SUSTAINABLE LIVING

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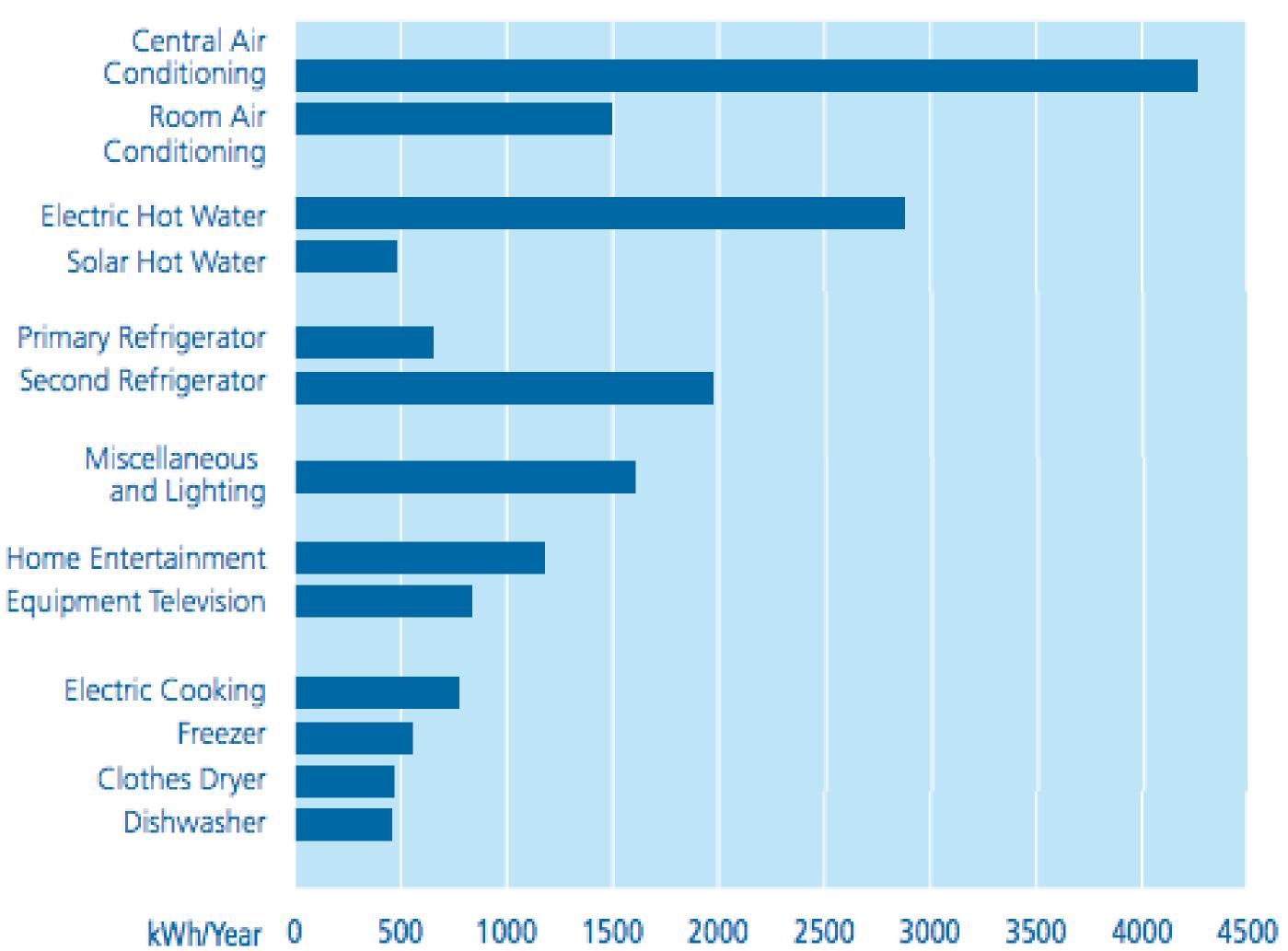




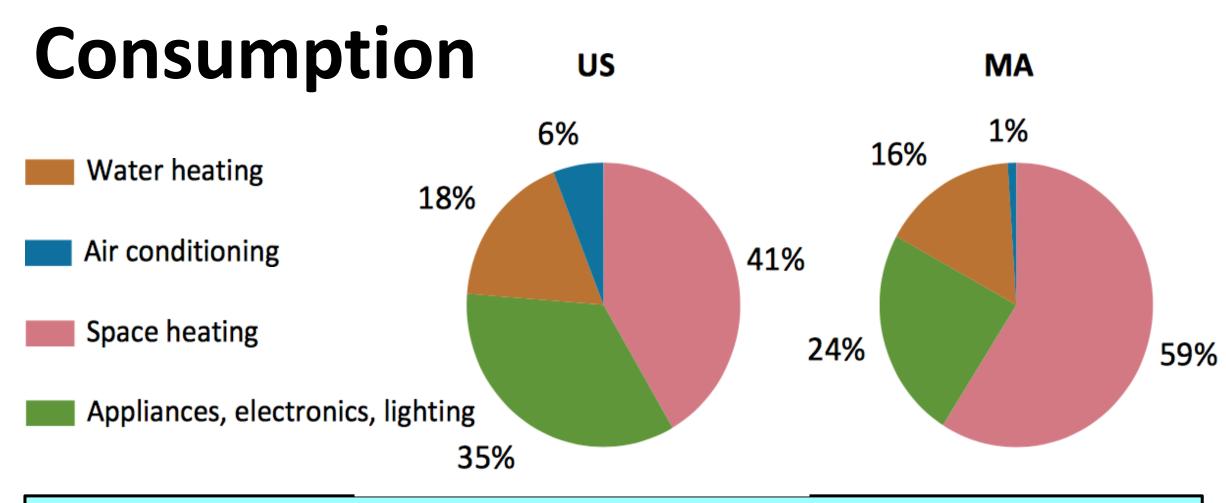
SHOW THE WASTER TO WASTER

The average homeowner in Massachusetts spends \$2,500 a year for energy needs, whether is be in heating, lighting, or electrical appliances^[3]. There are common technologies that can reduce the home's total energy output and cost. Our goal is to inform homeowners of these technologies that will save money and reduce output, as well as finding new technologies to reduce a home's individual carbon emission.

Annual Energy Use for Family of Four



Energy





\$90 to \$180 a year for **lighting** Incandescent – common, not energy efficient LEDs – 50x lifespan, 1/7 amount of energy [7]

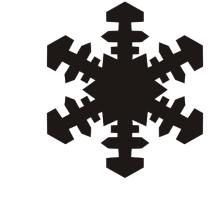
August 7, 2010 with Post-Render Work - Oliver A



Fiberglass – classic pink **insulation**, made of silica Mineral wool – made of recycled industrial waste, 60% more recycled content [8]



\$1,400 a year to **heat** house Natural gas – common Geothermal – 100% greater efficiency [3], \$10,000 more to install ^[4]



Thermal energy storage (TES) – freeze water during off peak hours and ice melts when needed, cooling the building ^[5]



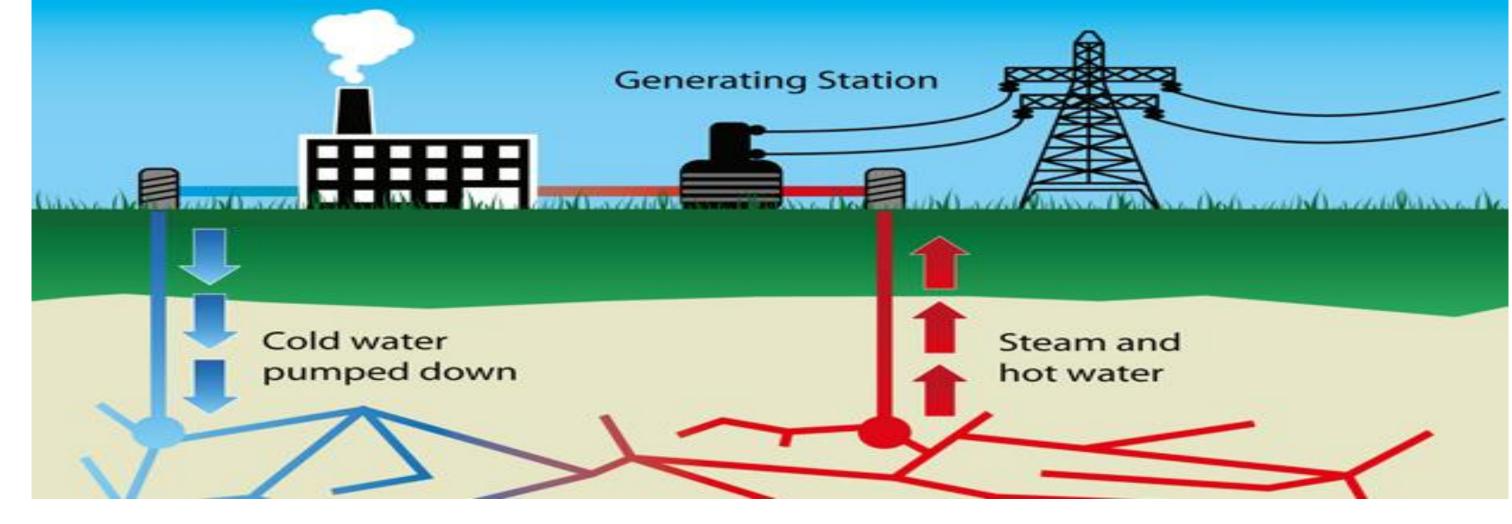
300 loads of **laundry** a year Average washer – 350 kWh per year ENERGY STAR washers – 25% less energy [10]

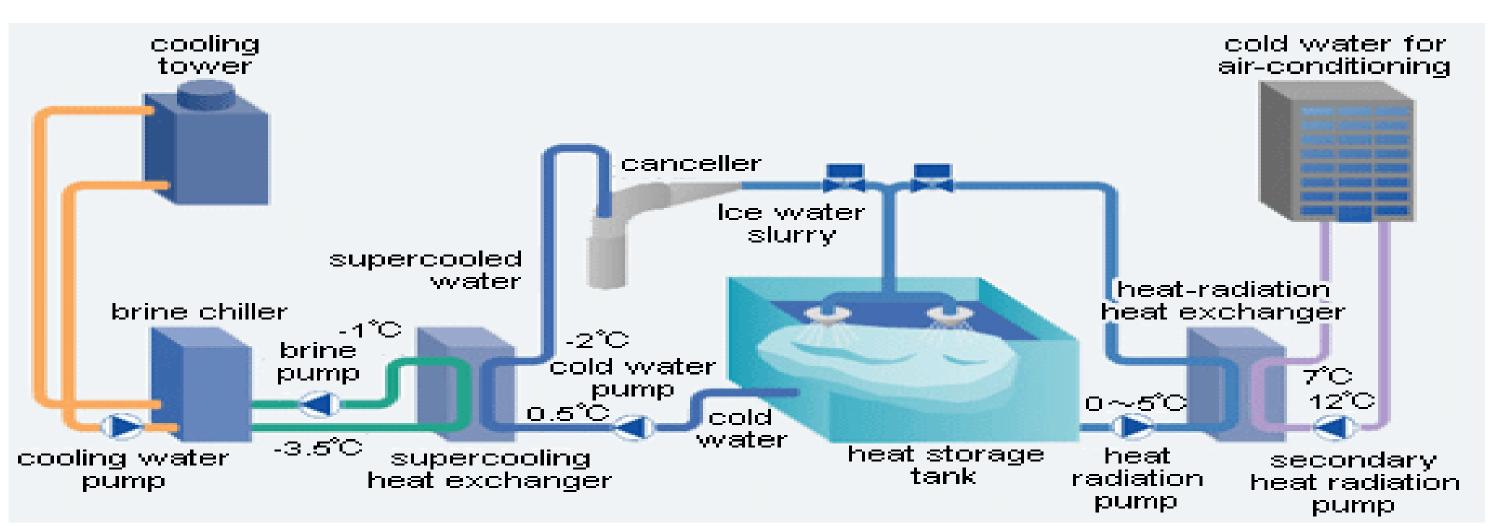
1980 refrigerator – 1400 kWh per year ENERGY STAR refrigerators – 75% less energy [9]



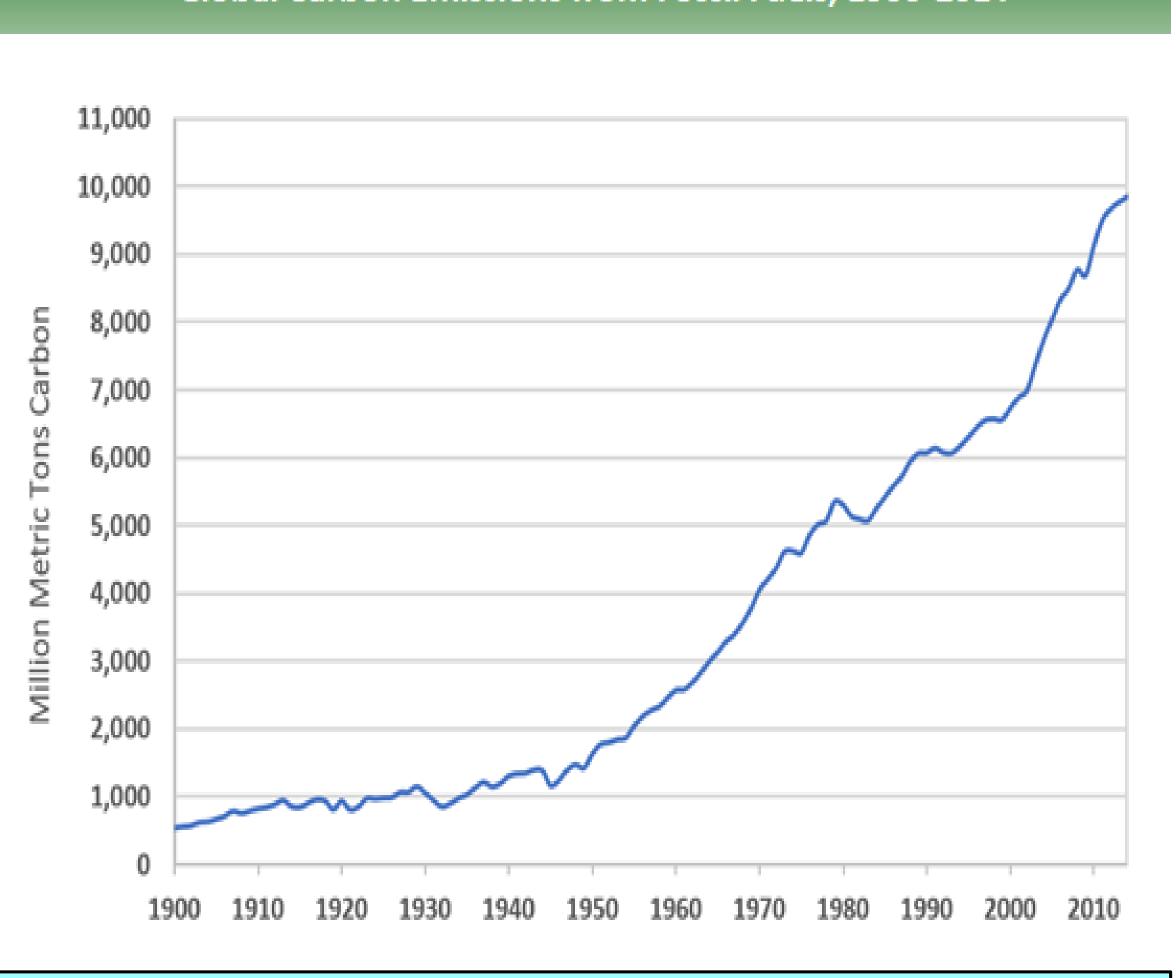
ENERGY STAR:

- Approved by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
- Must pass a strict criteria [1]
 - Washing machine > 280 kWh per year [12]
 - Refrigerator > 508 kWh per year [13]
- More expensive
- Can earn you tax credit 10% of the initial cost [2]





Global Carbon Emissions from Fossil Fuels, 1900-2014



A carbon footprint is the theoretical amount of greenhouse gasses emitted due to the energy use of a particular person, group, or object. A carbon footprint is a good measure of environmental stability and has increased by 90% in the past 40 years posing an environmental risk [11].

Resources:

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