarian Tale. Post 8vo. Price 6s. cloth.

* The author introduces us to a people of whose home scenes we are glad to read such truthful, natural, unexaggerated descriptions: it is a story full of stirring incidents and real tragedies.—*Athenæum*.

* The account of the peasant's marriage festival is in the author's best style.—*Saturday Review*

OUR SOLDIERS; or, Anecdotes of the Campaigns and Gallant Deeds of the British Army during the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria. By W. H. G. KINGSTON. Fcap. 8vo. Price 3s. cloth; 3s. 6d. gilt edges.

OUR SAILORS; or, Anecdotes of the Engagements and Gallant Deeds of the British Navy (a companion to the above). 3s. cloth; 3s. 6d. gilt edges.

NEW AND POPULAR WORKS FOR THE YOUNG.

William Allair; or, Running Away to Sea. By Mrs. HENRY WOOD, Author of 'East Lynne,' &c. Frontispiece by F. Gilbert. Fcap. 8vo. Price 2s. 6d. cloth; 3s. gilt edges.

Nursery Nonsense; or, Rhymes without Reason. By D'ARCY W. THOMPSON. With 60 Illustrations by Charles Bennett. Imperial 16mo, 2s. 6d. cloth; 4s. 6d. coloured, cloth elegant, gilt edges.

Luke Ashleigh; or, School Life in Holland. By ALFRED ELWES. Illustrations by Du Maurier. Fcap. 8vo. Price 5s. cloth.

Historical Tales of Lancastrian TIMES. By the Rev. H. P. DUNSTER. Illustrations by Franklin. Fcap. 8vo. Price 5s. cloth.

Our Birthdays, and how to Im-PROVE THEM. By EMMA DAVENPORT. Frontispiece by Friston. Fcap. 8vo. Price 2s. 6d. cloth; 3s. gilt edges.

The Happy Home; or, the Chil-dren at the Red House. By LADY LUSHINGTON. Illustrations by Pinwell. Price 3s. 6d. cloth; 4s. 6d. coloured, gilt edges.

Tiny Stories for Tiny Readers. By the Author of 'Tuppy,' &c. 12 Illustrations by Weir. Price 2s. 6d. cloth; 3s. 6d. coloured, gilt edges.

My Grandmother's Budget of STORIES and VERSES. By FRANCIS FREELING BRODERIP. Illustrated by her brother, Thomas Hood. 3s. 6d. cloth; 4s. 6d. coloured, gilt edges.

Nursery Fun; or, the Little Folks' Picture-Book. Illustrated by Charles Bennett. 4to. 2s. 6d. coloured.

The Loves of Tom Tucker and LITTLE BO-PEEP. A Rhyming Rigmorale. Written and Illustrated by THOMAS HOOD. 4to. Price 2s. 6d. coloured.

True Blue; or, the Life and Ad-ventures of a British Seaman of the Old School. By W. H. G. KINGSTON. Illustrated by Gilbert. Fcap. 8vo. Price 5s. cloth.

Dedicated, by Permission, to Alfred Tennyson.

The Story of King Arthur and his KNIGHTS of the ROUND TABLE. Illustrated by G. H. Thomas. Post 8vo. Price 7s. cloth.

GRIFFITH AND FARRAN,

Successors to Newberry and Harris, Corner of St. Paul's Churchyard.

Chapman and Hall's New Publications.

THE LITERATURE AND CURIOSITIES OF
DREAMS. By FRANK SEAFIELD, M.A. 2 vols. post 8vo.

DOCUMENTS FROM SIMANCAS, RELATING TO
THE REIGN OF ELIZABETH, 1558-1568. Translated from the Spanish of Don TOMÁS
GONZALEZ; and Edited, with Notes and an Introduction, by SPENCER HALL, F.S.A.,
Librarian to the Athenæum Club. Demy 8vo. 7s. 6d.

CORNWALL AND ITS COASTS. By ALPHONSE
ESQUIROS, Author of 'The English at Home.' Post 8vo. 9s.

THE ISTHMUS OF PANAMA. By CHARLES J.
BIDWELL. Demy 8vo.

THE BUSINESS OF PLEASURE. By EDMUND
YATES. 2 vols. post 8vo.

NEW NOVELS, TO BE HAD AT ALL LIBRARIES.

THE LOST MANUSCRIPT. By HERR FREYTAG,
Author of 'Debit and Credit.' Translated by Mrs. MALCOLM. 3 vols.

STRATHMORE. By OUIDA. 3 vols.

LANGLEYHAUGH: a Tale of an Anglo-Saxon Family.
2 vols. post 8vo.

CYRIL BLOUNT; or, Trust Money. By the Author
of 'Recommended to Mercy.' 3 vols.

NEVER FORGOTTEN. By PERCY FITZGERALD.
3 vols.

ON GUARD. By Miss THOMAS, Author of 'Denis
Donne.' 3 vols.

THE WOMAN I LOVED AND THE WOMAN
WHO LOVED ME. By the Author of 'Agnes Tremorne.' 1 vol.

MISS MACKENZIE. By ANTHONY TROLLOPE. 2 vols.

CHAPMAN AND HALL, 193 PICCADILLY.

MR. CHARLES DICKENS'S WORKS.

THE ILLUSTRATED LIBRARY EDITION,

Beautifully printed in Post Octavo, and carefully revised by the Author. With the Original Illustrations.

PICKWICK PAPERS	43 Illustrations	2 vols. 15s.
NICHOLAS NICKLEBY	39 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT	40 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
OLD CURIOSITY SHOP	36 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
BARNABY RUDGE	36 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
SKETCHES BY BOZ	39 ditto	1 vol. 7s. 6d.
OLIVER TWIST	24 ditto	1 vol. 7s. 6d.
DOMBEY AND SON	39 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
DAVID COPPERFIELD	40 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
PICTURES FROM ITALY and AMERICAN NOTES	8 ditto	1 vol. 7s. 6d.
BLEAK HOUSE	40 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
LITTLE DORRIT	40 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
CHRISTMAS BOOKS	17 ditto	1 vol. 7s. 6d.
A TALE OF TWO CITIES	16 ditto	1 vol. 7s. 6d.
GREAT EXPECTATIONS... ..	8 ditto	1 vol. 7s. 6d.

CHEAP AND UNIFORM EDITION,

Handsomely printed in Crown 8vo., cloth, with Frontispieces.

	s.	d.		s.	d.
THE PICKWICK PAPERS	5	0	BARNABY RUDGE	4	0
NICHOLAS NICKLEBY	5	0	OLD CURIOSITY SHOP	4	0
MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT... ..	5	0	OLIVER TWIST... ..	3	6
DOMBEY AND SON... ..	5	0	SKETCHES BY BOZ	3	6
DAVID COPPERFIELD	5	0	CHRISTMAS BOOKS	3	6
BLEAK HOUSE	5	0	GREAT EXPECTATIONS	3	6
LITTLE DORRIT	5	0	A TALE OF TWO CITIES	3	6
AMERICAN NOTES				2s.	6d.

MR. ANTHONY TROLLOPE'S WORKS.

CAN YOU FORGIVE HER? With Forty Illustrations, uniform with 'Orley Farm.'

RACHEL RAY. Seventh Edition. 5s.

ORLEY FARM, With Forty Illustrations by J. E. Millais. Handsomely bound in cloth. 2 vols. demy 8vo. 17. 2s.

TALES OF ALL COUNTRIES. 1 vol. post 8vo. }
Second Series. } New Edition. 5s.

DR. THORNE. Eighth Edition. 5s.

THE BERTRAMS. Sixth Edition. 5s.

WEST INDIES AND THE SPANISH MAIN. Fifth Edition. 5s.

THE KELLYS AND THE O'KELLYS. Fifth Edition. 5s.

THE MACDERMOTS OF BALLYCLORAN. Third Edition. 5s.

CASTLE RICHMOND. Fourth Edition. 5s.

NORTH AMERICA. New Edition. 2 vols. post 8vo. 16s.

CHAPMAN & HALL, 193 PICCADILLY.

By appointment to *T. R. H.* the Prince and Princess of Wales.



SANGSTERS' UMBRELLAS,

ON FOX'S PATENT PARAGON FRAMES.

W. and J. S. have been awarded Four Prize Medals for the quality of their Umbrellas, upwards of Three Millions having been made under one of their Patents.

A Label, of the annexed pattern, with the words 'SANGSTER'S UMBRELLA MAKERS,' is attached to all Umbrellas of their Manufacture.

140 REGENT STREET,
94 FLEET STREET,

10 ROYAL EXCHANGE,
75 CHEAPSIDE.

N.B.—OBSERVE THE NAME:

KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY v. COGNAC BRANDY.

THIS celebrated OLD IRISH WHISKY rivals the finest French Brandy. It is pure, mild, mellow, delicious, and very wholesome. Sold in bottles, 3s. 8d., at the retail houses in London; by the agents in the principal towns in England; or, wholesale, at 8, Great Windmill Street, Haymarket, W. Observe the red seal, pink label, and cork branded "Kinahan's LL Whisky."

MR. THOMAS CARLYLE'S WORKS.

HISTORY OF FRIEDRICH THE SECOND, called FREDERICK THE GREAT. By THOMAS CARLYLE. With Portraits and Maps. Third Edition. 6 vols. 20s. each.

UNIFORM EDITION.

Handsomely printed in Crown Octavo, price Six Shillings per Volume.

THE FRENCH REVOLUTION: A HISTORY. In 2 Volumes. 12s.

OLIVER CROMWELL'S LETTERS AND SPEECHES. With Elucidations and Connecting Narrative. In 3 Volumes. 18s.

LIFE OF JOHN STERLING. }
LIFE OF SCHILLER. } One Volume. 6s.

CRITICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS ESSAYS. In 4 Volumes. 24s.

SARTOR RESARTUS. }
HERO WORSHIP. } One Volume. 6s.

LATTER-DAY PAMPHLETS. One Volume. 6s.

CHARTISM. }
PAST AND PRESENT. } One Volume. 6s.

TRANSLATIONS OF GERMAN ROMANCE. One Volume. 6s.

WILHELM MEISTER. By GÖETHE. A Translation. In 2 Volumes. 12s.

CHAPMAN AND HALL, 193 PICCADILLY.

OSBORNE'S ANALYSED PROVISIONS.

A saving of 15 per cent.
To the purchaser on these truly excellent food products.

OSBORNE HOUSE,
30 LUDGATE HILL, NEAR ST. PAUL'S.

DYSPEPSIA.

MORSON'S PEPSINE WINE is a perfectly palatable form for administering this popular remedy for weak digestion. Manufactured by T. Morson and Son, 19 and 46, Southampton Row, Russell Square, W.C., in bottles at 3s., 5s., and 10s. each. Pepsine Lozenges, in boxes, at 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d. each.

SANDEMAN'S PORT FROM THE WOOD.—VINTAGE 1860, 12s. per gallon, and Pure Cadiz Sherry, strongly recommended, 12s. per gallon; Old Bottled Port, 36s., 42s., 48s., and 54s. per doz.; very Choice Vintage Wines, from 72s. to 120s. per doz.; Good Dinner Sherry, 24s., 30s., and 36s. per doz., higher class Wines 42s., 48s., 54s., and 60s. per doz.; Champagne, 36s., 42s., 48s., 54s., and 60s. per doz.; Veuve Clicquot's and Ruinart's Carte Blanche, 80s. per doz.; Hock and Moselle, from 30s. to 81s. per doz.; Claret, excellent Dinner Wine, 18s., 24s., and 30s. per doz., to the fine growths Chateau Margaux, Lafitte, &c., 90s. to 120s. per doz.; Hennessy's and Martell's Fine Old Brandy, 28s. and 30s. per gallon, finest imported 32s. per gallon. Bass's Pale Ale and Guinness's Stout, in Cask and Bottle, in the highest perfection. Samples and Price Lists can be had on application at the Counting House.

J. MOORMAN, late W. NEATS and SON,
Camberwell Green, London, S.

J. MOORMAN, late W. NEATS and SON, Camberwell Green, Sole Agent for the celebrated brand Comet Champagne, 36s. per doz.; Sandeman's Old Port from the wood, 12s. per gallon; real Cadiz Sherry, 12s. per gallon; pure Claret, 18s. per doz. Samples and Price Lists of all Wines can be had at the Counting House. P. O. O. made payable to

JAMES MOORMAN, Camberwell Green.
Cheques crossed London and Westminster Bank.



NOTHING IS MORE REFRESHING THAN
RIMMEL'S
EXTRACT OF LIME-JUICE AND
GLYCERINE,

Which cleanses and cools the head, and gives the hair a beautiful gloss, without greasing it. Price 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., 5s.

RIMMEL'S TOILET VINEGAR

Will also be found a perfect luxury as an adjunct to the Toilet and Bath, and a reviving Perfume. Price 1s., 2s. 6d., 5s.

RIMMEL'S PERFUME FOUNTAIN,
An Elegant Ornament for the Drawing Room, Ball Room, Dining Table, &c. Price from 11. 10s.

EUGENE RIMMEL,

Perfumer by Appointment to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales,
96 Strand; 128 Regent Street; and 24 Cornhill,
London. Sold by all Perfumery Dealers.

KEATING'S PERSIAN INSECT-DESTROYING POWDER, unrivalled in destroying fleas, bugs, flies, beetles, moths, and every species of insect, and harmless to animal life. Sold in packets, 1s. and 2s. 6d. each (1s. packets sent free by post for 14 stamps), by **THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, 79 St. Paul's Churchyard, E.C.;** also sold in Bottles, with bellows, at 1s. 6d. and 3s.

A Clear Complexion is produced by
GOWLAND'S LOTION.

LADIES visiting the Sea-side, riding and promenading, or exposed to the heat of sun and dust, will, immediately on the application of this celebrated preparation, experience its extraordinary genial qualities. It produces and sustains

Great Purity and Delicacy of Complexion.

Removes freckles, tan, and redness, and promotes healthy action, softness, and elasticity of the skin, and is recommended in preference to any other preparation by the Medical Profession. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. Half-pints, 2s. 9d. **CAUTION**—Observe the name of the Proprietor, 'E. C. BOURNE, 19 Lamb's Conduit Street,' on the Government Stamp.

Total eradication of Scorbatic deformities from
the Face and Skin.

GREAT DISCOVERY!!
IODINE SOAP.

IT is an ascertained fact that the Quintessence of Alga, or Sea-weed, is an absolute and infallible repellent of cuticular inflammation, which, when repelled, may be medicinally eliminated. The precious Essence is called **IODINE**. This Iodine JAMES LEWIS has embodied in a beautiful Soap, perfectly reagent of the healthful perfumes of the ocean. The Soap is pronounced by all the Faculty the very best for healthful purification of the skin that is in existence.

Sold by **JAMES LEWIS, at 5s. 6d. per Box, containing Twelve Squares, or at 6d. per single Square.**

Manufactory—6 Bartlett's Buildings, Holborn.

More Cures of Coughs, Colds, & Hoarseness, by



From Mr. JAS. FROUD, Chemist, Dorchester.

'I know one family in particular, and I doubt not there are many others, who look upon them as a "domestic necessity," who in every slight cold, huskiness in the throat, cough, &c., turn to them as naturally and as successfully as a thirsty man turns to water.'
They give instant relief and a rapid cure of asthma, consumption, coughs, and all disorders of the breath and lungs.

TO SINGERS AND PUBLIC SPEAKERS

They are invaluable for clearing and strengthening the Voice, and have a pleasant taste. Price 1s. 1/2, 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d. per box. Sold by all Chemists. *Small Books, containing many hundreds of Cures, may be had from every Agent.*



Sold by all Druggists.

BENHAM AND SONS'

GENERAL FURNISHING IRON-MONGERY CATALOGUE

May be had Gratis and Free by Post. It contains Illustrations of their extensive Stock of Stoves, Fenders, and Fire Irons, Kitchen Ranges, and Cooking Apparatus, for which Prize Medals have been awarded to them in the International Exhibitions of 1851, 1855, and 1862.

Gas Works, Gas Fittings, &c., Baths, Pumps, and Water Closets, Hot Water Apparatus, Conservatories, &c., Cutlery, Electro-Plate, Tea Urns, Lamps, and every description of General Furnishing Ironmongery.

Iron and Brass Bedsteads and Children's Cots, Bedding, Bed-Hangings, Blankets, &c.



FLAVEL'S PRIZE KITCHENER,

With Patented Improvements, to which a Prize Medal has been awarded in 1862; also the only Kitchen Range which obtained a prize medal and special approbation in 1851.

These Ranges are strongly recommended for their simplicity of construction, and economy and cleanliness in use, also as a certain cure for smoky chimneys.

They are made from 3 feet to 18 feet in width for large or small establishments, and may be arranged to supply a bath, steam kettles, hot closets, &c.



BENHAM AND SONS,

19, 20, and 21 WIGMORE STREET, CAVENDISH SQUARE, LONDON, W.

"PURITY & EXCELLENCE OF QUALITY"

COLMAN'S
THE ONLY MEDAL AWARDED FOR MUSTARD
TRADE MARK BULL'S HEAD
AT THE GREAT EXHIBITION, 1862.

PRIZE MEDAL.
1862.

PRIZE MEDAL.
1862.

PRIZE MEDAL MUSTARD.

THEIR GENUINE AND DOUBLE SUPERFINE ARE THE QUALITIES PARTICULARLY RECOMMENDED FOR FAMILY USE.
 RETAILED IN EVERY TOWN THROUGHOUT THE UNITED KINGDOM.

J. Colman, London

SCOTT ADIE,

By Special Appointment to Her Majesty and H.R.H. the Princess of Wales,

Has on View the largest Choice of

LADIES' WATERPROOF CLOAKS AND JACKETS

In the most Fashionable and Useful Shapes, suited for the Season.

LADIES' SUMMER AND WINTER LINSEY WOOLSEY

DRESSES AND PETTICOATS,

SCOTCH SPUN SILKS, IRISH POPLINS, &c.

BOYS' KILT SUITS

In all the Clans, made to Order.

SCOTT ADIE'S FAMOUS WATERPROOF HIGHLAND CLOAKS

For Gentlemen, of SCOTCH TWEEDS, in various Textures, suited for all Seasons and Climates.

HAND-LOOM TWEEDS of real HIGHLAND WOOLS

For Shooting, Fishing, and General Country wear.

BANNOCKBURN MAUDS in the Heathers, Granites, Stone, Lovat, and other Mixtures,

Sufficient in each for Suits, at 28s. 6d. each.

HOME-SPUN SHEPHERD'S PLAIDS, 21s. each.

BLACK and OXFORD SCOTCH TWEEDS in all substances for Clergymen's wear.

SCOTT ADIE, 115 AND 115A REGENT STREET.

ENTRANCE, CORNER OF VIGO STREET, LONDON, W.

**CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS,
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, SPASMS, &c:**

CAUTION.—'IN CHANCERY: CHLORODYNE.

VICE-CHANCELLOR WOOD stated that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the Inventor of Chlorodyne. Eminent Hospital Physicians of London stated that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was the Discoverer of Chlorodyne; that they prescribe it largely, and mean no other than Dr. BROWNE'S.—See *Times*, July 13, 1864. The Public, therefore, are cautioned against using any other than Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

THIS INVALUABLE REMEDY produces quiet refreshing sleep, relieves pain, calms the system, restores the deranged functions, and stimulates healthy action of the secretions of the body, without creating any of those unpleasant results attending the use of opium. Old and young may take it at all hours and times, when requisite.

From J. M'GRIGOR CROFT, M.D., M.R.C. Physicians, London, late Staff-Surgeon to H.M.F.

'After prescribing Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, for the last three years, in severe cases of Neuralgia and Tic Doloureux, I feel that I am in a position to testify to its valuable effects. Really in some cases it acted as a charm, when all other means had failed. Without being asked for this report, I must come forward and state my candid opinion that it is a most valuable medicine.'

From Jno. E. GOULSTONE, M.D., Knighton.

'I can confidently state that Chlorodyne is an admirable Sedative and Anti-Spasmodic, having used it in Neuralgia, Hysteria, Asthma, and Consumption, with remarkably favourable results. It relieved a fit of Asthma in four minutes, where the patient had suffered 11 years in a most distressing manner, no previous remedy having had so immediate and beneficial an effect.'

No home should be without it. Sold in Bottles, at 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. Sent free on receipt of stamps, by J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury Square, London, W.C., sole manufacturer. Observe particularly, none genuine without the words 'Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,' on the Government Stamp.

"RECONNOITERER" CLASS 10/10!!!
SENT FREE

DISTINCTLY shows small Windows 10 miles off, Landscape at 30 miles, Jupiter's Moons, &c.

MARQUESS OF CARMARTHEN—'The Reconnoiterer is very good.' LORD GARVAGH—'Remarkably good.' Rev. LORD SCARSDALE 'approves of it.' LORD GIFFORD—'Most useful.' SIR DIGBY CAYLEY—'Gives me complete satisfaction, and is wonderfully good.' F. H. FAWKES of Farnley, Esq.—'I never met a glass combining so much power for its size with so much clearness.' MAJOR STARKEY of Wrenbury—'Quite as powerful as that for which I gave 5l. 5s.' CAPTAIN SENDEY, Royal Small Arms Factory, Enfield—'It is effective on the 1000 yards range.' FIELD—'We have found it fully equal to others which had cost more than four times its price.' NOTES AND QUERIES—'What tourist will now start without such an indispensable companion?' The 'HYTHE' GLASS shows bullet-marks at 1200 yards, and men at 3½ miles, 31s. 6d.

The above, bearing the Registered Trade-Marks 'RECONNOITERER' and 'HYTHE,' only to be had direct from, and by written application to,

SALOM & CO., 98 PRINCES STREET, EDINBURGH.

No AGENTS of any kind.

Two Prize Medals Awarded, 1862.
Prices from 15s. per set.

JAQUES'S CROQUET.

At all Fancy Repositories.

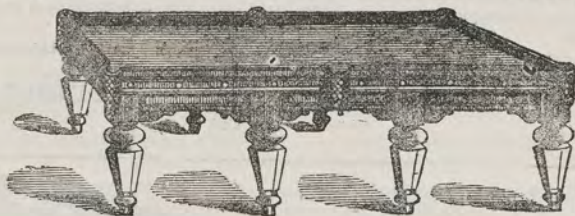
WHOLESALE, JAQUES and SON, 102 HATTON GARDEN.

FIRST MANUFACTURED IN LONDON,
A. D. 1742.



ESTABLISHED 1814.

THURSTON AND CO.,
Billiard Table Manufacturers
 TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN,
 BY APPOINTMENT,
 And to H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.



The great superiority of the Billiard Tables manufactured by this Firm is fully attested by the fact of their Tables having been patronized by Royalty since the reign of George III., during which period they have been honoured also by the patronage of the principal Nobility and Gentry of England, upwards of two hundred of Her Majesty's and the Native Regiments at home and abroad, and more than one hundred of the principal London, Provincial, and Foreign Clubs.

CATHERINE STREET, STRAND, LONDON.

FOR CHILDREN'S DIET.

BROWN & POLSON'S



PATENT
CORN FLOUR.

GUARANTEED
PERFECTLY PURE.

CORRECTED RECIPE FOR
INFANTS' FOOD.

To two teaspoonsful of BROWN AND POLSON'S CORN FLOUR, mixed with two table-spoonful of cold water, add half-pint of boiling milk and water (equal quantities); boil for seven minutes, and sweeten very slightly. It should be when warm about the thickness of cream.

MAKERS TO THE QUEEN AND PRINCE OF WALES.

FRY'S

HOMOEOPATHIC
 PEARL
 ICELAND MOSS
 ROCK

COCOA.

FRY'S SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Fry's Chocolate for Eating, in Sticks, Drops, &c. Fry's Chocolate Creams.

J. S. FRY & SONS are the ONLY English House in the trade to whom a PRIZE MEDAL was awarded at the International Exhibition, 1862. The superior quality of their articles has been attested by uniform public approbation DURING A CENTURY.

SOFT, DELICATE, WHITE,

And Clear Skins, with a DELIGHTFUL and LASTING FRAGRANCE, by using

FIELD'S CELEBRATED UNITED SERVICE SOAP TABLETS,

FREE FROM
COCOA-NUT OIL.

MADE OF
THE PUREST POSSIBLE INGREDIENTS,
EXQUISITELY PERFUMED,
And recommended by the Faculty.

FREE FROM
COCOA-NUT OIL.

J.C.&J.FIELD.
LONDON

ONLY SEE THAT the name of
J. C. & J. FIELD is on EVERY TABLET.

UNITED SERVICE
SOAP TABLET

6d. each

Wholesale at the Works, UPPER MARSH, LAMBETH,
LONDON, and retail of Chemists, Grocers and Perfumers
throughout the Kingdom, where also may be obtained their

4d. each.

PRIZE MEDAL PARAFFINE CANDLES, as adopted by HER MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT
and the NEW SELF-FITTING SNUFFLESS CANDLE.

Cash's Cambric Frilling



Requires neither *hemming* nor
whipping, and is of a fine and
peculiarly durable material,
perfectly free from all *dress*.
It is of various widths.
For trimming all kinds of
LADIES' and CHILDREN'S
WASHING APPAREL.

Sold by all Drapers, in Envelopes
containing 12 yards, and bearing the
names of J. & J. CASH, Patentees.

This Frilling is not attached to any band, and can be sewn on with great neatness.

OSLER'S GLASS CHANDELIERS,

WALL LIGHTS AND LUSTRES, FOR GAS AND CANDLES.

TABLE GLASS, ETC.

Glass Dinner Services for 12 Persons, from 7l. 15s. Glass Dessert Services for 12 Persons, from 2l.

ALL ARTICLES MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.

Ornamental Glass, English and Foreign, suitable for Presents.

Mess. Export, and Furnishing Orders promptly executed.

LONDON—SHOW ROOMS, 45 OXFORD STREET.

BIRMINGHAM—MANUFACTORY & SHOW ROOMS, BROAD STREET,

ESTABLISHED 1807.

Chandeliers in Bronze and Ormolu for Dining-room and Library.

Candelabra, Moderator Lamps, in Bronze, Ormolu, China, and Glass.

Statuettes in Parian, Vases, and other Ornaments, in a Show-Room erected expressly for these Articles.

OSLER, 45 OXFORD STREET, W.

THE PERFECT HAIR-DYE.

UNWIN AND ALBERT'S COLUMBIAN.—Its extraordinary power is so effective and instantaneous that grey hair is coloured permanently a natural brown or black the moment it is touched by the dye, leaving it perfectly clean and soft as before the application.



In cases at 5s. 6d., 10s. 6d., and 21s. Sample Case, 2s. 6d.; by post 40 stamps. 24 PICCADILLY, where Specimens may be seen.

Beware of Imitations.

AURICOMUS FLUID, for producing the rich golden flaxen colour so greatly admired for its beautiful and becoming shade, on ladies' and children's hair. Prepared only by **UNWIN and ALBERT**, Court Hairdressers, 24 Piccadilly. In bottles, 10s. 6d. and 21s.

SHEPPARD'S**NEW MODEL DAIRY BUTTER,**

Always good, in One Pound Baskets, 1s. 4d., basket included. Cheese, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Chaps, &c., of the choicest descriptions. Crosse and Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, and Breakfast and Luncheon Delicacies.

Provision Warehouses,

88 Borough, S.E., & Terminus Stores,
London Bridge, S.E.

Bond's Permanent Marking Ink.

THE ORIGINAL INVENTION, established 1821, is by far the BEST for Marking NAMES and INITIALS upon household linen, wearing apparel, &c. Price 1s. per bottle. No sixpenny size ever made. Sold by E. K. BOND, 10, Bishopsgate St. Within, E.C., and by all respectable chemists and stationers in the United Kingdom.—Notice. Removed from 28, Long Lane, E.C. (where it has been established nearly half a century), to 10, Bishopsgate Street Within, E.C.



Cool and Refreshing Toilette Requisite.

OLDRIDGE'S BALM OF COLUMBIA, established upwards of forty years, is the best and only certain remedy ever discovered for Preserving, Strengthening, Beautifying, or Restoring the Hair, Whiskers, or Moustaches, and preventing them turning grey. Sold in bottles, 3s. 6d., 6s., and 11s., by G. and A. Oldridge, 22, Wellington Street, Strand, London, W.C., and all Chemists and Perfumers. For Children's and Ladies' Hair it is most efficacious and unrivalled.



Used in the Palaces of

THE QUEEN

and the

PRINCE OF WALES

More cleanly, polishes more quickly, & cheaper, Because it is less wasteful, and because a little goes further than any other kind. Sold by Grocers, Druggists, Ironmongers, &c. RECKITT and SOSS, Suffolk Lane, Upper Thames Street, E.C., and Hull.

White and Sound Teeth:

JEWSBURY and BROWN'S ORIENTAL TOOTH PASTE. Established by 40 years' experience as the best preservative for the teeth and gums. The original and only Genuine, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. per pot.

113, MARKET STREET, MANCHESTER; and by Agents throughout the Kingdom and Colonies.

Kaye's Worsdell's Pills.

THE experience of nearly half a century proves that this invaluable Medicine is potent for the removal of DISEASE, and the restoration of HEALTH. No FAMILY should be without it, as a timely use of this great Remedy has saved THOUSANDS of valuable lives. There is no form of disease which may not be cured if Kaye's Worsdell's Pills are taken in time. Sold by all Chemists, &c., at 1s. 1d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d. per box.

TRELOAR'S**KAMPTULICON.**

Plain.....3s. 4d. per square yard.

Printed...3s. 9d. ditto.

67 LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

**GLASS SHADES**

For the Protection of Articles injured by exposure, FERN CASES and AQUARIUMS, GLASS and OTHER MATERIALS FOR PHOTOGRAPHIC PURPOSES,

AND EVERY KIND OF PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL

WINDOW-GLASS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT

CLAUDET & HOUGHTON'S,
89, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

Lists of Prices sent Free on Application.



IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

JOSEPH GILLOTT,
METALLIC PEN MAKER TO THE QUEEN,

BEGS to inform the Commercial World, Scholastic Institutions, and the Public generally, that, by a novel application of his unrivalled Machinery for making Steel Pens, he has introduced a **NEW SERIES** of his useful productions, which, for **EXCELLENCE OF TEMPER, QUALITY OF MATERIAL,** and, above all, **CHEAPNESS IN PRICE,** must insure universal approbation, and defy competition.

Each Pen bears the impress of his name as a guarantee of quality. They are put up in boxes containing one gross each, with label outside, and the fac-simile of his signature.

At the request of numerous persons engaged in tuition, J. G. has introduced his **WARRANTED SCHOOL and PUBLIC PENS,** which are especially adapted to their use, being of different degrees of flexibility, and with fine, medium, and broad points, suitable for the various kinds of Writing taught in Schools.

Sold Retail by all Stationers and Booksellers. Merchants and Wholesale Dealers can be supplied at the Works, Graham-street, Birmingham; at 91 John-street, New York; and at 37 Gracechurch-street, London.

SLACK'S ELECTRO-PLATE

IS a coating of Pure Silver over Nickel. A combination of two Metals possessing such valuable properties renders it in appearance and wear equal to Sterling Silver.

MANUFACTURED SOLELY BY R. AND J. SLACK.



Cruet Frames, from 12s. 4; Corner Dishes, 8l. 8s. set, forming Eight Dishes; Tea and Coffee Sets from 4l. 10s.

	Electro Plated	Strong Plated	Thread Pattern.	King's or Thread, with Shell.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Table Forks, per dozen	1 10 0	1 18 0	2 8 0	3 0 0
Dessert Forks	1 0 0	1 10 0	1 15 0	2 2 0
Table Spoons	1 10 0	1 18 0	2 8 0	3 0 0
Dessert Spoons	1 0 0	1 10 0	1 15 0	2 2 0
Tea Spoons	0 12 0	0 18 0	1 3 6	1 10 0

EVERY ARTICLE FOR THE TABLE AS IN SILVER.

OLD GOODS REPLATED EQUAL TO NEW.

SLACK'S TABLE CUTLERY

Has been celebrated 50 years for quality and cheapness

Their Catalogue of Drawings and Prices may be had gratis, or sent Post-free. Orders above 2l. sent carriage free, per rail, and packed without charge.

RICHARD AND JOHN SLACK,

IRONMONGERS TO HER MAJESTY,

336 STRAND, opposite SOMERSET HOUSE.

CUTLERY, Warranted. — The most varied Assortment of TABLE CUTLERY in the world, all warranted, is on sale at WILLIAM S. BURTON'S, at prices that are remunerative only because of the largeness of the sales.

	Table Knives per doz.	Dessert Knives per doz.	Carvers per Pair.
IVORY HANDLES.			
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
34-inch Ivory handles . . .	12 0	9 6	4 6
34-inch fine Ivory handles . .	15 0	11 6	4 6
4-inch Ivory balance handles .	18 0	14 0	5 0
4-inch fine Ivory handles . . .	25 0	19 0	7 6
4-inch finest African Ivory handles	33 0	26 0	11 6
Ditto, with silver ferules . . .	40 0	33 0	13 0
Ditto, carved handles, silver ferules	50 0	43 0	17 6
Nickel electro-silver handles, any pattern	25 0	19 0	7 6
Silver handles of any pattern	84 0	54 0	21 0
BONE AND HORN HANDLES.			
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Knives and Forks per dozen . .	11 0	8 6	2 6
White bone handles	21 0	17 0	4 6
Black horn rim'd shoulders . . .	17 0	14 0	4 0
Do., very strong riveted hds. . .	12 0	9 0	3 0

The Largest Stock in existence of PLATED DESSERT KNIVES and FORKS, in Cases and otherwise, and of the new Plated Fish Carvers.

CLOCKS, CANDELABRA, BRONZES, and LAMPS.

WILLIAM S. BURTON invites inspection of his Stock of these, displayed in two large Show-rooms. Each article is of guaranteed quality, and some are objects of pure Vertu, the productions of the first manufacturers of Paris, from whom William S. Burton imports them direct.

- Clocks, from 7s. 6d. to 45l.
- Candelabra, from 13s. 6d. to 16l. 10s. per pair.
- Bronzes, from 13s. to 16l. 16s.
- Lamps, modérateur, from 6s. to 9l.
- Pure Colza Oil 4s. per gallon.

FENDERS, STOVES, FIRE-

IRONS, and CHIMNEY-PIECES.—Buyers of the above are requested, before finally deciding, to visit WILLIAM S. BURTON'S SHOW-ROOMS. They contain such an assortment of FENDERS, STOVES, RANGES, CHIMNEY-PIECES, FIRE-IRONS, and GENERAL IRONMONGERY as cannot be approached elsewhere either for variety, novelty, beauty of design, or exquisiteness of workmanship. Bright stoves, with ornate ornaments, 3l. 8s. to 33l. 10s.; bronzed fenders, with standards, 7s. to 5l. 12s.; steel fenders, 3l. 3s. to 11l.; ditto, with rich ornate ornaments, from 3l. 3s. to 15l.; chimney-pieces, from 1l. 8s. to 100l.; fire-irons, from 3s. 3d. the set to 4l. 4s. THE BURTON and all other PATENT STOVES, with radiating hearth-plates.

BEDSTEADS, BEDDING, and FURNITURE.—WILLIAM S. BURTON'S STOCK on SHOW of IRON and BRASS BEDSTEADS and CHILDREN'S COTS, stands unrivalled either for extent or moderateness of prices. He also supplies Bedding, manufactured on the premises, and Bed Hangings of guaranteed quality.

Patent Iron Bedsteads, fitted with dovetail joints and patent sacking, from 12s. each. Ornamental Iron and Brass Bedsteads in great variety, from 1l. 4s. to 25l.

Complete suites of Bed-room Furniture in mahogany, fancy woods, polished and japanned deal, always on show. These are made by WILLIAM S. BURTON, at his manufactory, 84, Newman Street, and every article is guaranteed. China Toilet Ware in great variety, from 4s. the set of five pieces.

THE PERFECT SUBSTITUTE

for SILVER.—The real NICKEL SILVER, introduced more than thirty years ago by WILLIAM S. BURTON, when plated by the patent process of Messrs. Elkington and Co., is beyond all comparison the very best article next to sterling silver that can be employed as such, either usefully or ornamentally, as by no possible test can it be distinguished from real silver.

A small useful set, guaranteed of first quality for finish and durability, as follows:—

	Fiddle or Old Silver Pattern.	Bead Pattern.	Thread Pattern.	King's or Shell and Thread.
	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>	<i>£ s. d.</i>
12 Table Forks	1 13 0	2 0 0	2 4 0	2 10 0
12 Table Spoons	1 13 0	2 0 0	2 4 0	2 10 0
12 Dessert Forks	1 4 0	1 10 0	1 12 0	1 15 0
12 Dessert Spoons	1 4 0	1 10 0	1 12 0	1 15 0
12 Tea Spoons	16 0	1 0 0	1 2 0	1 5 0
6 Egg Spoons, } gilt bowls	10 0	12 0	12 0	13 6
2 Sauce Ladies	6 0	8 0	8 0	9 0
1 Gravy Spoon	6 6	9 0	10 0	11 0
2 Salt Spoons, } gilt bowls	3 4	4 0	4 0	4 6
1 Mustard Spoon, } gilt bowl	1 8	2 0	2 0	2 3
1 Pair Sugar Tongs	2 6	3 6	3 6	4 0
1 Pair Fish Carvers	1 4 0	1 10 0	10 0	10 0
1 Butter Knife	2 6	4 0	5 6	6 0
1 Soup Ladle	10 0	12 0	16 0	17 0
1 Sugar Sifter	3 3	4 6	4 6	5 6
Total	9 19 9	12 9 0	13 9 6	14 17 3

Any article to be had singly at the same prices. An oak chest to contain the above, and a relative number of knives, &c., 2l. 15s. Tea and Coffee Sets, Dish Covers and Corner Dishes, Cruet and Liqueur Frames, &c., at proportionate prices. All kinds of re-plating done by the patent process.

TEA URNS, of LONDON

MAKE ONLY.—The largest Assortment of London-made TEA URNS in the world (including all the recent novelties, many of which are registered) is on SALE at WILLIAM S. BURTON'S, from 30s. to 6l.

WILLIAM S. BURTON,
GENERAL FURNISHING IRONMONGER

By Appointment to H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES,

Sends a **CATALOGUE** gratis and post paid. It contains upwards of 600 Illustrations of his illimited Stock of Sterling Silver and Electro Plate, Nickel Silver, and Britannia Metal Goods, Dish Covers, Hot-water Dishes, Stoves, Fenders, Marble Chimney-pieces, Kitchen Ranges, Lamps, Gaseliers, Tea Trays, Urns and Kettles, Clocks, Table Cutlery, Baths, Toilet Ware, Turnery, Iron and Brass Bedsteads, Bedding, Bedroom Cabinet Furniture, &c., with Lists of Prices, and PLANS of the TWENTY LARGE SHOW-ROOMS at

39 OXFORD STREET, W.; 1, 1a, 2, 3, & 4, NEWMAN STREET;
4, 5, & 6, PERRY'S PLACE; & 1 NEWMAN YARD, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1820.

LETISER.

STEAD'S, BEZON

WILLIAM A. BEZON
 of 1800 and BEZON
 'S OVEN, stands amongst the
 most of price. He also
 on the premises and
 quality.

to Bezon's, fitted with
 eg. from 12s. each. Com
 in great variety, from 11. 1/2
 sites of Bezon's, from 11. 1/2
 established and improved. See
 de by WILLIAM A. BEZON
 14, Newman Street, and
 1110 York Way in great
 cases.

PERFECT SUBSTIT

It.—The real **WORLD'S BEST**
 thirty years ago by WILLIAM
 calculated by the most precise
 is beyond all comparison for
 being silver that can be easily
 or ornamentally, as it is
 guished from real silver.
 guaranteed of this quality
 follows—

Piece or Old Silver Pattern.	Real Silver Pattern.	Thousand of Pieces.	Weight in Ounces.
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9
10	10	10	10
11	11	11	11
12	12	12	12
13	13	13	13
14	14	14	14
15	15	15	15
16	16	16	16
17	17	17	17
18	18	18	18
19	19	19	19
20	20	20	20
21	21	21	21
22	22	22	22
23	23	23	23
24	24	24	24
25	25	25	25
26	26	26	26
27	27	27	27
28	28	28	28
29	29	29	29
30	30	30	30
31	31	31	31
32	32	32	32
33	33	33	33
34	34	34	34
35	35	35	35
36	36	36	36
37	37	37	37
38	38	38	38
39	39	39	39
40	40	40	40
41	41	41	41
42	42	42	42
43	43	43	43
44	44	44	44
45	45	45	45
46	46	46	46
47	47	47	47
48	48	48	48
49	49	49	49
50	50	50	50

had simply at the expense
 in the silver, and a minimum
 Tea and Coffee set, 10/6
 a, Crest and Liqueur set, 10/6
 sh. All kinds of repairing

URNS, of LON

—The largest American
 in the world (including)
 of which are registered at
 BUNTON'S, from 1854 to 1874.

RTON,

IRONMONG

CE OF WALES,

of our illustrations of the
 work, Thick Covers, Bindings, &c.
 days, Glass and Earthen Ware, &c.
 on Colours Furniture, &c. &c.
 SHOW-SHOES &c.

4, NEWMAN STREET,

MAN YARD, LONDON.



THE PARTING BY THE RIVER.

THE PUNISHMENT BY THE HEAVENS



GREEN Sc

BETTER TO BE ABEL THAN CAIN.

CHAPTER V.

CONCERNING THE MENDICANT'S BRIDE.

THE impressive gloom with which Mrs. Wilfer received her husband on his return from the wedding, knocked so hard at the door of the cherubic conscience, and likewise so impaired the firmness of the cherubic legs, that the culprit's tottering condition of mind and body might have roused suspicion in less occupied persons than the grimly heroic lady, Miss Lavinia, and that esteemed friend of the family, Mr. George Sampson. But, the attention of all three being fully possessed by the main fact of the marriage, they had happily none to bestow on the guilty conspirator; to which fortunate circumstance he owed the escape for which he was in no-wise indebted to himself.

"You do not, R. W.," said Mrs. Wilfer from her stately corner, "inquire for your daughter Bella."

"To be sure, my dear," he returned, with a most flagrant assumption of unconsciousness, "I did omit it. How—or perhaps I should rather say where—is Bella?"

"Not here," Mrs. Wilfer proclaimed, with folded arms.

The cherub faintly muttered something to the abortive effect of "Oh, indeed, my dear!"

"Not here," repeated Mrs. Wilfer, in a stern sonorous voice. "In a word, R. W., you have no daughter Bella."

"No daughter Bella, my dear?"

"No. Your daughter Bella," said Mrs. Wilfer, with a lofty air of never having had the least copartnership in that young lady: of whom she now made reproachful mention as an article of luxury which her husband had set up entirely on his own account, and in direct opposition to her advice:—"your daughter Bella has bestowed herself upon a Mendicant."

"Good gracious, my dear!"

"Show your father his daughter Bella's letter, Lavinia," said Mrs. Wilfer, in her monotonous Act of Parliament tone, and waving her hand. "I think your father will admit it to be documentary proof of what I tell him. I believe your father is acquainted with his daughter Bella's writing. But I do not know. He may tell you he is not. Nothing will surprise me."

"Posted at Greenwich, and dated this morning," said the Irrepressible, flouncing at her father in handing him the evidence. "Hopes Ma won't be angry, but is happily married to Mr. John Rokesmith, and didn't mention it beforehand to avoid words, and please tell darling you, and love to me, and I should like to know what you'd have said if any other unmarried member of the family had done it!"

He read the letter, and faintly exclaimed "Dear me!"

"You may well say Dear me!" rejoined Mrs. Wilfer, in a deep tone. Upon which encouragement he said it again, though scarcely with

the success he had expected; for the scornful lady then remarked, with extreme bitterness: "You said that before."

"It's very surprising. But I suppose, my dear," hinted the cherub, as he folded the letter after a disconcerting silence, "that we must make the best of it? Would you object to my pointing out, my dear, that Mr. John Rokesmith is not (so far as I am acquainted with him), strictly speaking, a Mendicant?"

"Indeed?" returned Mrs. Wilfer, with an awful air of politeness. "Truly so? I was not aware that Mr. John Rokesmith was a gentleman of landed property. But I am much relieved to hear it."

"I doubt if you *have* heard it, my dear," the cherub submitted with hesitation.

"Thank you," said Mrs. Wilfer. "I make false statements, it appears? So be it. If my daughter flies in my face, surely my husband may. The one thing is not more unnatural than the other. There seems a fitness in the arrangement. By all means!" Assuming, with a shiver of resignation, a deadly cheerfulness.

But, here the Irrepressible skirmished into the conflict, dragging the reluctant form of Mr. Sampson after her.

"Ma," interposed the young lady, "I must say I think it would be much better if you would keep to the point, and not hold forth about people's flying into people's faces, which is nothing more nor less than impossible nonsense."

"How!" exclaimed Mrs. Wilfer, knitting her dark brows.

"Just im-possible nonsense, Ma," returned Lavvy, "and George Sampson knows it is, as well as I do."

Mrs. Wilfer suddenly becoming petrified, fixed her indignant eyes upon the wretched George: who, divided between the support due from him to his love, and the support due from him to his love's mamma, supported nobody, not even himself.

"The true point is," pursued Lavinia, "that Bella has behaved in a most insisterly way to me, and might have severely compromised me with George and with George's family, by making off and getting married in this very low and disreputable manner—with some pew-opener or other, I suppose, for a bridesmaid—when she ought to have confided in me, and ought to have said, 'If, Lavvy, you consider it due to your engagement with George, that you should countenance the occasion by being present, then Lavvy, I beg you to be present, keeping my secret from Ma and Pa.' As of course I should have done."

"As of course you would have done? Ingrate!" exclaimed Mrs. Wilfer. "Viper!"

"I say! You know ma'am. Upon my honor you mustn't," Mr. Sampson remonstrated, shaking his head seriously, "With the highest respect for you, ma'am, upon my life you mustn't. No really, you know. When a man with the feelings of a gentleman finds himself engaged to a young lady, and it comes (even on the part of a member of the family) to vipers, you know!—I would merely put it to your own good feeling, you know," said Mr. Sampson, in rather lame conclusion.

Mrs. Wilfer's baleful stare at the young gentleman in acknowledg-

ment of his obliging interference was of such a nature that Miss Lavinia burst into tears, and caught him round the neck for his protection.

"My own unnatural mother," screamed the young lady, "wants to annihilate George! But you shan't be annihilated, George. I'll die first!"

Mr. Sampson, in the arms of his mistress, still struggled to shake his head at Mrs. Wilfer, and to remark: "With every sentiment of respect for you, you know, ma'am—vipers really doesn't do you credit."

"You shall not be annihilated, George!" cried Miss Lavinia. "Ma shall destroy me first, and then she'll be contented. Oh, oh, oh! Have I lured George from his happy home to expose him to this! George, dear, be free! Leave me, ever dearest George, to Ma and to my fate. Give my love to your aunt, George dear, and implore her not to curse the viper that has crossed your path and blighted your existence. Oh, oh, oh!" The young lady who, hysterically speaking, was only just come of age, and had never gone off yet, here fell into a highly creditable crisis, which, regarded as a first performance, was very successful; Mr. Sampson, bending over the body meanwhile, in a state of distraction, which induced him to address Mrs. Wilfer in the inconsistent expressions: "Demon—with the highest respect for you—behold your work!"

The cherub stood helplessly rubbing his chin and looking on, but on the whole was inclined to welcome this diversion as one in which, by reason of the absorbent properties of hysterics, the previous question would become absorbed. And so, indeed, it proved, for the Irrepressible gradually coming to herself, and asking with wild emotion, "George dear, are you safe?" and further, "George love, what has happened? Where is Ma?" Mr. Sampson, with words of comfort, raised her prostrate form, and handed her to Mrs. Wilfer as if the young lady were something in the nature of refreshments. Mrs. Wilfer with dignity partaking of the refreshments, by kissing her once on the brow (as if accepting an oyster), Miss Lavvy, tottering, returned to the protection of Mr. Sampson; to whom she said, "George dear, I am afraid I have been foolish; but I am still a little weak and giddy; don't let go my hand, George!" And whom she afterwards greatly agitated at intervals, by giving utterance, when least expected, to a sound between a sob and a bottle of soda water, that seemed to rend the bosom of her frock.

Among the most remarkable effects of this crisis may be mentioned its having, when peace was restored, an inexplicable moral influence, of an elevating kind, on Miss Lavinia, Mrs. Wilfer, and Mr. George Sampson, from which R. W. was altogether excluded, as an outsider and non-sympathizer. Miss Lavinia assumed a modest air of having distinguished herself; Mrs. Wilfer, a serene air of forgiveness and resignation; Mr. Sampson, an air of having been improved and chastened. The influence pervaded the spirit in which they returned to the previous question.

"George dear," said Lavvy, with a melancholy smile, "after what has passed, I am sure Ma will tell Pa that he may tell Bella we shall all be glad to see her and her husband."

Mr. Sampson said he was sure of it too; murmuring how eminently he respected Mrs. Wilfer, and ever must, and ever would. Never more eminently, he added, than after what had passed.

"Far be it from me," said Mrs. Wilfer, making deep proclamation from her corner, "to run counter to the feelings of a child of mine, and of a Youth," Mr. Sampson hardly seemed to like that word, "who is the object of her maiden preference. I may feel—nay, know—that I have been deluded and deceived. I may feel—nay, know—that I have been set aside and passed over. I may feel—nay, know—that after having so far overcome my repugnance towards Mr. and Mrs. Boffin as to receive them under this roof, and to consent to your daughter Bella's," here turning to her husband, "residing under theirs, it were well if your daughter Bella," again turning to her husband, "had profited in a worldly point of view by a connection so distasteful, so disreputable. I may feel—nay, know—that in uniting herself to Mr. Rokesmith she has united herself to one who is, in spite of shallow sophistry, a Mendicant. And I may feel well assured that your daughter Bella," again turning to her husband, "does not exalt her family by becoming a Mendicant's bride. But I suppress what I feel, and say nothing of it."

Mr. Sampson murmured that this was the sort of thing you might expect from one who had ever in her own family been an example and never an outrage. And ever more so (Mr. Sampson added, with some degree of obscurity,) and never more so, than in and through what had passed. He must take the liberty of adding, that what was true of the mother was true of the youngest daughter, and that he could never forget the touching feelings that the conduct of both had awakened within him. In conclusion, he did hope that there wasn't a man with a beating heart who was capable of something that remained undescribed, in consequence of Miss Lavinia's stopping him as he reeled in his speech.

"Therefore, R. W." said Mrs. Wilfer, resuming her discourse and turning to her lord again, "let your daughter Bella come when she will, and she will be received. So," after a short pause, and an air of having taken medicine in it, "so will her husband."

"And I beg, Pa," said Lavinia, "that you will not tell Bella what I have undergone. It can do no good, and it might cause her to reproach herself."

"My dearest girl," urged Mr. Sampson, "she ought to know it."

"No, George," said Lavinia, in a tone of resolute self-denial. "No, dearest George, let it be buried in oblivion."

Mr. Sampson considered that, "too noble."

"Nothing is too noble, dearest George," returned Lavinia. "And Pa, I hope you will be careful not to refer before Bella, if you can help it, to my engagement to George. It might seem like reminding her of her having cast herself away. And I hope, Pa, that you will think it equally right to avoid mentioning George's rising prospects, when Bella is present. It might seem like taunting her with her own poor fortunes. Let me ever remember that I am her younger sister, and ever spare her painful contrasts, which could not but wound her sharply."

Mr. Sampson expressed his belief that such was the demeanour of Angels. Miss Lavvy replied with solemnity, "No, dearest George, I am but too well aware that I am merely human."

Mrs. Wilfer, for her part, still further improved the occasion by sitting with her eyes fastened on her husband, like two great black notes of interrogation, severely inquiring, Are you looking into your breast? Do you deserve your blessings? Can you lay your hand upon your heart and say that you are worthy of so hysterical a daughter? I do not ask you if you are worthy of such a wife—put Me out of the question—but are you sufficiently conscious of, and thankful for, the pervading moral grandeur of the family spectacle on which you are gazing? These inquiries proved very harassing to R. W. who, besides being a little disturbed by wine, was in perpetual terror of committing himself by the utterance of stray words that would betray his guilty foreknowledge. However, the scene being over, and—all things considered—well over, he sought refuge in a doze; which gave his lady immense offence.

"Can you think of your daughter Bella, and sleep?" she disdainfully inquired.

To which he mildly answered, "Yes, I think I can, my dear."

"Then," said Mrs. Wilfer, with solemn indignation, "I would recommend you, if you have a human feeling, to retire to bed."

"Thank you, my dear," he replied; "I think it is the best place for me." And with these unsympathetic words very gladly withdrew.

Within a few weeks afterwards, the Mendicant's bride (arm-in-arm with the Mendicant) came to tea, in fulfilment of an engagement made through her father. And the way in which the Mendicant's bride dashed at the unassailable position so considerably to be held by Miss Lavvy, and scattered the whole of the works in all directions in a moment, was triumphant.

"Dearest Ma," cried Bella, running into the room with a radiant face, "how do you do, dearest Ma?" And then embraced her, joyously. "And Lavvy darling, how do you do, and how's George Sampson, and how is he getting on, and when are you going to be married, and how rich are you going to grow? You must tell me all about it, Lavvy dear, immediately. John, love, kiss Ma and Lavvy, and then we shall all be at home and comfortable."

Mrs. Wilfer stared, but was helpless. Miss Lavinia stared, but was helpless. Apparently with no compunction, and assuredly with no ceremony, Bella tossed her bonnet away, and sat down to make the tea.

"Dearest Ma and Lavvy, you both take sugar, I know. And Pa (you good little Pa), you don't take milk. John does. I didn't before I was married; but I do now, because John does. John dear, did you kiss Ma and Lavvy? Oh, you did! Quite correct, John dear; but I didn't see you do it, so I asked. Cut some bread and butter, John; that's a love. Ma likes it doubled. And now you must tell me, dearest Ma and Lavvy, upon your words and honours! Didn't you for a moment—just a moment—think I was a dreadful little wretch when I wrote to say I had run away?"

Before Mrs. Wilfer could wave her gloves, the Mendicant's bride in her merriest affectionate manner went on again.

"I think it must have made you rather cross, dear Ma and Lavvy, and I know I deserved that you should be very cross. But you see I had been such a heedless, heartless creature, and had led you so to expect that I should marry for money, and so to make sure that I was incapable of marrying for love, that I thought you couldn't believe me. Because, you see, you didn't know how much of Good, Good, Good, I had learnt from John. Well! So I was sly about it, and ashamed of what you supposed me to be, and fearful that we couldn't understand one another and might come to words, which we should all be sorry for afterwards, and so I said to John that if he liked to take me without any fuss, he might. And as he did like, I let him. And we were married at Greenwich church in the presence of nobody—except an unknown individual who dropped in," here her eyes sparkled more brightly, "and half a pensioner. And now, isn't it nice, dearest Ma and Lavvy, to know that no words have been said which any of us can be sorry for, and that we are all the best of friends at the pleasanter of teas!"

Having got up and kissed them again, she slipped back to her chair (after a loop on the road to squeeze her husband round the neck) and again went on.

"And now you will naturally want to know, dearest Ma and Lavvy, how we live, and what we have got to live upon. Well! And so we live on Blackheath, in the charm—ingest of dolls' houses, de—lightfully furnished, and we have a clever little servant who is de—cidedly pretty, and we are economical and orderly, and do everything by clockwork, and we have a hundred and fifty pounds a year, and we have all we want, and more. And lastly, if you would like to know in confidence, as perhaps you may, what is my opinion of my husband, my opinion is—that I almost love him!"

"And if you would like to know in confidence, as perhaps you may," said her husband, smiling, as he stood by her side, without her having detected his approach, "my opinion of my wife, my opinion is —." But Bella started up, and put her hand upon his lips.

"Stop, sir! No, John, dear! Seriously! Please not yet a while! I want to be something so much worthier than the doll in the doll's house."

"My darling, are you not?"

"Not half, not a quarter, so much worthier as I hope you may some day find me! Try me through some reverse, John—try me through some trial—and tell them after *that*, what you think of me."

"I will, my Life," said John. "I promise it."

"That's my dear John. And you won't speak a word now; will you?"

"And I won't," said John, with a very expressive look of admiration around him, "speak a word now!"

She laid her laughing cheek upon his breast to thank him, and said, looking at the rest of them sideways out of her bright eyes: "I'll go further, Pa and Ma and Lavvy. John don't suspect it—he has no idea of it—but I quite love him!"

Even Mrs. Wilfer relaxed under the influence of her married daughter, and seemed in a majestic manner to imply remotely that if R. W. had been a more deserving object, she too might have condescended to come down from her pedestal for his beguilement. Miss Lavinia, on the other hand, had strong doubts of the policy of the course of treatment, and whether it might not spoil Mr. Sampson, if experimented on in the case of that young gentleman. R. W. himself was for his part convinced that he was father of one of the most charming of girls, and that Rokesmith was the most favoured of men; which opinion, if propounded to him, Rokesmith would probably not have contested.

The newly-married pair left early, so that they might walk at leisure to their starting-place from London, for Greenwich. At first they were very cheerful and talked much; but after a while, Bella fancied that her husband was turning somewhat thoughtful. So she asked him:

"John dear, what's the matter?"

"Matter, my love?"

"Won't you tell me," said Bella, looking up into his face, "what you are thinking of?"

"There's not much in the thought, my soul. I was thinking whether you wouldn't like me to be rich?"

"You rich, John?" repeated Bella, shrinking a little.

"I mean, really rich. Say, as rich as Mr. Boffin. You would like that?"

"I should be almost afraid to try, John dear. Was he much the better for his wealth? Was I much the better for the little part I once had in it?"

"But all people are not the worse for riches, my own."

"Most people?" Bella musingly suggested with raised eyebrows.

"Nor even most people, it may be hoped. If you were rich, for instance, you would have a great power of doing good to others."

"Yes, sir, for instance," Bella playfully rejoined; "but should I exercise the power, for instance? And again, sir, for instance; should I, at the same time, have a great power of doing harm to myself?"

Laughing and pressing her arm, he retorted: "But still, again for instance; would you exercise that power?"

"I don't know," said Bella, thoughtfully shaking her head. "I hope not. I think not. But it's so easy to hope not and think not, without the riches."

"Why don't you say, my darling—instead of that phrase—being poor?" he asked, looking earnestly at her.

"Why don't I say, being poor! Because I am not poor. Dear John, it's not possible that you suppose I think we are poor?"

"I do, my love."

"Oh John!"

"Understand me, sweetheart. I know that I am rich beyond all wealth in having you; but I think *of* you, and think *for* you. In such a dress as you are wearing now, you first charmed me, and in no dress could you ever look, to my thinking, more graceful or more beautiful. But you have admired many finer dresses this very day; and is it not natural that I wish I could give them to you?"

"It's very nice that you should wish it, John. It brings these tears of grateful pleasure into my eyes, to hear you say so with such tenderness. But I don't want them."

"Again," he pursued, "we are now walking through the muddy streets. I love those pretty feet so dearly, that I feel as if I could not bear the dirt to soil the sole of your shoe. Is it not natural that I wish you could ride in a carriage?"

"It's very nice," said Bella, glancing downward at the feet in question, "to know that you admire them so much, John dear, and since you do, I am sorry that these shoes are a full size too large. But I don't want a carriage, believe me."

"You would like one if you could have one, Bella?"

"I shouldn't like it for its own sake, half so well as such a wish for it. Dear John, your wishes are as real to me as the wishes in the Fairy story, that were all fulfilled as soon as spoken. Wish me everything that you can wish for the woman you dearly love, and I have as good as got it, John. I have better than got it, John!"

They were not the less happy for such talk, and home was not the less home for coming after it. Bella was fast developing a perfect genius for home. All the loves and graces seemed (her husband thought) to have taken domestic service with her, and to help her to make home engaging.

Her married life glided happily on. She was alone all day, for, after an early breakfast her husband repaired every morning to the City, and did not return until their late dinner hour. He was "in a China house," he explained to Bella: which she found quite satisfactory, without pursuing the China house into minuter details than a wholesale vision of tea, rice, odd-smelling silks, carved boxes, and tight-eyed people in more than double-soled shoes, with their pigtailed pulling their heads of hair off, painted on transparent porcelain. She always walked with her husband to the railroad, and was always there again to meet him; her old coquettish ways a little sobered down (but not much), and her dress as daintily managed as if she managed nothing else. But, John gone to business and Bella returned home, the dress would be laid aside, trim little wrappers and aprons would be substituted, and Bella, putting back her hair with both hands, as if she were making the most business-like arrangements for going dramatically distracted, would enter on the household affairs of the day. Such weighing and mixing and chopping and grating, such dusting and washing and polishing, such snipping and weeding and trowelling and other small gardening, such making and mending and folding and airing, such diverse arrangements, and above all such severe study! For Mrs. J. R., who had never been wont to do too much at home as Miss B. W., was under the constant necessity of referring for advice and support to a sage volume entitled *The Complete British Family Housewife*, which she would sit consulting, with her elbows on the table and her temples on her hands, like some perplexed enchantress poring over the *Black Art*. This, principally because the *Complete British Housewife*, however sound a Briton at heart, was by no means an expert Briton at expressing herself with clearness in the British tongue, and sometimes might have

issued her directions to equal purpose in the Kamskatchan language. In any crisis of this nature, Bella would suddenly exclaim aloud, "Oh you ridiculous old thing, what do you mean by that? You must have been drinking!" And having made this marginal note, would try the Housewife again, with all her dimples screwed into an expression of profound research.

There was likewise a coolness on the part of the British Housewife, which Mrs. John Rokesmith found highly exasperating. She would say, "Take a salamander," as if a general should command a private to catch a Tartar. Or, she would casually issue the order, "Throw in a handful—" of something entirely unattainable. In these, the Housewife's most glaring moments of unreason, Bella would shut her up and knock her on the table, apostrophising her with the compliment, "O you ARE a stupid old Donkey! Where am I to get it, do you think?"

Another branch of study claimed the attention of Mrs. John Rokesmith for a regular period every day. This was the mastering of the newspaper, so that she might be close up with John on general topics when John came home. In her desire to be in all things his companion, she would have set herself with equal zeal to master Algebra, or Euclid, if he had divided his soul between her and either. Wonderful was the way in which she would store up the City Intelligence, and beamingly shed it upon John in the course of the evening; incidentally mentioning the commodities that were looking up in the markets, and how much gold had been taken to the Bank, and trying to look wise and serious over it until she would laugh at herself most charmingly and would say, kissing him: "It all comes of my love, John dear."

For a City man, John certainly did appear to care as little as might be for the looking up or looking down of things, as well as for the gold that got taken to the Bank. But he cared, beyond all expression, for his wife, as a most precious and sweet commodity that was always looking up, and that never was worth less than all the gold in the world. And she, being inspired by her affection, and having a quick wit and a fine ready instinct, made amazing progress in her domestic efficiency, though, as an endearing creature, she made no progress at all. This was her husband's verdict, and he justified it by telling her that she had begun her married life as the most endearing creature that could possibly be.

"And you have such a cheerful spirit!" he said, fondly. "You are like a bright light in the house."

"Am I truly, John?"

"Are you truly? Yes, indeed. Only much more, and much better."

"Do you know, John dear," said Bella, taking him by a button of his coat, "that I sometimes, at odd moments—don't laugh, John, please."

Nothing should induce John to do it, when she asked him not to do it.

"—That I sometimes think, John, I feel a little serious."

"Are you too much alone, my darling?"

"O dear, no, John! The time is so short that I have not a moment too much in the week."

"Why serious, my life, then? When serious?"

"When I laugh, I think," said Bella, laughing as she laid her head upon his shoulder. "You wouldn't believe, sir, that I feel serious now? But I do." And she laughed again, and something glistened in her eyes.

"Would you like to be rich, pet?" he asked her coaxingly.

"Rich, John! How *can* you ask such goose's questions?"

"Do you regret anything, my love?"

"Regret anything? No!" Bella confidently answered. But then, suddenly changing, she said, between laughing and glistening: "Oh yes, I do though. I regret Mrs. Boffin."

"I, too, regret that separation very much. But perhaps it is only temporary. Perhaps things may so fall out, as that you may sometimes see her again—as that we may sometimes see her again." Bella might be very anxious on the subject, but she scarcely seemed so at the moment. With an absent air, she was investigating that button on her husband's coat, when Pa came in to spend the evening.

Pa had his special chair and his special corner reserved for him on all occasions, and—without disparagement of his domestic joys—was far happier there, than anywhere. It was always pleasantly droll to see Pa and Bella together; but on this present evening her husband thought her more than usually fantastic with him.

"You are a very good little boy," said Bella, "to come unexpectedly, as soon as you could get out of school. And how have they used you at school to-day, you dear?"

"Well, my pet," replied the cherub, smiling and rubbing his hands as she sat him down in his chair, "I attend two schools. There's the Mincing Lane establishment, and there's your mother's Academy. Which might you mean, my dear?"

"Both," said Bella.

"Both, eh? Why, to say the truth, both have taken a little out of me to-day, my dear, but that was to be expected. There's no royal road to learning; and what is life but learning!"

"And what do you do with yourself when you have got your learning by heart, you silly child?"

"Why then, my dear," said the cherub, after a little consideration, "I suppose I die."

"You are a very bad boy," retorted Bella, "to talk about dismal things and be out of spirits."

"My Bella," rejoined her father, "I am not out of spirits. I am as gay as a lark." Which his face confirmed.

"Then if you are sure and certain it's not you, I suppose it must be I," said Bella; "so I won't do so any more. John dear, we must give this little fellow his supper, you know."

"Of course we must, my darling."

"He has been grubbing and grubbing at school," said Bella, looking at her father's hand and lightly slapping it, "till he's not fit to be seen. O what a grubby child!"

"Indeed, my dear," said her father, "I was going to ask to be allowed to wash my hands, only you find me out so soon."

"Come here, sir!" cried Bella, taking him by the front of his coat,

"come here and be washed directly. You are not to be trusted to do it for yourself. Come here, sir!"

The cherub, to his genial amusement, was accordingly conducted to a little washing-room, where Bella soaped his face and rubbed his face, and soaped his hands and rubbed his hands, and splashed him and rinsed him and towelled him, until he was as red as beet-root, even to his very ears: "Now you must be brushed and combed, sir," said Bella, busily. "Hold the light, John. Shut your eyes, sir, and let me take hold of your chin. Be good directly, and do as you are told!"

Her father being more than willing to obey, she dressed his hair in her most elaborate manner, brushing it out straight, parting it, winding it over her fingers, sticking it up on end, and constantly falling back on John to get a good look at the effect of it. Who always received her on his disengaged arm, and detained her, while the patient cherub stood waiting to be finished.

"There!" said Bella, when she had at last completed the final touches. "Now, you are something like a genteel boy! Put your jacket on, and come and have your supper."

The cherub investing himself with his coat was led back to his corner—where, but for having no egotism in his pleasant nature, he would have answered well enough for that radiant though self-sufficient boy, Jack Horner—Bella with her own hands laid a cloth for him, and brought him his supper on a tray. "Stop a moment," said she, "we must keep his little clothes clean;" and tied a napkin under his chin, in a very methodical manner.

While he took his supper, Bella sat by him, sometimes admonishing him to hold his fork by the handle, like a polite child, and at other times carving for him, or pouring out his drink. Fantastic as it all was, and accustomed as she ever had been to make a plaything of her good father, ever delighted that she should put him to that account, still there was an occasional something on Bella's part that was new. It could not be said that she was less playful, whimsical, or natural, than she always had been; but it seemed, her husband thought, as if there were some rather graver reason than he had supposed for what she had so lately said, and as if, throughout all this, there were glimpses of an underlying seriousness.

It was a circumstance in support of this view of the case, that when she had lighted her father's pipe, and mixed him his glass of grog, she sat down on a stool between her father and her husband, leaning her arm upon the latter, and was very quiet. So quiet, that when her father rose to take his leave, she looked round with a start, as if she had forgotten his being there.

"You go a little way with Pa, John?"

"Yes, my dear. Do you?"

"I have not written to Lizzie Hexam since I wrote and told her that I really had a lover—a whole one. I have often thought I would like to tell her how right she was when she pretended to read in the live coals that I would go through fire and water for him. I am in the humour to tell her so to-night, John, and I'll stay at home and do it."

"You are tired."

"Not at all tired, John dear, but in the humour to write to Lizzie. Good night, dear Pa. Good night, you dear, good, gentle Pa!"

Left to herself, she sat down to write, and wrote Lizzie a long letter. She had but completed it and read it over, when her husband came back. "You are just in time, sir," said Bella; "I am going to give you your first curtain lecture. It shall be a parlour-curtain lecture. You shall take this chair of mine when I have folded my letter, and I will take the stool (though you ought to take it, I can tell you, sir, if it's the stool of repentance), and you'll soon find yourself taken to task soundly."

Her letter folded, sealed, and directed, and her pen wiped, and her middle finger wiped, and her desk locked up and put away, and these transactions performed with an air of severe business sedateness, which the Complete British Housewife might have assumed, and certainly would not have rounded off and broken down in with a musical laugh, as Bella did: she placed her husband in his chair, and placed herself upon her stool.

"Now, sir! To begin at the beginning. What is your name?"

A question more decidedly rushing at the secret he was keeping from her, could not have astounded him. But he kept his countenance and his secret, and answered, "John Rokesmith, my dear."

"Good boy! Who gave you that name?"

With a returning suspicion that something might have betrayed him to her, he answered, interrogatively, "My godfathers and my godmothers, dear love?"

"Pretty good!" said Bella. "Not goodest good, because you hesitate about it. However, as you know your Catechism fairly, so far, I'll let you off the rest. Now, I am going to examine you out of my own head. John dear, why did you go back, this evening, to the question you once asked me before—would I like to be rich?"

Again, his secret! He looked down at her as she looked up at him, with her hands folded on his knee, and it was as nearly told as ever secret was.

Having no reply ready, he could do no better than embrace her.

"In short, dear John," said Bella, "this is the topic of my lecture: I want nothing on earth, and I want you to believe it."

"If that's all, the lecture may be considered over, for I do."

"It's not all, John dear," Bella hesitated. "It's only Firstly. There's a dreadful Secondly, and a dreadful Thirdly to come—as I used to say to myself in sermon-time when I was a very small-sized sinner at church."

"Let them come, my dearest."

"Are you sure, John dear; are you absolutely certain in your innermost heart of hearts—?"

"Which is not in my keeping," he rejoined.

"No, John, but the key is.—Are you absolutely certain that down at the bottom of that heart of hearts, which you have given to me as I have given mine to you, there is no remembrance that I was once very mercenary?"

"Why, if there were no remembrance in me of the time you speak

of," he softly asked her with his lips to hers, "could I love you quite as well as I do; could I have in the Calendar of my life the brightest of its days; could I whenever I look at your dear face, or hear your dear voice, see and hear my noble champion? It can never have been that which made you serious, darling."

"No John, it wasn't that, and still less was it Mrs. Boffin, though I love her. Wait a moment, and I'll go on with the lecture. Give me a moment, because I like to cry for joy. It's so delicious, John dear, to cry for joy."

She did so on his neck, and, still clinging there, laughed a little when she said, "I think I am ready now for Thirdly, John."

"I am ready for Thirdly," said John, "whatever it is."

"I believe, John," pursued Bella, "that you believe that I believe—"

"My dear child," cried her husband gaily, "what a quantity of believing!"

"Isn't there?" said Bella, with another laugh. "I never knew such a quantity! It's like verbs in an exercise. But I can't get on with less believing. I'll try again. I believe, dear John, that you believe that I believe that we have as much money as we require, and that we want for nothing."

"It is strictly true, Bella."

"But if our money should by any means be rendered not so much—if we had to stint ourselves a little in purchases that we can afford to make now—would you still have the same confidence in my being quite contented, John?"

"Precisely the same confidence, my soul."

"Thank you, John dear, thousands upon thousands of times. And I may take it for granted, no doubt," with a little faltering, "that you would be quite as contented yourself, John? But, yes, I know I may. For, knowing that I should be so, how surely I may know that you would be so; you who are so much stronger, and firmer, and more reasonable and more generous, than I am."

"Hush!" said her husband, "I must not hear that. You are all wrong there, though otherwise as right as can be. And now I am brought to a little piece of news, my dearest, that I might have told you earlier in the evening. I have strong reason for confidently believing that we shall never be in the receipt of a smaller income than our present income."

She might have shown herself more interested in the intelligence; but she had returned to the investigation of the coat-button that had engaged her attention a few hours before, and scarcely seemed to heed what he said.

"And now we have got to the bottom of it at last," cried her husband, rallying her, "and this is the thing that made you serious?"

"No dear," said Bella, twisting the button and shaking her head, "it wasn't this."

"Why then, Lord bless this little wife of mine, there's a Fourthly!" exclaimed John.

"This worried me a little, and so did Secondly," said Bella, occupied with the button, "but it was quite another sort of seriousness—"

a much deeper and quieter sort of seriousness—that I spoke of, John dear.”

As he bent his face to hers, she raised hers to meet it, and laid her little right hand on his eyes, and kept it there.

“Do you remember, John, on the day we were married, Pa’s speaking of the ships that might be sailing towards us from the unknown seas?”

“Perfectly, my darling!”

“I think among them there is a ship upon the ocean bringing to you and me a little baby, John.”

CHAPTER VI.

A CRY FOR HELP.

THE Paper Mill had stopped work for the night, and the paths and roads in its neighbourhood were sprinkled with clusters of people going home from their day’s labour in it. There were men, women, and children in the groups, and there was no want of lively colour to flutter in the gentle evening wind. The mingling of various voices and the sound of laughter made a cheerful impression upon the ear, analogous to that of the fluttering colours upon the eye. Into the sheet of water reflecting the flushed sky in the foreground of the living picture, a knot of urchins were casting stones, and watching the expansion of the rippling circles. So, in the rosy evening, one might watch the ever-widening beauty of the landscape—beyond the newly-released workers wending home—beyond the silver river—beyond the deep green fields of corn, so prospering, that the loiterers in their narrow threads of pathway seemed to float immersed breast-high—beyond the hedgerows and the clumps of trees—beyond the windmills on the ridge—away to where the sky appeared to meet the earth, as if there were no immensity of space between mankind and Heaven.

It was a Saturday evening, and at such a time the village dogs, always much more interested in the doings of humanity than in the affairs of their own species, were particularly active. At the general shop, at the butcher’s and at the public-house, they evinced an inquiring spirit never to be satiated. Their especial interest in the public-house would seem to imply some latent rakishness in the canine character; for little was eaten there, and they, having no taste for beer or tobacco (Mrs. Hubbard’s dog is said to have smoked, but proof is wanting), could only have been attracted by sympathy with loose convivial habits. Moreover, a most wretched fiddle played within; a fiddle so unutterably vile, that one lean long-bodied cur, with a better ear than the rest, found himself under compulsion at intervals to go round the corner and howl. Yet, even he returned to the public-house on each occasion with the tenacity of a confirmed drunkard.

Fearful to relate, there was even a sort of little Fair in the village. Some despairing gingerbread that had been vainly trying to dispose

of itself all over the country, and had cast a quantity of dust upon its head in its mortification, again appealed to the public from an infirm booth. So did a heap of nuts, long, long exiled from Barcelona, and yet speaking English so indifferently as to call fourteen of themselves a pint. A Peep-show which had originally started with the Battle of Waterloo, and had since made it every other battle of later date by altering the Duke of Wellington's nose, tempted the student of illustrated history. A Fat Lady, perhaps in part sustained upon postponed pork, her professional associate being a Learned Pig, displayed her life-size picture in a low dress as she appeared when presented at Court, several yards round. All this was a vicious spectacle as any poor idea of amusement on the part of the rougher hewers of wood and drawers of water in this land of England ever is and shall be. They *must not* vary the rheumatism with amusement. They may vary it with fever and ague, or with as many rheumatic variations as they have joints; but positively not with entertainment after their own manner.

The various sounds arising from this scene of depravity, and floating away into the still evening air, made the evening, at any point which they just reached fitfully, mellowed by the distance, more still by contrast. Such was the stillness of the evening to Eugene Wrayburn, as he walked by the river with his hands behind him.

He walked slowly, and with the measured step and preoccupied air of one who was waiting. He walked between the two points, an osier-bed at this end and some floating lilies at that, and at each point stopped and looked expectantly in one direction.

"It is very quiet," said he.

It was very quiet. Some sheep were grazing on the grass by the river-side, and it seemed to him that he had never before heard the crisp tearing sound with which they cropped it. He stopped idly, and looked at them.

"You are stupid enough, I suppose. But if you are clever enough to get through life tolerably to your satisfaction, you have got the better of me, Man as I am, and Mutton as you are!"

A rustle in a field beyond the hedge attracted his attention. "What's here to do?" he asked himself, leisurely going towards the gate and looking over. "No jealous paper-miller? No pleasures of the chase in this part of the country? Mostly fishing hereabouts!"

The field had been newly mown, and there were yet the marks of the scythe on the yellow-green ground, and the track of wheels where the hay had been carried. Following the tracks with his eyes, the view closed with the new hayrick in a corner.

Now, if he had gone on to the hayrick, and gone round it? But, say that the event was to be, as the event fell out, and how idle are such suppositions! Besides, if he had gone; what is there of warning in a Bargeman lying on his face?

"A bird flying to the hedge," was all he thought about it; and came back, and resumed his walk.

"If I had not a reliance on her being truthful," said Eugene, after taking some half-dozen turns, "I should begin to think she had given

me the slip for the second time. But she promised, and she is a girl of her word."

Turning again at the water-lilies, he saw her coming, and advanced to meet her.

"I was saying to myself, Lizzie, that you were sure to come, though you were late."

"I had to linger through the village as if I had no object before me, and I had to speak to several people in passing along, Mr. Wrayburn."

"Are the lads of the village—and the ladies—such scandal-mongers?" he asked, as he took her hand and drew it through his arm.

She submitted to walk slowly on, with downcast eyes. He put her hand to his lips, and she quietly drew it away.

"Will you walk beside me, Mr. Wrayburn, and not touch me?" For, his arm was already stealing round her waist.

She stopped again, and gave him an earnest supplicating look, "Well, Lizzie, well!" said he, in an easy way though ill at ease with himself, "don't be unhappy, don't be reproachful."

"I cannot help being unhappy, but I do not mean to be reproachful. Mr. Wrayburn, I implore you to go away from this neighbourhood, to-morrow morning."

"Lizzie, Lizzie, Lizzie!" he remonstrated. "As well be reproachful as wholly unreasonable. I can't go away."

"Why not?"

"Faith!" said Eugene in his airily candid manner. "Because you won't let me. Mind! I don't mean to be reproachful either. I don't complain that you design to keep me here. But you do it, you do it."

"Will you walk beside me, and not touch me;" for, his arm was coming about her again; "while I speak to you very seriously, Mr. Wrayburn?"

"I will do anything within the limits of possibility, for you, Lizzie," he answered with pleasant gaiety as he folded his arms. "See here! Napoleon Buonaparte at St. Helena."

"When you spoke to me as I came from the Mill the night before last," said Lizzie, fixing her eyes upon him with the look of supplication which troubled his better nature, "you told me that you were much surprised to see me, and that you were on a solitary fishing excursion. Was it true?"

"It was not," replied Eugene composedly, "in the least true. I came here, because I had information that I should find you here."

"Can you imagine why I left London, Mr. Wrayburn?"

"I am afraid, Lizzie," he openly answered, "that you left London to get rid of me. It is not flattering to my self-love, but I am afraid you did."

"I did."

"How could you be so cruel?"

"O Mr. Wrayburn," she answered, suddenly breaking into tears, "is the cruelty on my side! O Mr. Wrayburn, Mr. Wrayburn, is there no cruelty in your being here to-night!"

"In the name of all that's good—and that is not conjuring you in

my own name, for Heaven knows I am not good"—said Eugene, "don't be distressed!"

"What else can I be, when I know the distance and the difference between us? What else can I be, when to tell me why you came here, is to put me to shame!" said Lizzie, covering her face.

He looked at her with a real sentiment of remorseful tenderness and pity. It was not strong enough to impel him to sacrifice himself and spare her, but it was a strong emotion.

"Lizzie! I never thought before, that there was a woman in the world who could affect me so much by saying so little. But don't be hard in your construction of me. You don't know what my state of mind towards you is. You don't know how you haunt me and bewilder me. You don't know how the cursed carelessness that is over-officious in helping me at every other turning of my life, won't help me here. You have struck it dead, I think, and I sometimes almost wish you had struck me dead along with it."

She had not been prepared for such passionate expressions, and they awakened some natural sparks of feminine pride and joy in her breast. To consider, wrong as he was, that he could care so much for her, and that she had the power to move him so!

"It grieves you to see me distressed, Mr. Wrayburn; it grieves me to see you distressed. I don't reproach you. Indeed I don't reproach you. You have not felt this as I feel it, being so different from me, and beginning from another point of view. You have not thought. But I entreat you to think now, think now!"

"What am I to think of?" asked Eugene, bitterly.

"Think of me."

"Tell me how *not* to think of you, Lizzie, and you'll change me altogether."

"I don't mean in that way. Think of me, as belonging to another station, and quite cut off from you in honor. Remember that I have no protector near me, unless I have one in your noble heart. Respect my good name. If you feel towards me, in one particular, as you might if I was a lady, give me the full claims of a lady upon your generous behaviour. I am removed from you and your family by being a working girl. How true a gentleman to be as considerate of me as if I was removed by being a Queen!"

He would have been base indeed to have stood untouched by her appeal. His face expressed contrition and indecision as he asked:

"Have I injured you so much, Lizzie?"

"No, no. You may set me quite right. I don't speak of the past, Mr. Wrayburn, but of the present and the future. Are we not here now, because through two days you have followed me so closely where there are so many eyes to see you, that I consented to this appointment as an escape?"

"Again, not very flattering to my self-love," said Eugene, moodily; "but yes. Yes. Yes."

"Then I beseech you, Mr. Wrayburn, I beg and pray you, leave this neighbourhood. If you do not, consider to what you will drive me."

He did consider within himself for a moment or two, and then retorted, "Drive you? To what shall I drive you, Lizzie?"

"You will drive me away. I live here peacefully and respected, and I am well employed here. You will force me to quit this place as I quitted London, and—by following me again—will force me to quit the next place in which I may find refuge, as I quitted this."

"Are you so determined, Lizzie—forgive the word I am going to use, for its literal truth—to fly from a lover?"

"I am so determined," she answered resolutely, though trembling, "to fly from such a lover. There was a poor woman died here but a little while ago, scores of years older than I am, whom I found by chance, lying on the wet earth. You may have heard some account of her?"

"I think I have," he answered, "if her name was Higden."

"Her name was Higden. Though she was so weak and old, she kept true to one purpose to the very last. Even at the very last, she made me promise that her purpose should be kept to, after she was dead, so settled was her determination. What she did, I can do. Mr. Wrayburn, if I believed—but I do not believe—that you could be so cruel to me as to drive me from place to place to wear me out, you should drive me to death and not do it."

He looked full at her handsome face, and in his own handsome face there was a light of blended admiration, anger, and reproach, which she—who loved him so in secret—whose heart had long been so full, and he the cause of its overflowing—drooped before. She tried hard to retain her firmness, but he saw it melting away under his eyes. In the moment of its dissolution, and of his first full knowledge of his influence upon her, she dropped, and he caught her on his arm.

"Lizzie! Rest so a moment. Answer what I ask you. If I had not been what you call removed from you and cut off from you, would you have made this appeal to me to leave you?"

"I don't know, I don't know. Don't ask me, Mr. Wrayburn. Let me go back."

"I swear to you, Lizzie, you shall go directly. I swear to you, you shall go alone. I'll not accompany you, I'll not follow you, if you will reply."

"How can I, Mr. Wrayburn? How can I tell you what I should have done, if you had not been what you are?"

"If I had not been what you make me out to be," he struck in, skilfully changing the form of words, "would you still have hated me?"

"O Mr. Wrayburn," she replied appealingly, and weeping, "you know me better than to think I do!"

"If I had not been what you make me out to be, Lizzie, would you still have been indifferent to me?"

"O Mr. Wrayburn," she answered as before, "you know me better than that too!"

There was something in the attitude of her whole figure as he supported it, and she hung her head, which besought him to be merciful and not force her to disclose her heart. He was not merciful with her, and he made her do it.

"If I know you better than quite to believe (unfortunate dog though I am!) that you hate me, or even that you are wholly indif-

ferent to me, Lizzie, let me know so much more from yourself before we separate. Let me know how you would have dealt with me if you had regarded me as being what you would have considered on equal terms with you."

"It is impossible, Mr. Wrayburn. How can I think of you as being on equal terms with me? If my mind could put you on equal terms with me, you could not be yourself. How could I remember, then, the night when I first saw you, and when I went out of the room because you looked at me so attentively? Or, the night that passed into the morning when you broke to me that my father was dead? Or, the nights when you used to come to see me at my next home? Or, your having known how uninstructed I was, and having caused me to be taught better? Or, my having so looked up to you and wondered at you, and at first thought you so good to be at all mindful of me?"

"Only 'at first' thought me so good, Lizzie? What did you think me after 'at first'? So bad?"

"I don't say that. I don't mean that. But after the first wonder and pleasure of being noticed by one so different from any one who had ever spoken to me, I began to feel that it might have been better if I had never seen you."

"Why?"

"Because you *were* so different," she answered in a lower voice. "Because it was so endless, so hopeless. Spare me!"

"Did you think for me at all, Lizzie?" he asked, as if he were a little stung.

"Not much, Mr. Wrayburn. Not much until to-night."

"Will you tell me why?"

"I never supposed until to-night that you needed to be thought for. But if you do need to be; if you do truly feel at heart that you have indeed been towards me what you have called yourself to-night, and that there is nothing for us in this life but separation; then Heaven help you, and Heaven bless you!"

The purity with which in these words she expressed something of her own love and her own suffering, made a deep impression on him for the passing time. He held her, almost as if she were sanctified to him by death, and kissed her, once, almost as he might have kissed the dead.

"I promised that I would not accompany you, nor follow you. Shall I keep you in view? You have been agitated, and it's growing dark."

"I am used to be 'out alone at this hour, and I entreat you not to do so."

"I promise. I can bring myself to promise nothing more to-night, Lizzie, except that I will try what I can do."

"There is but one means, Mr. Wrayburn, of sparing yourself and of sparing me, every way. Leave this neighbourhood to-morrow morning."

"I will try."

As he spoke the words in a grave voice, she put her hand in his, removed it, and went away by the river-side.

"Now, could Mortimer believe this?" murmured Eugene, still

remaining, after a while, where she had left him. "Can I even believe it myself?"

He referred to the circumstance that there were tears upon his hand, as he stood covering his eyes. "A most ridiculous position this, to be found out in!" was his next thought. And his next struck its root in a little rising resentment against the cause of the tears.

"Yet I have gained a wonderful power over her, too, let her be as much in earnest as she will!"

The reflection brought back the yielding of her face and form as she had drooped under his gaze. Contemplating the reproduction, he seemed to see, for the second time, in the appeal and in the confession of weakness, a little fear.

"And she loves me. And so earnest a character must be very earnest in that passion. She cannot choose for herself to be strong in this fancy, wavering in that, and weak in the other. She must go through with her nature, as I must go through with mine. If mine exacts its pains and penalties all round, so must hers, I suppose."

Pursuing the inquiry into his own nature, he thought, "Now, if I married her. If, outfacing the absurdity of the situation in correspondence with M. R. F., I astonished M. R. F. to the utmost extent of his respected powers, by informing him that I had married her, how would M. R. F. reason with the legal mind? 'You wouldn't marry for some money and some station, because you were frightfully likely to become bored. Are you less frightfully likely to become bored, marrying for no money and no station? Are you sure of yourself?' Legal mind, in spite of forensic protestations, must secretly admit, 'Good reasoning on the part of M. R. F. *Not* sure of myself.'"

In the very act of calling this tone of levity to his aid, he felt it to be profligate and worthless, and asserted her against it.

"And yet," said Eugene, "I should like to see the fellow (Mortimer excepted) who would undertake to tell me that this was not a real sentiment on my part, won out of me by her beauty and her worth, in spite of myself, and that I would not be true to her. I should particularly like to see the fellow to-night who would tell me so, or who would tell me anything that could be construed to her disadvantage; for I am wearily out of sorts with one Wrayburn who cuts a sorry figure, and I would far rather be out of sorts with somebody else. 'Eugene, Eugene, Eugene, this is a bad business.' Ah! So go the Mortimer Lightwood bells, and they sound melancholy to-night."

Strolling on, he thought of something else to take himself to task for. "Where is the analogy, Brute Beast," he said impatiently, "between a woman whom your father coolly finds out for you and a woman whom you have found out for yourself, and have ever drifted after with more and more of constancy since you first set eyes upon her? Ass! Can you reason no better than that?"

But, again he subsided into a reminiscence of his first full knowledge of his power just now, and of her disclosure of her heart. To try no more to go away, and to try her again, was the reckless conclusion it turned uppermost. And yet again, "Eugene, Eugene, Eugene, this is a bad business!" And, "I wish I could stop the Lightwood peal, for it sounds like a knell."

Looking above, he found that the young moon was up, and that the stars were beginning to shine in the sky from which the tones of red and yellow were flickering out, in favour of the calm blue of a summer night. He was still by the river-side. Turning suddenly, he met a man, so close upon him that Eugene, surprised, stepped back, to avoid a collision. The man carried something over his shoulder which might have been a broken oar, or spar, or bar, and took no notice of him, but passed on.

"Halloa, friend!" said Eugene, calling after him, "are you blind?"

The man made no reply, but went his way.

Eugene Wrayburn went the opposite way, with his hands behind him and his purpose in his thoughts. He passed the sheep, and passed the gate, and came within hearing of the village sounds, and came to the bridge. The inn where he stayed, like the village and the mill, was not across the river, but on that side of the stream on which he walked. However, knowing the rushy bank and the back-water on the other side to be a retired place, and feeling out of humour for noise or company, he crossed the bridge, and sauntered on: looking up at the stars as they seemed one by one to be kindled in the sky, and looking down at the river as the same stars seemed to be kindled deep in the water. A landing-place overshadowed by a willow, and a pleasure-boat lying moored there among some stakes, caught his eye as he passed along. The spot was in such dark shadow, that he paused to make out what was there, and then passed on again.

The rippling of the river seemed to cause a correspondent stir in his uneasy reflections. He would have laid them asleep if he could, but they were in movement, like the stream, and all tending one way with a strong current. As the ripple under the moon broke unexpectedly now and then, and palely flashed in a new shape and with a new sound, so parts of his thoughts started, unbidden, from the rest, and revealed their wickedness. "Out of the question to marry her," said Eugene, "and out of the question to leave her. The crisis!"

He had sauntered far enough. Before turning to retrace his steps, he stopped upon the margin, to look down at the reflected night. In an instant, with a dreadful crash, the reflected night turned crooked, flames shot jaggedly across the air, and the moon and stars came bursting from the sky.

Was he struck by lightning? With some incoherent half-formed thought to that effect, he turned under the blows that were blinding him and mashing his life, and closed with a murderer, whom he caught by a red neckerchief—unless the raining down of his own blood gave it that hue.

Eugene was light, active, and expert; but his arms were broken, or he was paralyzed, and could do no more than hang on to the man, with his head swung back, so that he could see nothing [but the heaving sky. After dragging at the assailant, he fell on the bank with him, and then there was another great crash, and then a splash, and all was done.

Lizzie Hexam, too, had avoided the noise, and the Saturday movement of people in the straggling street, and chose to walk alone by the water until her tears should be dry, and she could so compose herself as to escape remark upon her looking ill or unhappy on going home. The peaceful serenity of the hour and place, having no reproaches or evil intentions within her breast to contend against, sank healingly into its depths. She had meditated and taken comfort. She, too, was turning homeward, when she heard a strange sound.

It startled her, for it was like a sound of blows. She stood still, and listened. It sickened her, for blows fell heavily and cruelly on the quiet of the night. As she listened, undecided, all was silent. As she yet listened, she heard a faint groan, and a fall into the river.

Her old bold life and habit instantly inspired her. Without vain waste of breath in crying for help where there were none to hear, she ran towards the spot from which the sounds had come. It lay between her and the bridge, but it was more removed from her than she had thought; the night being so very quiet, and sound travelling far with the help of water.

At length, she reached a part of the green bank, much and newly trodden, where there lay some broken splintered pieces of wood and some torn fragments of clothes. Stooping, she saw that the grass was bloody. Following the drops and smears, she saw that the watery margin of the bank was bloody. Following the current with her eyes, she saw a bloody face turned up towards the moon, and drifting away.

Now, merciful Heaven be thanked for that old time, and grant, O Blessed Lord, that through thy wonderful workings it may turn to good at last! To whomsoever the drifting face belongs, be it man's or woman's, help my humble hands, Lord God, to raise it from death and restore it to some one to whom it must be dear!

It was thought, fervently thought, but not for a moment did the prayer check her. She was away before it welled up in her mind, away, swift and true, yet steady above all—for without steadiness it could never be done—to the landing-place under the willow-tree, where she also had seen the boat lying moored among the stakes.

A sure touch of her old practised hand, a sure step of her old practised foot, a sure light balance of her body, and she was in the boat. A quick glance of her practised eye showed her, even through the deep dark shadow, the sculls in a rack against the red-brick garden-wall. Another moment, and she had cast off (taking the line with her), and the boat had shot out into the moonlight, and she was rowing down the stream as never other woman rowed on English water.

Intently over her shoulder, without slackening speed, she looked ahead for the driving face. She passed the scene of the struggle—yonder it was, on her left, well over the boat's stern—she passed on her right, the end of the village street, a hilly street that almost dipped into the river; its sounds were growing faint again, and she slackened; looking as the boat drove, everywhere, everywhere, for the floating face.

She merely kept the boat before the stream now, and rested on

her oars, knowing well that if the face were not soon visible, it had gone down, and she would overshoot it. An untrained sight would never have seen by the moonlight what she saw at the length of a few strokes astern. She saw the drowning figure rise to the surface, slightly struggle, and as if by instinct turn over on its back to float. Just so had she first dimly seen the face which she now dimly saw again.

Firm of look and firm of purpose, she intently watched its coming on, until it was very near; then, with a touch unshipped her sculls, and crept aft in the boat, between kneeling and crouching. Once, she let the body evade her, not being sure of her grasp. Twice, and she had seized it by its bloody hair.

It was insensible, if not virtually dead; it was mutilated, and streaked the water all about it with dark red streaks. As it could not help itself, it was impossible for her to get it on board. She bent over the stern to secure it with the line, and then the river and its shores rang to the terrible cry she uttered.

But, as if possessed by supernatural spirit and strength, she lashed it safe, resumed her seat, and rowed in, desperately, for the nearest shallow water where she might run the boat aground. Desperately, but not wildly, for she knew that if she lost distinctness of intention, all was lost and gone.

She ran the boat ashore, went into the water, released him from the line, and by main strength lifted him in her arms and laid him in the bottom of the boat. He had fearful wounds upon him, and she bound them up with her dress torn into strips. Else, supposing him to be still alive, she foresaw that he must bleed to death before he could be landed at his inn, which was the nearest place for succour.

This done very rapidly, she kissed his disfigured forehead, looked up in anguish to the stars, and blessed him and forgave him, "if she had anything to forgive." It was only in that instant that she thought of herself, and then she thought of herself only for him.

Now, merciful Heaven be thanked for that old time, enabling me, without a wasted moment, to have got the boat afloat again, and to row back against the stream! And grant, O Blessed Lord God, that through poor me he may be raised from death, and preserved to some one else to whom he may be dear one day, though never dearer than to me!

She rowed hard—rowed desperately, but never wildly—and seldom removed her eyes from him in the bottom of the boat. She had so laid him there, as that she might see his disfigured face; it was so much disfigured that his mother might have covered it, but it was above and beyond disfigurement in her eyes.

The boat touched the edge of the patch of inn lawn, sloping gently to the water. There were lights in the windows, but there chanced to be no one out of doors. She made the boat fast, and again by main strength took him up, and never laid him down until she laid him down in the house.

Surgeons were sent for, and she sat supporting his head. She had oftentimes heard in days that were gone, how doctors would lift the hand of an insensible wounded person, and would drop it if the

person were dead. She waited for the awful moment when the doctors might lift this hand, all broken and bruised, and let it fall.

The first of the surgeons came, and asked, before proceeding to his examination, "Who brought him in?"

"I brought him in, sir," answered Lizzie, at whom all present looked.

"You, my dear? You could not lift, far less carry, this weight."

"I think I could not, at another time, sir; but I am sure I did."

The surgeon looked at her with great attention, and with some compassion. Having with a grave face touched the wounds upon the head, and the broken arms, he took the hand.

O! would he let it drop?

He appeared irresolute. He did not retain it, but laid it gently down, took a candle, looked more closely at the injuries on the head, and at the pupils of the eyes. That done, he replaced the candle and took the hand again. Another surgeon then coming in, the two exchanged a whisper, and the second took the hand. Neither did he let it fall at once, but kept it for a while and laid it gently down.

"Attend to the poor girl," said the first surgeon then. "She is quite unconscious. She sees nothing and hears nothing. All the better for her! Don't rouse her, if you can help it; only move her. Poor girl, poor girl! She must be amazingly strong of heart, but it is much to be feared that she has set her heart upon the dead. Be gentle with her."

CHAPTER VII.

BETTER TO BE ABEL THAN CAIN.

DAY was breaking at Plashwater Weir Mill Lock. Stars were yet visible, but there was dull light in the east that was not the light of night. The moon had gone down, and a mist crept along the banks of the river, seen through which the trees were the ghosts of trees, and the water was the ghost of water. This earth looked spectral, and so did the pale stars: while the cold eastern glare, expressionless as to heat or colour, with the eye of the firmament quenched, might have been likened to the stare of the dead.

Perhaps it was so likened by the lonely Bargeman, standing on the brink of the lock. For certain, Bradley Headstone looked that way, when a chill air came up, and when it passed on murmuring, as if it whispered something that made the phantom trees and water tremble—or threaten—for fancy might have made it either.

He turned away, and tried the Lock-house door. It was fastened on the inside.

"Is he afraid of me?" he muttered, knocking.

Rogue Riderhood was soon roused, and soon undrew the bolt and let him in.

"Why, T'otherest, I thought you had been and got lost! Two nights away! I a'most believed as you'd giv' me the slip, and I had as good as half a mind for to advertise you in the newspapers to come for'ard."

Bradley's face turned so dark on this hint, that Riderhood deemed it expedient to soften it into a compliment.

"But not you, governor, not you," he went on, stolidly shaking his head. "For what did I say to myself arter having amused myself with that there stretch of a comic idea, as a sort of a playful game? Why, I says to myself, 'He's a man o' honor.' That's what *I* says to myself. 'He's a man o' double honor.'"

Very remarkably, Riderhood put no question to him. He had looked at him on opening the door, and he now looked at him again (stealthily this time), and the result of his looking was, that he asked him no question.

"You'll be for another forty on 'em, governor, as I judges, afore you turns your mind to breakfast," said Riderhood, when his visitor sat down, resting his chin on his hand, with his eyes on the ground. And very remarkably again: Riderhood feigned to set the scanty furniture in order, while he spoke, to have a show of reason for not looking at him.

"Yes. I had better sleep, I think," said Bradley, without changing his position.

"I myself should recommend it, governor," assented Riderhood.

"Might you be anyways dry?"

"Yes. I should like a drink," said Bradley; but without appearing to attend much.

Mr. Riderhood got out his bottle, and fetched his jug-full of water, and administered a potation. Then, he shook the coverlet of his bed and spread it smooth, and Bradley stretched himself upon it in the clothes he wore. Mr. Riderhood poetically remarking that he would pick the bones of his night's rest, in his wooden chair, sat in the window as before; but, as before, watched the sleeper narrowly until he was very sound asleep. Then, he rose and looked at him close, in the bright daylight, on every side, with great minuteness. He went out to his Lock to sum up what he had seen.

"One of his sleeves is tore right away below the elber, and the t'other's had a good rip at the shoulder. He's been hung on to, pretty tight, for his shirt's all tore out of the neck-gathers. He's been in the grass and he's been in the water. And he's spotted, and I know with what, and with whose. Hooroar!"

Bradley slept long. Early in the afternoon a barge came down. Other barges had passed through, both ways, before it; but the Lock-keeper hailed only this particular barge, for news, as if he had made a time calculation with some nicety. The men on board told him a piece of news, and there was a lingering on their part to enlarge upon it.

Twelve hours had intervened since Bradley's lying down, when he got up. "Not that I swallow it," said Riderhood, squinting at his Lock, when he saw Bradley coming out of the house, "as you've been a sleeping all the time, old boy!"

Bradley came to him, sitting on his wooden lever, and asked what o'clock it was? Riderhood told him it was between two and three.

"When are you relieved?" asked Bradley.

"Day arter to-morrow, governor."

"Not sooner?"

"Not a inch sooner, governor."

On both sides, importance seemed attached to this question of relief. Riderhood quite petted his reply; saying a second time, and prolonging a negative roll of his head, "n—n—not a inch sooner, governor."

"Did I tell you I was going on to-night?" asked Bradley.

"No, governor," returned Riderhood, in a cheerful, affable, and conversational manner, "you did not tell me so. But most like you meant to it and forgot to it. How, otherways, could a doubt have come into your head about it, governor?"

"As the sun goes down, I intend to go on," said Bradley.

"So much the more necessairy is a Peck," returned Riderhood. "Come in and have it, T'otherest."

The formality of spreading a tablecloth not being observed in Mr. Riderhood's establishment, the serving of the "peck" was the affair of a moment; it merely consisting in the handing down of a capacious baking dish with three-fourths of an immense meat pie in it, and the production of two pocket-knives, an earthenware mug, and a large brown bottle of beer.

Both ate and drank, but Riderhood much the more abundantly. In lieu of plates, that honest man cut two triangular pieces from the thick crust of the pie, and laid them, inside uppermost, upon the table: the one before himself, and the other before his guest. Upon these platters he placed two goodly portions of the contents of the pie, thus imparting the unusual interest to the entertainment that each partaker scooped out the inside of his plate, and consumed it with his other fare, besides having the sport of pursuing the clots of congealed gravy over the plain of the table, and successfully taking them into his mouth at last from the blade of his knife, in case of their not first sliding off it.

Bradley Headstone was so remarkably awkward at these exercises, that the Rogue observed it.

"Look out, T'otherest!" he cried, "you'll cut your hand!"

But, the caution came too late, for Bradley gashed it at the instant. And, what was more unlucky, in asking Riderhood to tie it up, and in standing close to him for the purpose, he shook his hand under the smart of the wound, and shook blood over Riderhood's dress.

When dinner was done, and when what remained of the platters and what remained of the congealed gravy had been put back into what remained of the pie, which served as an economical investment for all miscellaneous savings, Riderhood filled the mug with beer and took a long drink. And now he did look at Bradley, and with an evil eye.

"T'otherest!" he said, hoarsely, as he bent across the table to touch his arm. "The news has gone down the river afore you."

"What news?"

"Who do you think," said Riderhood, with a hitch of his head, as if he disdainfully jerked the feint away, "picked up the body? Guess."

"I am not good at guessing anything."

"She did. Hooroar! You had him there agin. She did."

The convulsive twitching of Bradley Headstone's face, and the sudden hot humour that broke out upon it, showed how grimly the intelligence touched him. But he said not a single word, good or bad. He only smiled in a lowering manner, and got up and stood leaning at the window, looking through it. Riderhood followed him with his eyes. Riderhood cast down his eyes on his own besprinkled clothes. Riderhood began to have an air of being better at a guess than Bradley owned to being.

"I have been so long in want of rest," said the schoolmaster, "that with your leave I'll lie down again."

"And welcome, T'otherest!" was the hospitable answer of his host. He had laid himself down without waiting for it, and he remained upon the bed until the sun was low. When he arose and came out to resume his journey, he found his host waiting for him on the grass by the towing-path outside the door.

"Whenever it may be necessary that you and I should have any further communication together," said Bradley, "I will come back. Good-night!"

"Well, since no better can be," said Riderhood, turning on his heel, "Good-night!" But he turned again as the other set forth, and added under his breath, looking after him with a leer: "You wouldn't be let to go like that, if my Relief warn't as good as come. I'll catch you up in a mile."

In a word, his real time of relief being that evening at sunset, his mate came lounging in, within a quarter of an hour. Not staying to fill up the utmost margin of his time, but borrowing an hour or so, to be repaid again when he should relieve his reliever, Riderhood straightway followed on the track of Bradley Headstone.

He was a better follower than Bradley. It had been the calling of his life to slink and skulk and dog and waylay, and he knew his calling well. He effected such a forced march on leaving the Lock House that he was close up with him—that is to say, as close up with him as he deemed it convenient to be—before another Lock was passed. His man looked back pretty often as he went, but got no hint of him. *He* knew how to take advantage of the ground, and where to put the hedge between them, and where the wall, and when to duck, and when to drop, and had a thousand arts beyond the doomed Bradley's slow conception.

But, all his arts were brought to a standstill, like himself, when Bradley, turning into a green lane or riding by the river-side—a solitary spot run wild in nettles, briars, and brambles, and encumbered with the scathed trunks of a whole hedgerow of felled trees, on the outskirts of a little wood—began stepping on these trunks and dropping down among them and stepping on them again, apparently as a schoolboy might have done, but assuredly with no schoolboy purpose, or want of purpose.

"What are you up to?" muttered Riderhood, down in 'the ditch, and holding the hedge a little open with both hands. And soon his actions made a most extraordinary reply. "By George and the Draggin!" cried Riderhood, "if he ain't a going to bathe!"

He had passed back, on and among the trunks of trees again, and had passed on to the water-side and had begun undressing on the grass. For a moment it had a suspicious look of suicide, arranged to counterfeit accident. "But you wouldn't have fetched a bundle under your arm, from among that timber, if such was your game!" said Riderhood. Nevertheless it was a relief to him when the bather after a plunge and a few strokes came out. "For I shouldn't," he said in a feeling manner, "have liked to lose you till I had made more money out of you neither."

Prone in another ditch (he had changed his ditch as his man had changed his position), and holding apart so small a patch of the hedge that the sharpest eyes could not have detected him, Rogue Riderhood watched the bather dressing. And now gradually came the wonder that he stood up, completely clothed, another man, and not the Bargeman.

"Aha!" said Riderhood. "Much as you was dressed that night. I see. You're a taking me with you, now. You're deep. But I knows a deeper."

When the bather had finished dressing, he kneeled on the grass, doing something with his hands, and again stood up with his bundle under his arm. Looking all around him with great attention, he then went to the river's edge, and flung it in as far, and yet as lightly as he could. It was not until he was so decidedly upon his way again as to be beyond a bend of the river and for the time out of view, that Riderhood scrambled from the ditch.

"Now," was his debate with himself, "shall I foller you on, or shall I let you loose for this once, and go a fishing?" The debate continuing, he followed, as a precautionary measure in any case, and got him again in sight. "If I was to let you loose this once," said Riderhood then, still following, "I could make you come to me agin, or I could find you out in one way or another. If I wasn't to go a fishing, others might.—I'll let you loose this once, and go a fishing!" With that, he suddenly dropped the pursuit and turned.

The miserable man whom he had released for the time, but not for long, went on towards London. Bradley was suspicious of every sound he heard, and of every face he saw, but was under a spell which very commonly falls upon the shedder of blood, and had no suspicion of the real danger that lurked in his life, and would have it yet. Riderhood was much in his thoughts—had never been out of his thoughts since the night-adventure of their first meeting; but Riderhood occupied a very different place there, from the place of pursuer; and Bradley had been at the pains of devising so many means of fitting that place to him, and of wedging him into it, that his mind could not compass the possibility of his occupying any other. And this is another spell against which the shedder of blood for ever strives in vain. There are fifty doors by which discovery may enter. With infinite pains and cunning, he double locks and bars forty-nine of them, and cannot see the fiftieth standing wide open.

Now, too, was he cursed with a state of mind more wearing and more wearisome than remorse. He had no remorse; but the evildoer who can hold that avenger at bay, cannot escape the slower

torture of incessantly doing the evil deed again and doing it more efficiently. In the defensive declarations and pretended confessions of murderers, the pursuing shadow of this torture may be traced through every lie they tell. If I had done it as alleged, is it conceivable that I would have made this and this mistake? If I had done it as alleged, should I have left that unguarded place which that false and wicked witness against me so infamously deposed to? The state of that wretch who continually finds the weak spots in his own crime, and strives to strengthen them when it is unchangeable, is a state that aggravates the offence by doing the deed a thousand times instead of once; but it is a state, too, that tauntingly visits the offence upon a sullen unrepentant nature with its heaviest punishment every time.

Bradley toiled on, chained heavily to the idea of his hatred and his vengeance, and thinking how he might have satiated both in many better ways than the way he had taken. The instrument might have been better, the spot and the hour might have been better chosen. To batter a man down from behind in the dark, on the brink of a river, was well enough, but he ought to have been instantly disabled, whereas he had turned and seized his assailant; and so, to end it before chance-help came, and to be rid of him, he had been hurriedly thrown backward into the river before the life was fully beaten out of him. Now if it could be done again, it must not be so done. Supposing his head had been held down under water for a while. Supposing the first blow had been truer. Supposing he had been shot. Supposing he had been strangled. Suppose this way, that way, the other way. Suppose anything but getting unchained from the one idea, for that was inexorably impossible.

The school reopened next day. The scholars saw little or no change in their master's face, for it always wore its slowly labouring expression. But, as he heard his classes, he was always doing the deed and doing it better. As he paused with his piece of chalk at the black board before writing on it, he was thinking of the spot, and whether the water was not deeper and the fall straighter, a little higher up, or a little lower down. He had half a mind to draw a line or two upon the board, and show himself what he meant. He was doing it again and improving on the manner, at prayers, in his mental arithmetic, all through his questioning, all through the day.

Charley Hexam was a master now, in another school, under another head. It was evening, and Bradley was walking in his garden observed from behind a blind by gentle little Miss Pecker, who contemplated offering him a loan of her smelling salts for headache, when Mary Anne, in faithful attendance, held up her arm.

"Yes, Mary Anne?"

"Young Mr. Hexam, if you please, ma'am, coming to see Mr. Headstone."

"Very good, Mary Anne."

Again Mary Anne held up her arm.

"You may speak, Mary Anne?"

"Mr. Headstone has beckoned young Mr. Hexam into his house, ma'am, and he has gone in himself without waiting for young Mr.

Hexam to come up, and now *he* has gone in too, ma'am, and has shut the door."

"With all my heart, Mary Anne."

Again Mary Anne's telegraphic arm worked.

"What more, Mary Anne?"

"They must find it rather dull and dark, Miss Peecher, for the parlour blind's down, and neither of them pulls it up."

"There is no accounting," said good Miss Peecher with a little sad sigh which she repressed by laying her hand on her neat methodical boddice, "there is no accounting for tastes, Mary Anne."

Charley, entering the dark room, stopped short when he saw his old friend in its yellow shade.

"Come in, Hexam, come in."

Charley advanced to take the hand that was held out to him; but stopped again, short of it. The heavy, bloodshot eyes of the schoolmaster, rising to his face with an effort, met his look of scrutiny.

"Mr. Headstone, what's the matter?"

"Matter? Where?"

"Mr. Headstone, have you heard the news? This news about the fellow, Mr. Eugene Wrayburn? That he is killed?"

"He is dead, then!" exclaimed Bradley.

Young Hexam standing looking at him, he moistened his lips with his tongue, looked about the room, glanced at his former pupil, and looked down. "I heard of the outrage," said Bradley, trying to constrain his working mouth, "but I had not heard the end of it."

"Where were you," said the boy, advancing a step as he lowered his voice, "when it was done? Stop! I don't ask that. Don't tell me. If you force your confidence upon me, Mr. Headstone, I'll give up every word of it. Mind! Take notice. I'll give up it, and I'll give up you. I will!"

The wretched creature seemed to suffer acutely under this renunciation. A desolate air of utter and complete loneliness fell upon him, like a visible shade.

"It's for me to speak, not you," said the boy. "If you do, you'll do it at your peril. I am going to put your selfishness before you, Mr. Headstone—your passionate, violent, and ungovernable selfishness—to show you why I can, and why I will, have nothing more to do with you."

He looked at young Hexam as if he were waiting for a scholar to go on with a lesson that he knew by heart and was deadly tired of. But he had said his last word to him.

"If you had any part—I don't say what—in this attack," pursued the boy; "or if you know anything about it—I don't say how much—or if you know who did it—I go no closer—you did an injury to me that's never to be forgiven. You know that I took you with me to his chambers in the Temple when I told him my opinion of him, and made myself responsible for my opinion of you. You know that I took you with me when I was watching him with a view to recovering my sister and bringing her to her senses; you know that I have allowed myself to be mixed up with you, all through this business, in favouring your desire to marry my sister. And how do you know

that, pursuing the ends of your own violent temper, you have not laid me open to suspicion? Is that your gratitude to me, Mr. Headstone?"

Bradley sat looking steadily before him at the vacant air. As often as young Hexam stopped, he turned his eyes towards him, as if he were waiting for him to go on with the lesson, and get it done. As often as the boy resumed, Bradley resumed his fixed face.

"I am going to be plain with you, Mr. Headstone," said young Hexam, shaking his head in a half-threatening manner, "because this is no time for affecting not to know things that I do know—except certain things at which it might not be very safe for you, to hint again. What I mean is this: if you were a good master, I was a good pupil. I have done you plenty of credit, and in improving my own reputation I have improved yours quite as much. Very well then. Starting on equal terms, I want to put before you how you have shown your gratitude to me, for doing all I could to further your wishes with reference to my sister. You have compromised me by being seen about with me, endeavouring to counteract this Mr. Eugene Wrayburn. That's the first thing you have done. If my character, and my now dropping you, help me out of that, Mr. Headstone, the deliverance is to be attributed to me, and not to you. No thanks to you for it!"

The boy stopping again, he moved his eyes again.

"I am going on, Mr. Headstone, don't you be afraid. I am going on to the end, and I have told you beforehand what the end is. Now, you know my story. You are as well aware as I am, that I have had many disadvantages to leave behind me in life. You have heard me mention my father, and you are sufficiently acquainted with the fact that the home from which I, as I may say, escaped, might have been a more creditable one than it was. My father died, and then it might have been supposed that my way to respectability was pretty clear. No. For then my sister begins."

He spoke as confidently, and with as entire an absence of any tell-tale colour in his cheek, as if there were no softening old time behind him. Not wonderful, for there *was* none in his hollow empty heart. What is there but self, for selfishness to see behind it?

"When I speak of my sister, I devoutly wish that you had never seen her, Mr. Headstone. However, you did see her, and that's useless now. I confided in you about her. I explained her character to you, and how she interposed some ridiculous fanciful notions in the way of our being as respectable as I tried for. You fell in love with her, and I favoured you with all my might. She could not be induced to favour you, and so we came into collision with this Mr. Eugene Wrayburn. Now, what have you done? Why, you have justified my sister in being firmly set against you from first to last, and you have put me in the wrong again! And why have you done it? Because, Mr. Headstone, you are in all your passions so selfish, and so concentrated upon yourself, that you have not bestowed one proper thought on me."

The cool conviction with which the boy took up and held his position, could have been derived from no other vice in human nature.

"It is," he went on, actually with tears, "an extraordinary cir-

cumstance attendant on my life, that every effort I make towards perfect respectability, is impeded by somebody else through no fault of mine! Not content with doing what I have put before you, you will drag my name into notoriety through dragging my sister's—which you are pretty sure to do, if my suspicions have any foundation at all—and the worse you prove to be, the harder it will be for me to detach myself from being associated with you in people's minds."

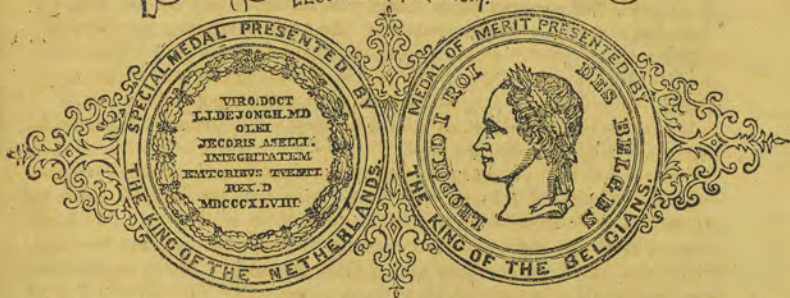
When he had dried his eyes and heaved a sob over his injuries, he began moving towards the door.

"However, I have made up my mind that I will become respectable in the scale of society, and that I will not be dragged down by others. I have done with my sister as well as with you. Since she cares so little for me as to care nothing for undermining my respectability, she shall go her way and I will go mine. My prospects are very good, and I mean to follow them alone. Mr. Headstone, I don't say what you have got upon your conscience, for I don't know. Whatever lies upon it, I hope you will see the justice of keeping wide and clear of me, and will find a consolation in completely exonerating all but yourself. I hope, before many years are out, to succeed the master in my present school, and the mistress being a single woman, though some years older than I am, I might even marry her. If it is any comfort to you to know what plans I may work out by keeping myself strictly respectable in the scale of society, these are the plans at present occurring to me. In conclusion, if you feel a sense of having injured me, and a desire to make some small reparation, I hope you will think how respectable you might have been yourself, and will contemplate your blighted existence."

Was it strange that the wretched man should take this heavily to heart? Perhaps he had taken the boy to heart, first, through some long laborious years; perhaps through the same years he had found his drudgery lightened by communication with a brighter and more apprehensive spirit than his own; perhaps a family resemblance of face and voice between the boy and his sister, smote him hard in the gloom of his fallen state. For whichever reason, or for all, he drooped his devoted head when the boy was gone, and shrank together on the floor, and grovelled there, with the palms of his hands tight-clasping his hot temples, in unutterable misery, and unrelieved by a single tear.

Rogue Riderhood had been busy with the river that day. He had fished with assiduity on the previous evening, but the light was short, and he had fished unsuccessfully. He had fished again that day with better luck, and had carried his fish home to Plashwater Weir Mill Lock-house, in a bundle.

DE JONGH'S
 (KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF
 LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM.)



LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL.

THE invariable purity, palatableness, speedy efficacy, and consequent economy, of this unrivalled preparation, have obtained for it the general approval and unqualified confidence of the Medical Profession, and, notwithstanding the active and in too many instances unscrupulous opposition of interested dealers, an unprecedented amount of public patronage.

The immeasurable therapeutic superiority of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL over every other variety is incontestably established by the recorded opinions of the most distinguished Physicians and Surgeons in all parts of the world.

In numberless instances, where other kinds of Cod Liver Oil had been long and copiously administered with little or no benefit, Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL has produced almost immediate relief, arrested disease, and restored health.

ITS EFFICACY IN GENERAL DEBILITY.

In cases of prostration and emaciation produced by long sickness, by exposure to the deleterious influences of tropical and unhealthy climates, to vicissitudes of temperature, or where extreme heat, excessive labour, fatigue, bad nourishment, and other hardships have caused depressing lassitude and reduced the vital forces, and where life appeared to be even at its lowest ebb, the restorative powers of Dr. DE JONGH'S Oil have been remarkably manifested. By its administration, the natural appetite is revived, and the functions of digestion and assimilation are improved, reanimated, and regulated; and, when its use has been steadily persevered in, its peculiar tonic and nutritive properties have entirely restored health and strength to the most feeble and deteriorated constitutions.

The actual benefit derived is thus described by B. CLARKE, Esq., M.R.C.S., F.L.S., Author of "Notes and Suggestions on Cod Liver Oil and its Uses:"—

"Having myself taken both the Pale and Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil for debility, I am able, from my own experience, to remark upon their effects and comparative usefulness as remedial agents. After the Pale Oil, and all other remedies that I could think of had failed, I tried, merely as a last resort, Dr. DE JONGH'S Light-Brown Oil. I received immediate relief; and its use was the means of my restoration to health. In their sensible properties and chemical constituents the Pale Oil and Dr. DE JONGH'S Light-Brown Oil are distinct medicines; and, from my observation of their mode of action and effects, I must believe that I have seen many patients die both in hospital and private practice, some of them of juvenile years, and others in the prime of life, who in all probability would have been cured if the medical properties of Dr. DE JONGH'S Light-Brown Oil had been known as they are now, and its use prescribed."

[For further Select Medical Opinions see other side.]

CONSUMPTION & DISEASES OF THE CHEST.

The extraordinary virtues of Dr. DE JONGH's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil in Pulmonary Consumption may now be considered as fully established. No remedy so rapidly restores the exhausted strength, improves the nutritive functions, stops or diminishes emaciation, checks the perspiration, quiets the cough and expectoration, or produces a more marked and favourable influence on the local malady.

Dr. WAUDEY, late Physician to the Hereford Infirmary, bears the following high testimony to its efficacy from his own personal experience:—

"I can take Dr. DE JONGH's Oil without difficulty or dislike, and with as little inconvenience as water alone. Not only in my own case, but in many others I have seen, it has caused an improvement of chest symptoms, and an increase of weight, so soon and so lastingly, as to be quite remarkable. I believe Dr. DE JONGH's Oil to be the most valuable remedy we possess for chronic and constitutional disease."

Dr. HITCHMAN, Consulting Physician to the Liverpool Home for Consumption, and Author of "A Manual of Phthisis," observes:

"Having extensively prescribed Dr. DE JONGH's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil for a long series of years in cases of Consumption, I deem it but an act of justice to record my emphatic testimony in favour of its superior merits as a preventive of Emaciation, and generally as an excellent restorative in Debility and Diseases of the Chest."

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

From innumerable medical and scientific opinions of the highest character in commendation of Dr. DE JONGH's LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, the following are selected:—

Sir HENRY MARSH, Bart., M.D.,

Physician in Ordinary to the Queen in Ireland.

"I consider Dr. DE JONGH's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil to be a very pure Oil, not likely to create disgust, and a therapeutic agent of great value."

Dr. LETHEBY,

Medical Officer of Health, and Chief Analyst to the City of London.

"In all cases I have found Dr. DE JONGH's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil possessing the same set of properties, among which the presence of cholalic compounds, and of iodine in a state of organic combination, are the most remarkable. It is, I believe, universally acknowledged that this Oil has great therapeutic power; and from my investigations, I have no doubt of its being a pure and unadulterated article."

Dr. LAWRENCE,

Physician to H.R.H. the Duke of Saxe-Coburg & Gotha.

"I invariably prescribe Dr. DE JONGH's Cod Liver Oil in preference to any other, feeling assured that I am recommending a genuine article, and not a manufactured compound in which the efficacy of this invaluable medicine is destroyed."

Dr. BARLOW,

Senior Physician to Guy's Hospital.

"I have frequently recommended persons consulting me to make use of Dr. DE JONGH's Cod Liver Oil. I have been well satisfied with its effects, and believe it to be a very pure Oil, well fitted for those cases in which the use of that substance is indicated."

Sir JOSEPH OLLIFFE, M.D.,

Physician to the British Embassy at Paris.

"I have frequently prescribed Dr. DE JONGH's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil, and I have every reason to be satisfied with its beneficial and salutary effects."

Dr. LANKESTER, F.R.S.,

Coroner for Central Middlesex.

"I consider that the purity of this Oil is secured in its preparation, by the personal attention of so good a Chemist and intelligent a Physician as Dr. DE JONGH, who has also written the best Medical Treatise on the Oil with which I am acquainted. Hence, I deem the Cod Liver Oil sold under his guarantee to be preferable to any other kind as regards genuineness and medicinal efficacy."

Dr. GRANVILLE, F.R.S.,

Author of the "Spas of Germany."

"Dr. Granville has found that Dr. DE JONGH's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil produces the desired effect in a shorter time than other kinds, and that it does not cause the nausea and indigestion too often consequent on the administration of the pale Oil."

EDWIN CANTON, Esq., F.R.C.S.,

President of the Medical Society of London.

"For several years past I have been in the habit of prescribing Dr. DE JONGH's Light-Brown Cod Liver Oil, and find it to be much more efficacious than other varieties of the same medicine which I have also employed with a view to test their relative superiority."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is sold only in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, 2s. 6d.; Pints, 4s. 9d.; Quarts, 9s.; Capsuled, and labelled with his Stamp and Signature,

WITHOUT WHICH NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE,

By all respectable Chemists and Druggists throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES:

ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., 77, STRAND, LONDON, W.C.

CAUTION.—Beware of unprincipled attempts to substitute inferior or worthless preparations.

DAY & SON, LIMITED.

CAPITAL, £160,000, in 16,000 Shares of £10 each,

DISPOSED OF AS FOLLOWS:—

Fully paid in advance of Calls	5,000	Shares in part of purchase.
Ditto ditto ditto	1,738	„ to public Shareholders.
With £5. 10s. called up - -	3,672	„ to public Shareholders.

ALREADY ISSUED, 10,410 SHARES.

The remaining 5,590 to be now allotted.

TOTAL - 16,000 SHARES.

One Pound per Share to be paid on application, and £2 on allotment; a second payment of £2. 10s. to be payable on Nov. 1, 1865, making £5. 10s. paid up; and it is not expected that any further Call will have to be made, and in any case three months' notice will be given before making any additional Call. Shareholders may pay in one sum the £5. 10s. per Share which it is intended to call up, and remit the amount with the Application for the Shares, and the Guaranteed minimum Dividend will reckon from the date at which the money is paid. They may also pay up the remaining £4. 10s. in full at once, and receive thereon from the date of so doing interest at the rate of Six per Cent. per annum.

The late Proprietors guarantee to the satisfaction of the Directors a minimum Dividend of 10 per cent. per annum on the called-up Capital for Three Years from January 1, 1865.

DIRECTORS.

COLONEL F. B. WARD (late R.A.) Welwyn, Herts; Director of the Hammer-smith and City, and of the Central Wales Extension Railway Companies.

J. W. KAYE, Esq., 59, Lincoln's-Inn-Fields, W.C.

OWEN JONES, Esq., 9, Argyll Place, Regent Street, London.

JOHN ST. LEGER, Esq., Park Hill, Rotherham, and 7, St. James's Place, London.

MR. WILLIAM DAY, Southside, Tufnell Park, N., Managing Director.

BANKERS.—The London and County Bank, 324 and 325, High Holborn, W.C.

SOLICITORS.—MESSRS. LAKE, KENDALL, & LAKE, 10, Lincoln's-Inn, London.

BROKER.—EDWARD HASLEWOOD, Esq., Founders' Court, Lothbury.

AUDITOR.—EDWARD SANDELL, Esq., Public Accountant.

MANAGER OF THE PRINTING BUSINESSES.—MR. JOSEPH DAY.

MANAGER OF THE ARTISTIC PORTION OF THE BUSINESS AND SECRETARY.—MR. J. B. DAY.

PLACES OF BUSINESS.—4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9, Gate Street, Lincoln's-Inn Fields, W.C.;

Twyford's Buildings, W.C.;

German Gallery, 168, New Bond Street, W., London.

The Directors solicit subscriptions for the remaining Share Capital of this Company; in so doing they would simply direct attention to the accompanying Report and Balance-Sheet presented to the Shareholders at the first General Meeting, at which a Dividend at the rate of 10 per Cent. per annum was declared, and a considerable sum carried forward. This result from the actual working of the business, in a dull season, and under the disadvantages incident to the first proceedings under transfer to a Company, fully justifies the most sanguine promises held forth in the original Prospectus.

Prospectuses and Forms of Application for Shares can be obtained at the Offices of the Brokers and Solicitors, or of the Secretary, at 6, Gate Street, Lincoln's-Inn Fields, London, W.C., at which latter place a copy of the Memorandum and Articles of Association can be seen.

Application for the remaining Shares to be made on the following Form:—

TO THE DIRECTORS OF DAY & SON, LIMITED, 6, GATE STREET,
LINCOLN'S-INN FIELDS, LONDON.

GENTLEMEN,—Enclosed herein I forward to you the sum of —, and I hereby request that you will allot me — Shares in Day & Son, Limited, and I hereby agree to accept such Shares, or any less number that may be allotted to me, and to pay or allow in respect of each Share allotted to me the sum of £2 on allotment, and £2. 10s. on the 1st November, 1865, and to pay such calls as may from time to time be made upon the Shares allotted to me; and I agree to become a Member of the Company, and to sign the Articles of Association when required by you; and I request you to place my name upon the Register of Members in respect of the Shares so allotted.

Name in full
Usual Signature
Profession or Occupation
Residence in full
Date

For Report and Balance-Sheet see other side.]

DAY & SON, LIMITED.

REPORT.

Submitted to and approved by the Shareholders at the First Ordinary General Meeting, held at the Offices of the Company, 6, Gate Street, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C., on Friday, July 25th, 1865.

The Directors have the pleasure to submit to the Shareholders at this their first meeting, the accounts for the half-year ending June 30th, in accordance with the promise contained in the Prospectus issued on the formation of the Company.

The Directors are much gratified on being able to point out that the expectations held forth of the profitable nature of the business have been fully justified. The accounts show that, after payment of rent, taxes, salaries, management, and all general charges, and writing off £71. 5s. 5d. from the preliminary expenses, there remains a net profit on the six months' working of £5,441. 0s. 5d., equivalent to nearly 12 per cent. per annum on the present capital of the Company.

Balance profit and loss	£5,441 0 5
To payment of interest on debentures, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum	£100 5 0
To payment of half year's interest on payments in advance of calls at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum	912 18 0
	<u>£1,013 3 0</u>
Available for dividend on the called-up capital of the Company	£4,427 17 5
The Directors recommend the payment of a dividend for the half-year at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, which will absorb	2,895 15 0
Leaving to be carried forward to profit and loss new account	£1,592 2 9

The Directors trust that this result will be satisfactory to the Shareholders; and they would venture to remind them that, in consequence of the unsettled state of the money-market at the time the Company was formed, the capital was not fully subscribed, and there yet remain 5,590 of unallotted shares. The Directors venture to think that an effort should be made by all interested in the undertaking to place those shares, as it cannot be doubted that by so doing the business may be very largely and profitably extended. Even the placing of 2,000 shares would obtain the advantage of quotation on the Stock Exchange, thus rendering the property of the Shareholders at all times marketable.

By order of the Board,

JOHN B. DAY, Secretary.

Dr.

BALANCE-SHEET, 30th June, 1865.

Cr.

DEBTS AND LIABILITIES.		PROPERTY AND ASSETS.	
To capital issued.		By value of freehold land, leaseholds, fixtures, fittings, copper-plate, and lithographic printing presses, steam machinery, patents, stones, drawings, frames, works in progress, paper, publications, goodwill, printing materials, &c.	£97,204 17 9
5,000 fully paid-up shares		By debts due to the Company	16,297 13 11½
in part of purchase	£50,000	By cash at the bankers	£4,298 8 8
6,410 shares—deposit	5,410	By cash in the house	£408 14 3
Allotment on ditto	10,580		4,705 2 11
First call on ditto	13,225	By bills receivable in hand	102 13 0
Received in anticipation of calls	7,921	By preliminary expenses	£1,422 15 5
16,410 shares	£87,136	Less amount written off, half-year, at £10 per cent. per annum	71 5 5
To debenture bonds	5,000		<u>1,351 10 0</u>
	£92,136 0 0		£118,601 17 7½
To due on account of purchase	13,000 0 0		
To due to creditors, including salaries	8,084 17 2½		
	£21,084 17 2½		
To surplus, being profit for the half-year, as per revenue account	5,441 0 0		
	<u>£26,525 17 2½</u>		

REVENUE ACCOUNT for the Half-year ending 30th June, 1865.

1865, January.		1865, June 30.	
To stock at commencement, consisting of stones, drawings, frames, publications, works in progress, paper, materials, &c.	£62,653 7 0	By amount charged for work, &c., completed	£28,641 19 11½
To materials purchased, wages, &c., paid, authorship, photographing, fire insurance, shipping and general charges, advertising, clerks' salaries, trade expenses, &c.	16,887 14 4½	By stock on hand, consisting of stones, drawings, frames, publications, works in progress, paper, materials, &c.	59,858 4 9
To Directors' and Managers' salaries	1,250 0 0	By interest on calls and deposits received	41 16 10
of rent and taxes, balance of	238 14 4		
of proportion of preliminary expenses—half-year, at £10 per cent.	71 5 5		
	£18,373 18 4		
To balance, being profit	£4,151 10 1½		
	<u>£22,524 8 5½</u>		
	£26,525 17 2½		
			£86,542 1 6½

Examined and found correct: E. SANDELL, Auditor, Accountant, 4, Skinners'-place, Sise-lane, E.C.

**DAY AND SON,
LIMITED.**



**LITHOGRAPHERS,
PUBLISHERS.**

**LIST OF WORKS
OR LATELY**

**IN PREPARATION,
PUBLISHED.**

NATIONAL PICTURES.

THE ROYAL MARRIAGE PICTURE.

Mr. George Thomas's Picture of the Marriage of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, in Chromo lithography, 37 by 27, on a mount 47 by 37, £10.10s. Proof copies, £21. Ave Maria. The Holy Virgin, bearing in her arms the infant Saviour. Coloured and illuminated by A. H. Warren. 10s. 6d. [Preparing.]

Chromo-Lithographs.—In preparation, a series of Chromo-lithographs of Oil and Water-colour Pictures, 50

ILLUSTRATED WORKS IN

India, Ancient and Modern.—Dedicated, by Authority, to Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen. Delineated in a series of Water-colour Drawings made on the spot by William Simpson; the literary portion of the work by J. W. Kaye. The work will be published in Parts, Monthly. Each Part will contain six Chromo-lithographic illustrations, full size of the originals, on mounts 18 by 25, in a wrapper, price Two Guineas. Part I. will appear in May. There will be forty-two Parts in all.

India, Ancient and Modern.—The original Water-colour Drawings by Mr. Simpson will be exhibited, daily, at the Gorman Gallery, 135, New Bond-street. Admission, 1s.

Memorial of the Marriage of H.R.H. the Prince of Wales. By W. H. Russell, Esq., LL.D. Price £3. 2s.; or large paper copies, price £10. 10s.

The Atlantic Telegraph Cable, 1865. A History of Submarine Telegraphy. By W. H. Russell, Esq., LL.D., illustrated by Robert Dudley, Esq., dedicated to H.R.H. the Prince of Wales. 21s. [Preparing.]

Madagascar: Twenty-four Views, with Text. By Lieut. S. P. Oliver, R.A. £2. 2s. [Preparing.]

Ti-Ping Tien-Kwo, or the History of the Ti-ping Revolution, including his own Adventures. By an English Ti-ping. One volume, illustrated. Price 21s. [Preparing.]

The Colours of the British Army, comprising the Standards, Guidons, and Flags of every Regiment in Her Majesty's Service. By Robert French M'Nair. In Parts, 5s.

Busy Bees. By George Roberts. Illustrated by G. Walker. [Preparing.]

Voices of Joy and Thanksgiving. With Illustrations by G. E. Boothby. [Preparing.]

Travels and Discoveries in the Levant. By C. T. Newton, M.A. With Illustrations, £2. 2s., two vols., cloth.

The Seven Ionian Islands. By E. Lear. £3. 3s.

RARE WORKS PHOTO-LITHOGRAPHED.

Shakespeare's Works.—Photo-lithographic Fac-simile of the famous first Folio, 1623, produced, by express permission, under the immediate superintendence of Mr. H. Sturanton, from the originals in the Libraries of Brighthelmston House and the British Museum. In sixteen Monthly Parts, 10s. 6d. per Part; or complete, appropriately bound, price £8. 5s.

ARCHITECTURE, ARCHAEOLOGY, ORNAMENTAL ART.

Notes on Architecture and Ornament. By J. B. Waring. Seventy Plates, with Text, 2s. 3d.

A History of the Art of Printing. By H. N. Humphreys. Illustrated by Photo-Lithographic Fac-similes. With Illuminated Plates. [Preparing.]

Byzantine Architecture: a Collection of Monuments of the Earliest Times of Christianity in the East, accompanied by Historical and Archaeological Descriptions. By C. Texier and R. Foyjersell Pailan, F.R.S.B.A. £5. 5s.

History of the Recent Discoveries at Cyrene. By R. M. Smith, R.E., and E. A. Porcher, R.N. £5. 5s.

The Principal Ruins of Asia Minor. By Charles Texier and R. P. Pullan. Fifty Plates, with Text, £1. 4s.

Plant Form for Ornamental Designers and Illuminators. By F. E. Hulme. In Ten Parts, monthly; each Part price 5s.; complete in the Autumn, £2. 10s.

WORKS ON THE STUDY OF ILLUMINATION.

The Art of Illuminating, as practised in Europe from the Earliest Times. Illustrated by Borders, Initial Letters, Alphabets, &c., by W. R. Tymms. With an Essay on the Art and Instructions as to its Practice in the Present Day, by M. Dight Wyatt, Architect.

What Illuminating Was. An Historical Sketch. By M. D. Wyatt and W. R. Tymms. 1s. 6d.

selected as to form ultimately a complete Gallery of the Great Masters of the English School; and to be equally suitable for the Portfolio. The Pictures will be selected from the Studios of the Artists, and from the Galleries of the Leading Collectors of Works of Art. Communications from owners of any books of special merit by living Artists will greatly oblige the Publishers.

Returning from Deer-Stalking: A Portrait of H.R.H. the late Prince Consort. Painted by Carl Haag, by command of the Queen. Proofs, 2s. 5s.; Prints, £3. 2s.

CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHY.

An Excursion in the Peloponnese. By the late Right Hon. Sir Thomas Wyse, K.C.B., LL.D. With Illustrations. Edited by his Niece, W. M. Wyse. Two volumes, £3. 3s.

Glaciers of New Zealand. A Series of Twelve Water-Colour Drawings. By Mr. John Gully. Price £4. 4s.

Views in Ceylon. By Capt. C. O'Brien. 3 Gs. Peaks and Valleys of the Alps. By Elijah Walton; with Text by T. G. Bonney, M.A., F.R.S. £8. 5s.

Victoria Falls of the Zambesi. By Mr. T. Bates. 2s. 10s. 6d., or 4s. 4s. Coloured.

The Kaffir Wars, and the British Settlers in South Africa. Proof Copies, £3. 3s.; Print-ditto, £2. 2s.

The Gorilla and the Dove. By W. H. W. 21s. Scotland Delineated. £3. 3s.

Roberts's Sketches of the Holy Land, Syria, Idumea, Arabia, Egypt, and Nubia.

The Harbours of England. By J. M. W. Turner, R.A. Engraved by Lupton, with Text by J. Ruskin. 21s.

Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress. By J. Nash. Modern English Poets, &c. Illustrative of Etchings by the Junior Stirling Club.

Life of Martin Luther. In Twelve Line Engravings, after Labouchere. With Text by J. H. Merle D'Aubigné, Past, Present, and Future Almanack. 1s. 6d.

The Turf and the Racehorse: the Stud Farm, the Sires and Brood Mares of the Past and Present Day, and How to Breed and Rear the Racehorse. R. H. Coperthwaite. £1. 1s.

"Awake or Dreaming?" A Dog's Story. Written and illustrated by the Brothers Wagtail. [Preparing.]

Memorials of Shakespeare Photo-lithographed. Annotated by H. Staunton, Esq. One Guinea.

Shakespeare's Works.—The chief 4to Editions in Photo-lithography, under the supervision of Mr. H. Staunton. "Much Ado about Nothing" now ready, price 10s. 6d.

The Grammar of Ornament; New and universal edition. By Owen Jones. A Series of Three Thousand Examples, from various Styles, exhibiting the Fundamental Principles which reign in the composition of ornament of every period. One Hundred and Twelve Plates. In Thirty Parts, fortnightly, price 3s. 6d. Part I. April 1. Also Division I, 21s. To be completed in Five Divisions. The complete volumes also ready, £5. 5s.

Examples of Chinese Ornament. By Owen Jones. In Five Parts. Price 21s. each. [Preparing.]

Handbook of Christian Symbolism. By W. and G. Ausley. With Eight Plates, in gold and colours. 12s. 6d.

The Miniatures and Ornaments of Anglo-Saxon and Irish Manuscripts. By J. O. Westwood, M.A., F.R.S., &c. Fifty-one Folio Plates, all fully illuminated.

One Thousand and One Initial Letters. Designed and illuminated by O. Jones. In colours and gold, £3. 10s.

What Illuminating Was: What it Should Be; and How to Practise It. By Wyatt and Tymms. 5s.

What Illuminating Should Be, and How it may be Practised. By Wyatt and Tymms. 1s. 6d.

Emblematic Illumination; or, Forms, Colours, and Emblems suitable for Illuminating Texts of Holy Scripture, in large style. By F. W. E. 4to., price 5s. 6d.

ILLUMINATED WORKS.

- Monograms, Medieval and Modern.** By Henry Lillie. 21s. [Preparing.]
- Scenes from the Winter's Tale.** By Owen Jones and H. Warren. £2. 2s. [Preparing.]
- The History of Joseph and his Brethren.** Illuminated by Owen Jones and Henry Warren. £2. 2s.
- The Golden Calendar.** By W. Severn. £2. 2s.
- The Prisoner of Chillon.** By Lord Byron. Illuminated by W. and G. Audsley. Extra elegant, 4l. 1s.
- The Promises of Jesus Christ.** By Albert H. Warren. Price 15s. cloth; 21s. morocco.
- The Cromlech on Howth: a Poem.** By Samuel Ferguson, Q.C., M.R.L.A. With Illuminations from the Books of Kells and of Durrow, and Drawings from Nature by T. S. With Notes on Celtic Ornamental Art. Revised by George Petrie, LL.D. Size, 4to, handsomely bound, price £2. 2s.
- A Welcome to Her Royal Highness the Princess Alexandra.** By Alfred Tennyson, Esq., D.C.L., &c. &c. Illuminated by Owen Jones. Price 21s. [Audsley.]
- The Sermon on the Mount.** By W. and G.
- Paradise and the Peri.** By Thomas Moore. Illuminated and Illustrated by Owen Jones and Henry Warren. Elegantly bound, £2. 2s.; or call embossed, 2l. 2s.
- Keble's Evening Hymn.** By E. Watton. 21s.
- A Sunday Book.** By Owen Jones. Price 5s.
- The Child: a Poem.** 4to., elegant, price 21s.
- Keble's Morning Hymn.** By B. B. B. 15s.
- Penitential Psalms.** By H. N. Humphreys. 21s.
- The Church's Floral Calendar.** By Emily Cuyler. Thirty eight Illuminated &c. pages.
- Indian Fables from the Sanscrit of the Hitopadesa.** By Florence Jacobm. Price £2. 2s.
- Penses Choies.** Price £2. 2s.
- The May Queen.** By Alfred Tennyson. Illuminated by Mrs. Hartley. Elegantly bound, price 21s.
- Good Night and Good Morning: a Poem.** By the Right Hon. Lord Houghton. With Illuminations and Etchings by Walter Severn. Eq. Size, small 4to., price 12s.

TEXTS FOR ILLUMINATING.

Scripture Texts for Churches, Schools, Parsonages, Dwelling-Houses. By W. and G. Audsley.

- LIST OF TEXTS.
101. I am the Way, the Truth, and the Life.*
 102. Blessed are they that mourn, for they shall be comforted.*
 103. Christ suffered for us, leaving us an example.*
 104. God is our Refuge and Strength.*
 105. Fight the good Fight of Faith.*
 106. Keep yourselves from idols.*
 107. Lay hold on Eternal Life.*
 108. Blessed are the pure in heart.*
 109. He that loveth not, knoweth not God.*
 110. Feed My Sheep.
 111. God is Love.
 112. God is Light.
 113. Rejoice in the Lord alway.*
 114. Blessed are they that mourn, for they shall be comforted.*
 115. Enter ye in at the strait gate.*
 116. Do justly, love mercy, and walk humbly with thy God.*
 117. Blessed are the meek, for they shall inherit the earth.*
 118. Quench not the Spirit.
 119. The blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth from all sin.
 120. Pray without ceasing.
 121. Love not the World.
 122. I am the Bread of Life.*
 123. Grace and Truth came by Jesus Christ.
 124. Add to your Faith Virtue.
 125. Blessed are the Peace-makers.*
- The Outlines are printed on fine drawing card-board; some of the size 9 1/2 in. by 21 in., 2s. each; others, 28 in. by 10 1/2 in., 3s. each. The latter marked * above.

Twenty-five Texts, fully Illuminated, as above, reduced into Cards, price 2s.; these serve as guides for illuminating the large Outlines, or as book-markers, or to fix in albums. Separately at 6d. each.

Emblematic Scrolls: Texts of Holy Scripture Outlined for Illumination. By F. M. R.

PAINTING IN WATER-COLOURS, ETC.

- Painting in Water Colours.** By Penley. £4. 4s.
- Anatomy for Artists.** By John Marshall.
- Sketching from Nature.** By G. Stubbs. 21s.

DIAGRAMS, ETC., FOR SCHOOLS.

- The Government Series of Educational Diagrams, &c.** Prepared for the Department of Science and Art.
- PHYSIOLOGICAL DIAGRAM.** By John Marshall. Life-size, coloured, each 12s. 6d.
- EXPLANATORY KEY TO THE PHYSIOLOGICAL DIAGRAMS.** By John Marshall. 2s.
- ZOOLOGICAL DIAGRAMS.** By R. Patterson. Ten, £2 15s.
- ANIMALS: HOW THEY ARE CLASSIFIED.** By R. Patterson. Fools or 8vo., price 1s.
- BOTANICAL DIAGRAMS.** By the Rev. Professor Henslow. Fully coloured, the Set, £2. 3s. 6d.

PHOTOGRAPHS AND WORKS IN PHOTOGRAPHY.

- Marmor Homericum.** By Baron de Triqueti. Twelve Photographs, with Text. £2. 12s. 6d. [Preparing.]
- Egypt, The Holy Land, Constantinople, Athens, &c.** 48 Photographs, issued by Mr. F. Bedford for H.R.H. the Prince of Wales. With Text, 4to., £2 2s.
- Subscription One Guinea, for Four of the above Photographs:** as follows:—Jerusalem—General View from the Mount of Olives Jerusalem from the Mosque of the Dome of the Rock, from the Governor's House. Jerusalem—View in the Garden of Gethsemane, looking towards the Walls of Jerusalem. Bethany—General View from the East.
- Photographs, Architectural and Picturesque.** By Mr. Bedford. Any Photograph, 6s. Six, 2l. 11s. 6d. Twelve, £3.

1. Fear not, I will help thee.
2. Look unto Me, and be ye saved.
3. My Peace I give unto you.
4. The Lord will provide.
5. Be clothed with Humility.
6. In Calce Quies (in Heaven is Rest).
7. Little Children, love one another. Speak gently. Be patient.
8. Bring forth therefore Fruits meet for Repentance.

- ONE SHILLING AND SIXPENCE EACH.
15. Thine eyes shall see the King in His beauty, &c.
 16. The Day of the Lord cometh: Repent ye.
 17. For Christ—Thou shalt call his name Jesus, for He shall save His people from their sins.
 18. For Epiphany—The Day spring from on High hath visited us.
 19. Whoso confesseth and forsaketh his sins shall have Mercy.
 20. For the transgression of My people was He stricken. Including Photographs, 1. "Good Shepherd." 2. "Ecc Homo."
 21. For Easter—I am the Resurrection and the Life.
 22. For Ascension—I go to prepare a place for you.
 23. For Whitsunday—He will guide you into all truth.
 24. There are Three that bear Record in Heaven: the Father, the Word, and the Holy Ghost; and these Three are One.
 25. My Presence shall go with thee, and I will give thee rest.

- ONE SHILLING AND SIXPENCE EACH.
6. He shall give his Angels charge over thee.
 7. Unto you is born a Saviour, who is Christ the Lord.
 10. I am come that ye might have life.
 14. Christ is risen! Alleluia!

- TWO SHILLINGS EACH.
4. Glory to God in the Highest, on Earth Peace, Goodwill towards men. Including a Photograph of "The Nativity."
 11. Be thou faithful unto Death, and I will give thee a Crown of Life. With Photograph of La Roche's "Christian Martyr."
 26. Orison is the Kingdom of Heaven. With Photograph "L'ADieu."
 27. The Lord's Prayer. By H. S. Baker. 20 by 25, price 6s.
 28. O my people, what have I done, &c. By Miss Horsley. 10 by 22, with Photograph, price 2s.

- The Camel.** By Elijah Walton. Price £4. 4s.
- Sixteen Studies for Students and Teachers.** By Henry Warren. [Preparing.]

- ASTRONOMICAL DIAGRAM.** By J. Du. Rev. Twelve, £3. 6s.
- SIX DIAGRAMS OF THE EXTINCT ANIMALS OF THE ANCIENT WORLD.** By W. W. Hawkins. 4l. 12s.
- 1.—ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION OF THE GLOBE ON THE PLANE OF A GIVEN HORIZON. Price 1s.
- 2.—THE WORLD OF THE ANTIPODES. By R. Abbott. Price 21s. each, coloured, varnished, and mounted on rollers.
- 3.—ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION OF THE GLOBE ON THE PLANE OF A GIVEN HORIZON. Price 1s.
- 4.—A Description of the Human Body: its Structure and Functions. By John Marshall. 250 4to. pages of Text, and 130 Coloured Illustrations. Price 21s.

- Victoria Fountain erected at the expense of Miss Burdett Goutta.** Seven Photographs, in Portfolio £2. 2s.
- Egypt, The Holy Land and Syria, Constantinople, the Mediterranean, Athens, &c.** Taken during the Tour in the East; in which, by command, Mr. F. Bedford accompanied H.R.H. the Prince of Wales. Subscribers may order—
- 1st.—The Entire Series of 172 Photographs in Portfolios, 43 Guineas.
 - 2nd.—Section 1. Egypt—48 Photographs, in Portfolio, £12 12s.
 - 3rd.—Section 2. Holy Land and Syria—76 Photographs, £18 18s.
 - 4th.—Section 3. Constantinople, Mediterranean, Athens, £12 12s.
 - 5th.—Any Twenty Photographs from the entire series, £7 7s.
 - 6th.—A Selection of any Three Photographs, at 7s. each, in Wrapper.
- Photographic Pleasures Popularly Portrayed** with Pen and Pencil. By Cuthbert Bede, B.A. Price 1s.

DAY & SON (Limited), Artistic and Commercial Lithographers and Chromo-lithographers, Printers in Colours by every process, Photo-lithographers, Steel and Copper-plate and Letterpress Printers, Engravers of Bank Notes, Bonds, Certificates, and all other classes of work, Stationers, Bookbinders, Picture Frame Makers, &c. &c. Prize Medal, 1851.—1st Class Medal, France, 1855.—Prize Medal, 1862.—Prize Medal for Publications, 1862.

LITHOGRAPHY AND CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHY, BY STEAM POWER, EXECUTED FOR THE TRADE.
6, GATE STREET, LINCOLN'S INN FIELDS, LONDON, W.C.

Messrs. CHAPMAN and HALL'S
NEW PUBLICATIONS.

1.

ANTHONY TROLLOPE.

COMPLETION OF MR. TROLLOPE'S NEW NOVEL,

Can you Forgive Her?

BY ANTHONY TROLLOPE.

With 40 Illustrations. 2 vols. demy 8vo. 22s.

2.

CHARLES DICKENS.

Our Mutual Friend.

BY CHARLES DICKENS.

With Twenty Illustrations. Vol. I. 11s.

3.

HEPWORTH DIXON.

The Holy Land.

BY WM. HEPWORTH DIXON.

With Illustrations from Original Drawings and Photographs on Steel and Wood.

2 vols. demy 8vo. 24s.

'This is a remarkable and very original book. The author is a shrewd and skilful observer, and a graphic and amusing writer. The familiar incidents of Oriental travel seem novel and piquant as they are successively handled by Mr. Dixon, and he succeeds admirably in combining a multitude of petty details into a connected whole. These volumes will throw a new light on the facts and the accessories of many a scene of Biblical history. The writer has discreetly avoided controversy of every kind, and ranks himself among the believers in the Sacred Story. In many places he reminds us of M. Renan's famous romance; but there is the all-important difference that he accepts the

scriptural narratives without doubt or criticism. His great object seems to have been to throw a new human and modern interest over the familiar details of the Bible. Thus he recasts into modern form many of the scriptural stories (which he is very fond of calling 'idyls'), and adorns them with all those details of place, and colour, and costume, and manners, and customs, which would be found in a narrative of our own day. In this he is generally very successful; and we doubt not that his volumes will become great favourites with many people for Sunday reading, and that, to untravelled students, his descriptions will be highly instructive as well as entertaining.'—*Saturday Review*, May 27th.

4.

T. A. TROLLOPE.

A History of the Commonwealth of Florence.

FROM THE EARLIEST INDEPENDENCE OF THE COMMUNE
TO THE FALL OF THE REPUBLIC IN 1531.

BY THOMAS ADOLPHUS TROLLOPE.

Vols. I. and II. demy 8vo. 30s.

'At a time when the eyes of all Europe are turned on the new capital of the Italian kingdom, no work could be more universally interesting than a History of Florence. Nor would it be possible to find an historian possessing more exceptional qualifications for his task than Mr. Trollope. A residence of twenty years on the scene of his labours, an intimate knowledge of the city and its inhabitants, a choice and full private library of Italian historians, a constant and privileged

access to all the records and archives of the State, combined with a profound political discernment, a true spirit of historical criticism, a large-hearted and intelligent sympathy with all that is great and noble in the Italian character, and last, not least, a delightfully spirited and easy style, unite in enabling the present writer to produce as vivid and finished a picture of the great mediæval republic as can be conceived or desired.'—*Daily News*.

5.

WALTER WHITE.

Eastern England.

From the Thames to the Humber.

BY WALTER WHITE.

2 vols. post 8vo. 18s.

'Volumes like these of Mr. White's are pleasant reading to take up at leisure moments . . . We discover in him great fondness for natural scenery, an intense love of rural life, and a fine power of conjuring up before the reader's eye the main features of a landscape by a few bold

touches. We do not forget that in his "Month in Yorkshire" he has written one of the best books of home travel in our language, and that he has shown Englishmen they need not go abroad in search of beautiful or sublime scenery.'—*London Review*.

6.

ALPHONSE ESQUIROS.

Cornwall and its Coasts.

BY ALPHONSE ESQUIROS,

Author of 'The English at Home.'

Post 8vo. 9s.

7.

CHARLES TOLL BIDWELL, F.R.G.S.

The Isthmus of Panama.

BY CHARLES TOLL BIDWELL, F.R.G.S.,

British Vice-Consul at Panamá.

Demy 8vo. 16s.

8.

EDMUND YATES.

The Business of Pleasure.

BY EDMUND YATES.

2 vols. post 8vo. 21s.

'Written with a light hand, that moves in obedience to an active brain and kindly disposition, Mr. Yates's Essays create laughter that gives no pain; and without any disagreeable affectation of knowingness they yield the

reader a considerable amount of information with regard to trivial matters, concerning which no man of the world likes to be altogether ignorant.'—*Athenæum*.

9.

J. BAILEY DENTON.

The Farm Homesteads of England.

A Collection of Plans of English Homesteads existing in different Districts of the Country, carefully selected from the most approved specimens of Farm Architecture, to illustrate the Accommodation required under various modes of Husbandry; with a Digest of the leading Principles recognised in the Construction and Arrangement of the Buildings.

Edited by J. BAILEY DENTON, M. Inst. C.E., F.G.S.

Second Edition, imperial 4to., with Illustrations, 3l. 3s.

'The magnificent quarto of Mr. Bailey Denton is quite original in conception. . . . We cannot too warmly commend Mr. Bailey Denton's "Farm Homesteads of England" to the attention of landowners, agents, and architects—indeed, of all persons interested in the improvement of landed estates. Those who

may hesitate to build, perplexed by a multiplicity of theoretical "designs," may here see actual and successful precedents of the very form they are seeking, and may gather in one reading what is the present state of our knowledge in every department of the subject"—*Times*.

10.

FREDERIC SAYER, F.R.G.S.

The History of Gibraltar,

AND OF ITS POLITICAL RELATION TO EVENTS IN EUROPE.

With Original Letters from SIR GEORGE ELIOTT, ADMIRAL COLLINGWOOD, and LORD NELSON.

BY FREDERIC SAYER, F.R.G.S.,

Civil Magistrate at Gibraltar.

Demy 8vo. Second Edition, 14s. With Illustrations.

'Gibraltar has sustained no less than fourteen sieges from first to last. . . . Its entire history will be, therefore, attractive to the nation which held it through the most protracted of all of them.'—*Times*.

'Captain Sayer's book will no doubt become the great text-book authority on all things concerning the Rock. He has thoroughly gleaned

the MSS. in the British Museum, and extracted much curious information from them relating to the fortress. It is an impartial and able work; and when the author advances opinions with which we cannot agree, we are bound to say he supports them with such reasons as render them worthy of respect though they fail to convince us.'—*Daily News*.

11.

THOMAS CARLYLE.

COMPLETION OF MR. CARLYLE'S NEW WORK.

History of Frederick the Great.

BY THOMAS CARLYLE.

With Portraits and Maps. In 6 vols. demy 8vo. 6l.

12.

THE REV. ALEXANDER DYCE.

The Works of Shakespeare.

EDITED BY THE REV. ALEXANDER DYCE.

This Edition is not a mere reprint of that which appeared in 1857; on the contrary, it will present a text very materially altered and amended from beginning to end, with a large body of critical Notes, almost entirely new, and with a Glossary, in which the language of the Poet, his allusions to customs, &c., will be fully explained.

A New Edition, to be completed in Eight Volumes. To be published every alternate Month. Vols. I.—VI. now ready. Demy 8vo, 10s. each.

'The best text of Shakespeare which has yet appeared. . . . Mr. Dyce's edition is a great work, worthy of his reputation, and for the present it contains the standard text.'—*Times*.

'We have no space for more than a word of welcome to Mr. Dyce's new and beautifully

printed edition of the Works of Shakespeare. As a critic of Shakespeare, Mr. Dyce combines qualifications which have never before met in one man; and, fearlessly following his own judgment, he is giving us an edition worthy of both editor and poet.'—*Quarterly Review*.

13.

SPENCER HALL, F.S.A.

Documents from Simancas,

RELATING TO THE REIGN OF ELIZABETH, 1558-1568.

Translated from the Spanish of Don TOMAS GONZALEZ; and Edited, with Notes and an Introduction, by SPENCER HALL, F.S.A., Librarian to the Athenæum Club.

Demy 8vo. 7s. 6d.

14.

HATTON TURNOR.

Astra Castra.

EXPERIMENTS AND ADVENTURES IN THE ATMOSPHERE.

BY HATTON TURNOR, of the Prince (consort's Own Rifle Brigade.

In one handsome 4to. Volume, with upwards of 100 Engravings and Photo-zinco-graphic Plates, produced under the superintendence of Colonel Sir HENRY JAMES, R.E.

15.

FRANK SEAFIELD, M.A.

The Literature and Curiosities of Dreams.

A commonplace Book of Speculations concerning the mystery of Dreams and Visions, Records of curious and well-authenticated Dreams, and notes on the various modes of interpretation adopted in ancient and modern times.

BY FRANK SEAFIELD, M.A.

Two Volumes, post 8vo, toned paper, 24s.

16.

RALPH N. WORNUM.

The Epochs of Painting:

A BIOGRAPHICAL AND CRITICAL ESSAY ON PAINTING AND PAINTERS OF ALL TIMES AND MANY PLACES.

BY RALPH NICHOLSON WORNUM,

Keeper and Secretary, National Gallery. With numerous Illustrations, demy 8vo, 20s.

17.

HENRY MORLEY.

English Writers.

THE WRITERS BEFORE CHAUCER. BY HENRY MORLEY.

Demy 8vo, 22s.

18.

ELIZABETH BARRETT BROWNING.

Elizabeth Barrett Browning's Poetical Works.

Including 'Aurora Leigh.' Sixth Edition, in Four Volumes, with Portrait. Fcap. 8vo. 24s.
AURORA LEIGH; a Poem. In Nine Books. Sixth Edition, with Portrait of Mrs. Browning.
1 vol. fcap. cloth, 7s.
LAST POEMS. Second Edition. 1 vol. crown 8vo. 6s.
POEMS BEFORE CONGRESS. Crown 8vo. cloth, 4s.
THE GREEK CHRISTIAN POETS, AND THE ENGLISH POETS. Fcap. 8vo. cl. 5s.

19.

ROBERT BROWNING.

Robert Browning's Poetical Works.

Vol. I. 'Lyrics, Romances, Men and Women.'
Vol. II. 'Tragedies, and other Plays.'
Vol. III. 'Paracelsus, Christmas Eve and Easter-Day, and Sordello.'
A New Edition, with Portrait. 3 Volumes. Fcap. 8vo. 22s. 6d.

20.

OWEN MEREDITH.

Owen Meredith's Poetical Works.

A collated Edition will be published in September.

21.

NEW VOLUME OF POEMS.

Leon de Beaumanoir; or, the Twin-born.

BY ÆMELIA JULIA, Author of 'Cecilia Metella.'

22.

HENRY TAYLOR, D.C.L.

Henry Taylor's Poems.

Complete Edition in 3 Volumes. Fcap. 8vo. 16s.

MR. CHARLES DICKENS'S WORKS.

THE ILLUSTRATED LIBRARY EDITION,

Beautifully printed in Post Octavo, and carefully revised by the Author. With the Original Illustrations.

PICKWICK PAPERS	43 Illustrations	2 vols. 15s.
NICHOLAS NICKLEBY	39 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT	40 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
OLD CURIOSITY SHOP	36 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
BARNABY RUDGE	36 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
SKETCHES BY BOZ	39 ditto	1 vol. 7s. 6d.
OLIVER TWIST	24 ditto	1 vol. 7s. 6d.
DOMBEY AND SON	39 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
DAVID COPPERFIELD	40 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
PICTURES FROM ITALY and AMERICAN NOTES	8 ditto	1 vol. 7s. 6d.
BLEAK HOUSE	40 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
LITTLE DORRIT	40 ditto	2 vols. 15s.
CHRISTMAS BOOKS	17 ditto	1 vol. 7s. 6d.
A TALE OF TWO CITIES	16 ditto	1 vol. 7s. 6d.
GREAT EXPECTATIONS... ..	8 ditto	1 vol. 7s. 6d.

THE PEOPLE'S EDITION OF THE WORKS OF MR. CHARLES DICKENS.

Now Publishing in Monthly Volumes, price 2s., with Frontispiece.

Already Published.

PICKWICK PAPERS, in 2 Volumes.	NICHOLAS NICKLEBY, in 2 Volumes.
OLIVER TWIST, in 1 Volume.	DOMBEY AND SON, Vol. I. [Aug. 30th.

MR. THOMAS CARLYLE'S WORKS.

HISTORY OF FRIEDRICH THE SECOND, called FREDERICK THE GREAT. By THOMAS CARLYLE. With Portraits and Maps. Third Edition. 6 vols. 20s. each.

UNIFORM EDITION.

Handsomely printed in Crown Octavo, price 6s. per volume.

THE FRENCH REVOLUTION: a History. In 2 Volumes.	12s.
OLIVER CROMWELL'S LETTERS AND SPEECHES. With Elucidations and Connecting Narrative. In 3 Volumes.	18s.
LIFE OF JOHN STERLING.	} 1 Volume. 6s.
LIFE OF SCHILLER.	
CRITICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS ESSAYS. In 4 Volumes.	24s.
SARTOR RESARTUS.	} 1 Volume. 6s.
HERO WORSHIP.	
LATTER-DAY PAMPHLETS.	1 Volume. 6s.
CHARTISM.	} 1 Volume. 6s.
PAST AND PRESENT.	
TRANSLATIONS OF GERMAN ROMANCE.	1 Volume. 6s.
WILHELM MEISTER. By GÖTTE. A Translation. In 2 Volumes.	12s.

Sets, in 16 Volumes, crown 8vo., cloth, 4l. 16s.

CHAPMAN & HALL, 193 PICCADILLY.

NEW NOVELS.

1.
THE SPANISH MATCH. By WILLIAM HARRISON
AINSWORTH. 3 vols. (The Second Edition in a few days.)

2.
STRATHMORE. By OUIDA. 3 vols.

3.
THE LOST MANUSCRIPT. By HERR FREYTAG,
Author of 'Debit and Credit.' Translated by Mrs. MALCOLM. 3 vols.

4.
NEVER FORGOTTEN. By PERCY FITZGERALD.
3 vols.

5.
ON GUARD. By Miss THOMAS, Author of 'Denis
Donne.' 3 vols.

6.
CYRIL BLOUNT; or, Trust Money. By the Author
of 'Recommended to Mercy.' 3 vols.

7.
LANGLEYHAUGH: a Tale of an Anglo-Saxon Family.
2 vols. post 8vo.

8.
MISS MACKENZIE. By ANTHONY TROLLOPE. 2 vols.

9.
THE WOMAN I LOVED AND THE WOMAN
WHO LOVED ME. By the Author of 'Agnes Tremorne.' 1 vol.

10.
MILES BULLER; or, THE LITTLE WORLD OF ONNIE-
GATE. 3 vols.

CHAPMAN & HALL, 193 PICCADILLY.

MAPPIN, WEBB & CO.'S TRAVELLING & DRESSING BAGS & CASES,

Fitted with their unrivalled Cutlery and every Article of luxury and convenience of the first quality

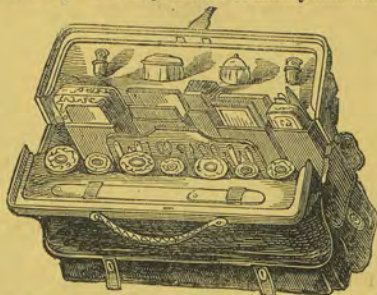
CELEBRATED

£2 2 0

FOR GENTLEMEN.

Waterproof Leather,

Containing 14 most useful
requisites.



THE WELL KNOWN

£1 10 0

FOR LADIES.

French Morocco,

Containing 13 most useful
Toilet requisites.

Registered.	Best Enamel Leather (Waterproof "Oxford" Bag, fitted with most complete Writing and Dressing fittings of the first quality	£11 0 0
	Ladies' Morocco Leather Ditto	11 0 6
	Ladies' Morocco Leather Dressing Bag with solid Silver fittings complete ..	7 0 0
	Ladies' Walnut Wood Dressing Case complete with solid Silver fittings	8 8 0
	Ladies' Coromandel Wood Brass Bound Dressing Case with solid Silver fittings complete	10 10 0
	Ladies' Hand Bags with outside pocket from	0 10 6

Gentlemen's Leather Dressing Cases from	£0 10 6
Handsome Leather Despatch Box completely fitted with cutlery and writing materials	2 2 0
Russia Leather Despatch Box complete with three porcelain slates, cutlery and writing materials	3 15 0
Purses in great variety from	0 1 0
Also the celebrated Seal skin Purse	0 13 6
Ladies' Work Cases handsomely fitted ..	0 15 6
Envelope Case, Blotter, Inkstand and Bookstand complete, in every variety, the set	4 10 0
Students' Cases from	0 6 6

VOLUNTEER PRIZES, WEDDING, BIRTHDAY & CHRISTENING PRESENTS,

Manufactured by MAPPIN, WEBB & CO.,

From 10s. to Fifty Guineas, always in Stock.



In Silver..	1 Pint, 20s. £5 5s.	½ Pint, 27s. £5	3 Pints, £7 5s. £21	½ Pint, 40s. £5 5s.	½ Pints, 36s. £4 15s.
-------------	---------------------	-----------------	---------------------	---------------------	-----------------------

Yachting, Rowing, Coursing and Rifle Shooting Prizes, in Silver and Electro-Silver,

A VAST SELECTION OF MOST ELEGANT DESIGN AND BEAUTIFUL FINISH. ALSO GALLERIES OF

GILT BRONZE AND MARBLE CLOCKS

of the Newest Design, the Movements of which are expressly manufactured for them.

Handsome Gilt Drawing Room Timepiece, complete with Shade and Stand	£1 17 6
Dining Room and Library Clocks in wood cases, commencing at	1 1 0
Lever Carriage Clocks	2 5 0

A large selection of Bronze Figures, Candelabras, Ormolu and Porcelain Candelabra, &c., &c.

MAPPIN, WEBB & CO.,

LONDON,

77 & 78, OXFORD STREET, WEST END; 71 & 72, CORNHILL, CITY

Manufactory, THE ROYAL CUTLERY WORKS, SHEFFIELD.

AND AT PARIS, BRUSSELS, NAPLES AND FLORENCE.

MAPPIN, WEBB & CO.,

77 & 78, OXFORD-ST.; & 71 & 72, CORNHILL.



ELECTRO-SILVER PLATE.

Guaranteed Quality.	Plain Pattern.	Thread Pattern.	Ornamental Pattern.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Table spoons or forks, per doz.	1 7 0	2 14 0	2 16 0
Dessert spoons or forks "	1 1 0	2 0 0	2 0 0
Tea spoons, per doz.	0 10 6	1 4 0	1 4 0
Side dishes and covers, per set	8 10 0	10 0 0	16 0 0
Dish covers, per set of four ..	10 0 0	12 0 0	16 0 0
Fish carvers & forks, in cases.	0 13 6	1 5 0	2 5 0
12 pairs dessert knives & forks	3 10 0	5 0 0	5 10 0
12 fish eating knives, in cases	1 18 0	2 16 0	3 0 0
Tea & Coffee services, per set.	4 16 0	7 0 0	9 10 0
Cruet frames, 4, 5 and 6 bottle	1 15 0	2 15 0	3 12 6
Bed-room candlesticks, each...	0 10 0	0 14 0	0 18 6
Toast racks, each	0 11 0	0 14 0	1 2 0
Salvers in all sizes, each...	1 4 0	1 16 0	2 18 0
Butter coolers, every variety.	1 0 0	1 12 0	2 10 0

CANTEENS AND PLATE CHESTS.

MAPPIN, WEBB & CO., Manufacturing Silver Smiths, Cutlers, &c., have a large assortment of compact and convenient CANTEENS, from £5 5s. fitted with their unrivalled manufactures.

	£ s. d.
12 Table forks.....	1 16 0
12 Dessert „.....	1 7 0
6 Table spoons.....	0 18 0
12 Dessert „.....	1 7 0
2 Tea „.....	0 16 0
4 each, salt & egg „.....	0 13 4
1 Mustard „.....	0 1 8
1 Pair sugar tongs.....	0 3 6
1 Gravy spoon.....	0 7 0
1 Butter knife.....	0 3 6
1 Soup ladle.....	0 8 0
1 Gravy spoon.....	0 7 0
2 Sauce ladles.....	0 8 0
1 Fish carver and fork.....	0 12 6
12 Table knives.....	1 0 0
12 Cheese knives.....	0 15 0
2 Pair carvers.....	0 14 6
1 Steel.....	0 2 0
Oak chest.....	1 5 0

IVORY HANDLE TABLE KNIVES.

WARRANTED.

Blades secured to Handles, Best quality only.	Table Knives.	Cheese Knives.	Carvers.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
3½ in. balance ivory, per doz.	11 0	9 0	3 6
3½ in. „ better ivory.....	13 0	10 0	4 6
3½ in. „ white.....	15 0	12 6	6 0
4 in. strong „.....	20 8	15 0	7 0
4 in. „.....	25 0	18 0	9 0
4 in. full strength.....	34 0	24 0	10 6
Round handles, silver ferrules.....	40 0	30 0	13 0
Electro-plated handles, any pattern....	25 0	22 0	8 6

Smaller quantities can be had at the above rate of prices which are the same as at the Manufactory, ROYAL CUTLERY WORKS, Sheffield.
Every Article, exchanged if not approved.

Complete £13 4 6

FURNISHING IRONMONGERY.

The Show Rooms of Furnishing Ironmongery are replete with a large selection of

DRAWING & DINING-ROOM FENDERS & BEST STEEL FIRE IRONS.

Shower, Sponging, Hip and Open Baths.

ORNAMENTAL TOILET SETS.

AND EVERY REQUISITE FOR HOUSE FURNISHING.

Estimates, List of Prices, and costly Illustrated Catalogues forwarded on application, free.

Every Article warranted, and exchanged if not approved.

MAPPIN, WEBB & CO.,

77 & 78, OXFORD STREET, WEST END;
71 & 72, CORNHILL, CITY.

Manufactory, THE ROYAL CUTLERY WORKS, SHEFFIELD.

CLOSE OF THE SEASON.

ALL SUMMER STOCK at GREATLY
REDUCED PRICES.

ODD DRESS LENGTHS OF WIDE FRENCH FANCY SILKS

Reduced to 2s. 6d. per Yard.

WIDE FRENCH GLACÉ SILKS,

All NEW COLOURS, at 3s. 9d. per Yard; usual price 5s. 10d. per Yard.

BEST FRENCH FOULARDS

At 28s. 6d. Full Dress.

RICH SILK ROBES, MADE SKIRTS, MADE-UP SUITS

For Travelling and Seaside Wear, will all be sold out at greatly Reduced Prices.

PATTERNS FORWARDED FREE.

FRENCH ORGANDIE MUSLINS.

Several Hundred Pieces, New Goods, reduced to 8½d. per Yard, best quality;
and the finest goods manufactured at 1s. 0½d. per Yard.

BEST FRENCH GRENADINES

At 8½d. per Yard.

PATTERNS FORWARDED FREE.

REAL SEALSKIN JACKETS.

A Manufacturer's Stock of these Fashionable Garments, at 5¼ Guineas each, best quality.
FIVE HUNDRED to select from.

Best Waterproof Tweed Mantles, with Sleeves, at One Guinea.

The STOCK of SILK & LACE MANTLES at HALF PRICE in consequence
of the advanced state of the season.

GRANT & GASK,

58, 59, 60, 61, 62, Oxford St.; & 3, 4, 5, Wells St.,
LONDON.

The Furnishing of Bed-rooms.

HEAL and SON having observed for some time that it would be advantageous to their customers to see a much larger selection of Bed-room Furniture than is usually displayed, and that to judge properly of the style and effect of the different descriptions of Furniture, it is necessary that each description should be placed in separate rooms, have erected large and additional Show Rooms, by which they will be enabled not only to extend their show of Iron, Brass, and Wood Bedsteads, and Bed-room Furniture, beyond what they believe has ever been attempted; but also to provide several small rooms for the purpose of keeping complete suites of Bed-room Furniture in the different styles.

Japanned Deal Goods may be seen in complete suites of five or six different colours, some of them light and ornamental, and others of a plainer description. Suites of Stained Deal Gothic Furniture, Polished Deal, Oak, and Walnut, are also set apart in separate rooms, so that customers are able to see the effect as it would appear in their own rooms. A Suite of very superior Gothic Oak Furniture will generally be kept in stock, and from time to time new and select Furniture in various woods will be added.

Bed Furnitures are fitted to the Bedsteads in large numbers, so that a complete assortment may be seen, and the effect of any particular pattern ascertained as it would appear on the Bedstead.

A very large stock of Bedding (HEAL and SON'S original trade) is placed on the BEDSTEADS.

The stock of Mahogany Goods for the better Bed-rooms, and Japanned Goods for plain and Servants' use, is very greatly increased. The entire Stock is arranged in eight rooms, six galleries, each 120 feet long, and two large ground floors, the whole forming as complete an assortment of Bed-room Furniture as they think can possibly be desired.

Every attention is paid to the manufacture of the Cabinet work; and they have just erected large Workshops on the premises for this purpose, that the manufacture may be under their own immediate care.

Their Bedding trade receives their constant and personal attention, every article being made on the premises.

They particularly call attention to their New Spring Mattrass, the *Sommier Elastique Portatif*. It is portable, durable, and elastic, and lower in price than the old Spring Mattrass.

HEAL AND SON'S

Illustrated Catalogue of Bedsteads, Bedding, and Bed-room Furniture sent Free by Post.

196, 197, 198 TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD, LONDON.